

#### PHASE TWO ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT

## 506243 HIGHWAY 89, PRIMROSE, ONTARIO

DELTINI (PRIMROSE) INC.

PROJECT NO.: 191-08696-00 DATE: JULY 2019

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July 26, 2019

Marika Zigon Deltini (Primrose) Inc. 1350 Shawson Drive Mississauga, Ontario L4W 1C5

Dear Ms. Zigon,

WSP is pleased to present our Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment report for the abovenoted property. This Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment was generally completed in accordance with Ontario Regulation 153/04, as amended. The report describes the interpreted environmental conditions at the property and provides conclusions for your consideration.

We trust that this information is sufficient for your current needs. If you have any questions or require further information, please contact us.

Kind regards,

Jay Dolan, P.Eng. Senior Project Engineer, Environment

WSP ref.: 191-08696-00

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY0
2	INTRODUCTION3
2.1	Site Description3
2.2	Property Ownership3
2.3	Current and Proposed Future Uses4
2.4	Applicable Site Condition Standard4
3	BACKGROUND INFORMATION5
3.1	Physical Setting5
3.2	Past Assessments and Investigations5
4	SCOPE OF INVESTIGATION7
<b>4.1</b> 4.1.1	Overview of Site Investigation
4.2	Media Investigated 8
4.3	Phase One Conceptual Site Model8
4.4	Deviations from the sampling and analysis plan9
4.5	Impediments9
5	INVESTIGATION METHOD10
5.1	General10
5.2	Drilling10
<b>5.3</b> 5.3.1 5.3.2	Soil Sampling
<b>5.4</b> 5.4.1 5.4.2 5.4.3	Groundwater
5.5	Sediment Sampling12
5.6	Analytical Testing12
<b>5.7</b>	Residue Management Procedures13



5.8	Elevation Survey	13
5.9	Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) Measures	14
6	RESULTS REVIEW AND EVALUATION	16
6.1	Geology/Soil Stratigraphy	16
6.2	Hydrogeology	16
6.2.1	Elevations and Flow Direction	16
6.2.2	Hydraulic Gradients	16
6.3	Results of Analysis	17
6.3.1	Soil Texture Analysis	17
6.3.2	Field Screening	17
6.3.3	Soil Chemical Quality	17
6.3.4	Soil - Metals and Other Regulated Parameters (ORP)	17
6.3.5	Soil - ALIPHATIC Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHC)	18
6.3.6	Soil - Volatile Organic Compounds	
6.3.7	Groundwater Chemical Quality	
6.3.8	Groundwater - Metals and Other Regulated Parameters (	
6.3.9	Groundwater - Petroleum Hydrocarbons	
6.3.10	Groundwater- Volatile Organic Compounds	
6.3.11	Sediment Quality	19
6.4	Quality Assurance and Quality Control Results	19
6.5	Phase Two Conceptual Site Model	20
7	SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS	. 25
7.1	Qualifier	26
7.2	Qualifications of the Assessors	26
8	REFERENCES	. 28



#### **TABLES** (WITHIN BODY OF REPORT) TABLE 1.1 PHASE ONE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT - PCS SUMMARY......0 SUMMARY OF METALS AND ORP TABLE 2 TABLE 1.2 ICC SCS EXCEEDANCES IN GROUNDWATER ......17 TABLE 2.1 PROPERTY INFORMATION ......3 PROPERTY OWNERSHIP INFORMATION......3 TABLE 2.2 TABLE 3.1 SUMMARY OF PHYSICAL SETTING ......5 TABLE 4.1 LIST OF STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES USED IN FIELD INVESTIGATION.....8 TABLE 5.1 SUMMARY OF DRILLING DETAILS.....10 **TABLE 5.2** SUMMARY OF FIELD SCREENING INFORMATION ......11 SUMMARY OF RESIDUE MANAGEMENT **TABLE 5.3** PROCEDURES......13 **TABLE 5.4 OUALITY ASSURANCE AND OUALITY** CONTROL MEASURES......14 TABLE 6.1 SOIL TEXTURE ANALYSIS......17 SUMMARY OF METALS AND ORP TABLE 2 **TABLE 7.1** ICC SCS EXCEEDANCES IN GROUNDWATER ......25



### **TABLES** (APPENDED TO REPORT)

Table 1	Monitoring Well Installation and Groundwater Levels
Table 2	Summary of Soil Samples Submitted for Chemical Analysis
Table 3	Summary of Groundwater Samples Submitted for Chemical Analysis
Table 4	Soil Analytical Results - Metals and ORPs
Table 5	Soil Analytical Results - PHCs and BTEX
Table 6	Soil Analytical Results - VOCs
Table 7	Groundwater Analytical Results - Metals and ORPs
Table 8	Gruundwater Analytical Results - PHCs and BTEX
Table 9	Groundwater Analytical Results - VOCs
Table 10	Summary of Maximum Concentrations in Soil
Table 11	Summary of Maximum Concentrations in Groundwater

### **FIGURES** (APPENDED TO REPORT)

Figure 1	Phase Two Property Location
Figure 2	Phase One Conceptual Site Model
Figure 3	Borehole Location Plan
Figure 4	Groundwater Contour Map
Figure 5	Summary of Chemical Analysis in Soil
Figure 6	Summary of Chemical Analysis in Groundwater

#### **APPENDICES**

Е

Α	LEGAL SURVEY
В	SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN
С	BOREHOLE LOGS
D	CERTIFICATES OF ANALYSIS
D-1	Soil
D-2	Groundwater

**CSM TRANSPORT DIAGRAMS** 

## ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

μm micrometre(s)

APEC area(s) of potential environmental concern as defined in O. Reg. 153/04, "the area on, in or under a

phase one property where one or more contaminants are potentially present, as determined through the phase one environmental site assessment, including through (a) identification of past or present uses on, in or under the phase one property, and (b) identification of potentially

contaminating activity"

As arsenic

B-HWS boron (hot water soluble)

BTEX benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

CALA Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation

Cl- chlorine CN- cyanide

Cr (VI) hexavalent chromium
CSM conceptual site model

DNAPL dense non-aqueous phase liquid(s)

EC electrical conductivity

ESA environmental site assessment

ha hectare(s)
Hg mercury

ICC Industrial/Commercial/Community

km kilometre(s)

L litre(s)

LNAPL light non-aqueous phase liquid(s)

m metre(s)

masl metres above sea level

mbgss metres below ground surface

MDL method detection limit

MNRF Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry

MECP Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change

N/S Not Specified

Na sodium

O. Reg. 153/04 Ontario Regulation 153/04, as amended
O. Reg. 347 Ontario Regulation 347, as amended

O. Reg. 903 Ontario Regulation 903, as amended

ORPs other regulated parameter

PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon

PCA potentially contaminating activity as defined in O. Reg. 153/04, "a use or activity set out in Column

A of Table 2 of Schedule D that is occurring or has occurred in a Phase One study area"

PCB polychlorinated biphenyl

PCOC potential contaminant(s) of concern

PHC petroleum hydrocarbon
PID photoionization detector

PIN property identification number

ppm parts per million
QA quality assurance
QC quality control

QPESA Qualified Person for ESAs according to MECP O. Reg. 153/04

RA Risk Assessment

RDL reporting detection limit

RPI Residential/Parkland/Institution

RPIICC Residential/Parkland/Institution/Industrial/Commercial/Community

RSC Record of Site Condition

SAP Sampling and Analysis Plan

SAR sodium adsorption ratio

Sb antimony Se selenium

SOP standard operating procedure(s)

SCS Site Condition Standard

THM trihalomethane

TOV total organic vapours
UST underground storage tank

VOC volatile organic compound

## 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

WSP was retained by Ms. Marika Zigon on behalf of Deltini (Primose) Inc. to conduct a Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of 506243 Highway 89 in the Town of Primrose, Ontario (hereafter referred to as the "Phase Two Property" or "Site"). It is our understanding that this Phase Two ESA was undertaken to assess soil and groundwater conditions prior to a property transaction, and that a Record of Site Condition (RSC) for the Phase Two Property is not required at this time.

The rectangular-shaped Site is located on the north side of Highway 89 in a primarily commercial and agricultural area in the Town of Primrose, Township of Mulmur, Ontario. The Phase Two Property currently contains a business known as "Shelburne Motel" and occupies a total surface area of approximately 0.95 ha (2.35 acres).

Based on a Phase One ESA completed by WSP in July 2019, the Phase Two Property is considered to have one Areas of Potential Environmental Concern (APEC) due to the potentially contaminating activities (PCAs) shown in Table 1.1 below:

#### Table 1.1 Phase One Environmental Assessment - PCA Summary

#### PCAs DESCRIPTION

PCA No. 28 (O. Reg. 153/04) Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks <u>Phase One Study Area</u> – One (1) above ground storage tank was observed on the property abutting the north Site boundary. This tank was likely used to store fuel for agricultural equipment such as tractors. Due to this PCA being located to the north of the Site, and due the assumed groundwater direction flowing to the northwest, this PCA in WSP's opinion does not contribute to an APEC.

<u>Phase One Study Area –</u> A property east of the Site (506255 Highway 89) contained a now-demolished Petro Canada Gas Bar. A gravel patch and groundwater monitoring well currently remain on the property, possibly indicating that the tanks have been removed. Three (3) gasoline tanks with capacities of 50,000L and one (1) diesel tank with a capacity of 25,000L were reported to have been installed in 2007. Four (4) single wall USTs had previously been removed from this location; three (3) of which had capacities of 35,000L with the remaining tank having a capacity of 22,700L. These former single-wall USTs had been installed between 1983 and 1989. This PCA contributes to APEC-1 due to the environmental risk presented by leaking fuel tanks and piping, and due to the close proximity of this PCA to the Phase One Property.

PCA No. 58 (O. Reg. 153/04)
Waste Disposal and Waste
Management, including thermal
treatment, landfilling and
transfer of waste, other than use
of biosoils as soil conditioners

<u>Phase One Study Area</u> – The south adjoining property owned by the County of Dufferin located at 635666 Highway 19 had been registered for a variety of wastes shown in the O. Reg 347 Waste Management Record Database. During the site reconnaissance, it was observed that the south adjoining property was vacant of any structures or activities within 250 m of the Phase One Property and that these activities were occurring approximately 500 m south of the Phase One Property due to the presence of County operations structures. Due to this PCA being located outside of the Phase One Study Area, this PCA does not contribute to an APEC.

WSP sampled and analyzed subsurface soil and groundwater to determine if APEC-1 has the potential to cause an adverse effect. A total of four (4) boreholes were advanced to maximum depths of 4.6 metres below ground surface (mbgs) on July 9, 2019 under the supervision of WSP personnel. Three (3) of the four (4) boreholes were

completed as groundwater-monitoring wells to facilitate groundwater sampling and to calculate local groundwater flow direction. All three (3) wells were purged and sampled on July 10, 2019. Borehole locations were selected based on the findings of the Phase One ESA (WSP, 2019). Soil and groundwater samples were submitted for analysis of potential contaminants of concern (PCOCs) including metals and other regulated parameters (ORPs), petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs) and volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

WSP's Phase Two ESA findings are summarized below:

- Three (3) boreholes (BH19-01, BH19-02 and BH19-03) were advanced through a topsoil layer ranging in thickness from 30 to 63 cm. Underlying the topsoil at one (1) of the borehole locations (BH19-03) was a 20 cm layer of clayey silt. BH19-04 was advanced through a 5-cm asphalt layer overlaying a 25-cm granular fill layer. Underneath the granular fill encountered in BH19-04 was an organic/topsoil layer extending to a depth of 0.7 mbgs. Underlying the topsoil in BH19-01 and BH19-02, the clayey silt in BH19-03 and the organics/topsoil layer in BH19-04 was a layer of silty sand/sandy silt beginning at a starting depth of 0.3 to 0.8 mbgs and extending to a depth ranging from 2.4 to 3.8 mbgs. Sand was encountered in all boreholes underlying the silty sand/sandy silt layer and extending to the termination depths of all boreholes. Based on the MECP Water Well Records reviewed as part of the Phase One ESA by WSP, bedrock depth is approximately 6.7 mbgs.
- The depth to groundwater was recorded in three (3) monitoring wells installed during the investigation. The groundwater levels ranged between 0.8 and 3.4 mbgs on July 22, 2019. The July 2019 groundwater elevations ranged from 456.4 to 457.4 m above mean sea level (masl). The inferred shallow groundwater flow direction is to the southwest below the Phase Two study area. Groundwater levels and flow direction can be influenced by seasonal fluctuations, utility services, and other subsurface features and can only be confirmed with long term monitoring.
- The soil and groundwater analytical results were compared with 2011 MECP Table 2 Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition for Industrial/Commercial/Community (ICC) land uses.
- On July 9, 2019, a total of four (4) soil samples plus two (2) QA/QC samples (for a total of six (6) soil samples), were submitted to an analytical laboratory and analysed for potential contaminants of concern (PCOCs) including metals and ORPs, PHCs and VOCs. Analytical results indicated that all soil samples submitted to the laboratory met the Table 2 ICC SCS for all parameters analyzed.
- On July 10, 2019, groundwater samples were obtained from each of the three (3) monitoring wells and submitted for analysis of metals and ORPs, PHCs, and VOCs. Analytical results indicated that the groundwater samples submitted to the laboratory all met Table 2 SCS for all parameters analysed except for the parameters shown in Table 1.2 below:

Table 1.2 Summary of Metals and ORP Table 2 ICC SCS Exceedances in Groundwater

WELL LOCATION	PARAMETER	TABLE 2 SCS (UG/L)	RESULT (UG/L)
BH19-03	Sodium	490,000	588,000
	Chloride	790,000	1,020,000

Based on the findings of this Phase Two ESA, WSP presents the following conclusions and recommendations:

All soil samples collected from the Phase Two Property met Table 2 ICC SCS for all tested parameters.

- Groundwater containing elevated sodium and chloride concentrations was found in one (1) of the three monitoring wells (BH19-03). De-icing road salt (sodium chloride) is often the cause of elevated sodium and chloride concentrations adjacent to roadways and parking lots. The Phase Two Property is located adjacent to Highway 89; a provincial highway that has received decades of road salt applications during the winter months. Elevated sodium and chloride concentrations are of significance where soils must support vegetative root growth and where the water is to be used for potable applications. WSP understands that the Phase Two Property is to be combined with a larger land parcel to the north and that no agricultural uses are expected within this combined land parcel. For this reason, ecological risk exposure due to elevated groundwater sodium and chloride concentrations is considered low. Human health exposure risk via dermal contact due to the presence of elevated sodium and chloride in groundwater is considered negligible. Human health exposure risk due to ingestion of water containing elevated sodium and chloride is considered low, and can be effectively managed by (i) installing potable water well screens in deep aquifers beyond the influence of elevated sodium and chloride and/or (ii) installing end-of-pipe water treatment equipment to reduce sodium and chloride levels.
- All other groundwater parameters tested met their respective Table 2 SCS within samples collected from all three (3) wells.
- As proposed development of the Phase Two Property is not expected to result in a more sensitive land use than the existing commercial use, a Record of Site Condition (RSC) is not required under O. Reg. 153/04 at this time. If an RSC is required for any other purpose (i.e. municipal approvals), a formal risk management strategy for sodium and chloride in the form of a Risk Assessment may be needed under current regulations prior to filing an RSC.

All three (3) monitoring wells installed by WSP for this study should be decommissioned in accordance with O. Reg. 903 when no longer required.

## 2 INTRODUCTION

WSP was retained by Ms. Marika Zigon on behalf of Deltini (Primrose) Inc. to conduct a Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of 506243 Highway 89 in the Town of Primrose, Ontario. It is our understanding that this Phase Two ESA was requested to support a pending property transaction.

The Phase Two ESA was conducted in general compliance with O.Reg. 153/04 to support the proposed property transaction and commercial redevelopment of the Site. The proposed redevelopment of the Phase Two Property is not considered a change to a more sensitive property use, and as such an RSC with the MECP will not be required under O.Reg. 153/04.

#### 2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION

The rectangular-shaped Site is located on the north side of Highway 89 in a primarily commercial and agricultural area within the Town of Primrose, Township of Mulmur, Ontario. The Phase Two Property currently contains a business known as "Shelburne Motel" and occupies a total surface area of approximately 0.95 ha (2.35 acres). The location of the Phase Two Property is depicted in *Figure 1*.

Property information for the Site is provided in Table 2.1 below:

DESCRIPTION

Table 2.1 Phase Two Property Information

CDITEDION

CDITEDION

CITIENTON	Description 1914
Municipal Address	506243 Highway 89, Primrose, Township of Mulmur, Ontario
Property Identification Numbers (PINs)	34128-0051 (LT)
Legal Description	Part of the East Half of Lot 1, Concession 2, West of Hurontario Street, Township of Mulmur, County of Dufferin

A legal survey of the Phase Two Property dated April 6, 1984 prepared by Young & Young Surveying Inc., Ontario Land Surveyor, was provided to WSP and included in *Appendix A*.

#### 2.2 PROPERTY OWNERSHIP

Property ownership information for the Site is provided in the table below:

DESCRIPTION

Table 2.2 Phase Two Property Ownership Information

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Current Site Owner	Rajinder Samra
Phase Two Site Representative	Mr. Ray Duhamel The Jones Consulting Group Ltd. 229 Mapleview Drive East Barrie, Ontario L4N 0W5

#### 2.3 CURRENT AND PROPOSED FUTURE USES

The Phase Two Property currently contains a business known as "Shelburne Motel". Redevelopment of the property for commercial/industrial purposes as part of a larger, consolidated land-parcel has been proposed.

#### 2.4 APPLICABLE SITE CONDITION STANDARD

Analytical results were compared to the 2011 MECP Table 2 Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition for Industrial/Commercial/Community (ICC) property uses set out in the MECP publication *Soil, Groundwater and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act* (April 15, 2011). This evaluation standard for the Phase Two Property was selected for comparison purposes based on the following:

- There are no water bodies within 30 m of the Phase Two Property;
- The Phase Two Property has not been confirmed to be an "environmentally sensitive" site, as defined by O.Reg. 153/04;
- Commercial/Industrial land use is proposed for the Phase Two Property;
- It is possible that the future development may use groundwater below the Phase Two Property for potable applications;
- The pH of soil samples analysed during this investigation ranged from 7.69 to 7.95 which falls within the
  acceptable range pursuant to 0. Reg. 153/04; and
- Bedrock was not encountered within 2 m of the ground surface during this investigation.

## 3 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

#### 3.1 PHYSICAL SETTING

A summary of the Site's physical setting as determined through the Phase One ESA (WSP, 2019) is provided in Table 3.1 below:

#### Table 3.1 Summary of Physical Setting

#### CRITERIA DESCRIPTION

Water Bodies and Areas of Natural Significance A branch of the Boyne River is located 470 m northwest of the Phase One Property. The Boyne River flows in a northeasterly direction into the Nottawasaga River which itself flows in a northwesterly direction into Georgian Bay. There are no confirmed areas of natural significance within the Phase One Study Area. According to the MNRF Natural Heritage Map, two threatened species, the bobolink and eastern meadowlark, have been observed on the Phase One Property and/or the Phase One Study Area and therefore the Phase One Property may be considered an environmentally sensitive area in accordance with O.Reg. 153/04, as amended.

Topography, Hydrology, Geology The Phase One Property slopes in a southeast direction while the general topography of the Phase One Study Area slopes in a north to northwest direction. The Phase One Property is relatively flat and has an elevation of approximately 455 - 465 masl. Based on the local topography, the inferred shallow groundwater flow direction of the Phase One Study Area is to the northwest towards the Boyne River.

The Phase One Property is situated within a spillways physiographic region. The surficial geology of the Phase One Property is described as "glaciofluvial deposits including river deposits and delta facies". The underlying bedrock within the area generally consists of sandstone, shale, dolostone and siltstone of the Armabel Formation. According to the MECP Water Well Records, the bedrock depth within the Phase One Study Area is approximately 6.7 mbgs.

## 3.2 PAST ASSESSMENTS AND INVESTIGATIONS

A Phase One ESA (WSP, 2019) was completed concurrently with this investigation and is referenced throughout this report. The Phase One CSM can be found in Section 4.3 below.

The following hydrogeological report was provided to WSP for review as part of this investigation:

Preliminary Hydrogeological and Servicing Concepts Study – Primrose, Ontario (Township of Mulmur), Prepared for: Township of Mulmur, Prepared by: Azimuth Environmental Consulting, Inc. dated February 2008 (revised March 2009).

The hydrogeological report provides a preliminary hydrogeological review and servicing conceptual assessment for the Phase Two Property along with properties to the east, north and west. Azimuth excavated a total of eight (8) test pits to maximum depths of 1.0 mbgs, to conduct soil percolation tests. None of the test pits were located on the Phase Two Property. The soils consisted of brown clayey silt with trace gravel, brown

sandy silt with trace gravel and brown clay with some silt, trace sand and gravel. No monitoring wells were installed as part of the Azimuth investigation.

## 4 SCOPE OF INVESTIGATION

#### 4.1 OVERVIEW OF SITE INVESTIGATION

The Phase Two ESA involved an intrusive investigation of the APECs identified in the Phase One ESA. The Phase Two ESA was carried out in general accordance with O. Reg. 153/04. The Site investigation activities were limited to visible and accessible locations of the Site. Subsurface investigations, testing, sampling, and laboratory analyses were completed based on the findings of WSP's Phase One ESA, accessibility to each APEC, and site observations.

The site investigation program included the following:

- Clearance of public and private underground utilities and services prior to commencement of intrusive investigation activities;
- Preparation of a Health and Safety Plan and safe execution of all proposed work;
- Advancement of four (4) boreholes on the Phase Two Property to approximate maximum depths of 4.6 mbgs using a pionjar and ram sounder. Soil samples from all boreholes were submitted for analysis. Soil lithology from each borehole was logged in the field and samples were screened for TOV with a photoionization detector. Borehole locations were chosen based on the APEC locations identified during the Phase One ESA (WSP, 2019).
- Based on field screening and visual/olfactory observations, worst-case/representative soil samples from the boreholes were submitted for laboratory testing of PCOCs identified in the Phase I ESA (WSP, 2019);
- Groundwater monitoring wells were installed within three (3) of the four (4) boreholes to assess groundwater quality below the Site;
- The groundwater-monitoring wells were purged to remove stagnant water and sampled for laboratory testing of relevant PCOCs; and
- Soil and groundwater samples were submitted for chemical analysis to a CALA-certified laboratory in accordance with MECP guidelines and requirements of O. Reg. 153/04 (as amended).

#### 4.1.1 SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

The WSP sampling and analysis plan (SAP) executed during this study is provided in *Appendix B*. Per O. Reg. 153/04 Schedule E. Condition 3(5), WSP developed the standard operating procedures (SOPs) used in the field investigation.

Fieldwork for this Phase Two ESA was undertaken following the SOPs. Deviations from the SAP and SOPs, if any, are detailed in Section 4.4. The list of SOPs is presented in the table below.

Table 4.1 List of Standard Operating Procedures Used by WSP in Field Investigation

CATEGORY SOP

i.	Drilling	Auger/Boring Rigs Monitoring Well Hollow Stem Auger Advancement Soil Sample Material Descriptions
ii.	Soil Sampling	Continuous Sampling Field Soil Sampling for VOC and PHC Analysis
iii.	Soil Field Testing	Odour Identification Field Screening of Samples for Organic Vapours
iv.	Monitoring Well Construction	Monitoring Well Construction Monitoring Well Development
v.	Field Measurement of Water Quality Indicators	Temperature Measurement Conductivity Measurement pH Measurement
vi.	Groundwater Monitoring/Sampling	Water Level Monitoring Monitoring Well Purging Monitoring Well Sampling Volatile Organic Sampling
vii.	QA/QC Program	Quality Assurance Quality Control

## 4.2 MEDIA INVESTIGATED

A summary of the media investigated during the Phase Two ESA is provided in Table 2 and Table 3, attached.

## 4.3 PHASE ONE CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

A Phase One CSM was presented in the Phase One ESA report by WSP (2019) and is presented in this report for reference as *Figure 2*. The Phase One CSM identified the PCAs and APECs for the Site, as described in Section 6.4.

## 4.4 DEVIATIONS FROM THE SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

This Phase Two ESA was completed in accordance with the SAP without deviation.

## 4.5 IMPEDIMENTS

Impediments limiting WSP's ability to carry out this Phase Two ESA in accordance with O. Reg. 153/04 were not encountered.

## 5 INVESTIGATION METHOD

#### 5.1 GENERAL

This section provides a brief description of all methods employed by WSP during this Phase Two ESA. Where the method differs from the associated standard operating procedure, a detailed description of the method used and a rationale for the change in method is provided in the appropriate subsection below.

#### 5.2 DRILLING

**PARAMETER** 

WSP staff inspected the Site and identified the preferred borehole locations based on the APEC locations identified in the Phase One ESA by WSP (2019), as shown on *Figure 2.* Borehole locations are shown on the Borehole Location Plan in *Figure 3.* Underground services below the Site were cleared prior to commencement of the drilling program. WSP arranged for public service locates to be completed through Ontario One Call and private services were cleared by *Allclear Private Locators.* A summary of the drilling details is presented in Table 5.1 below.

Table 5.1 Summary of Drilling Details

Name of Drilling Contractor	Sonic Soil Sampling Inc.
Drilling Equipment Used	Ram Sounder and Pionjar.
Measures taken to minimize the potential for cross-contamination	A 50-mm stainless steel split spoon sampler was used to collect soil samples from the boreholes. The split spoon sampler was brushed clean of soil, washed in water containing phosphate free detergent, and rinsed in water for each sampling interval in order to reduce the potential for cross contamination.
Frequency of sample collection	All boreholes were sampled continuously every 0.8 m to the termination

depths of each borehole.

**DETAILS** 

On July 9, 2019, four (4) boreholes (BH19-01 to BH19-04 inclusive) were drilled on-site using a Ram Sounder and Pionjar supplied and operated by *Sonic Soil Sampling Inc.* of Vaughan, Ontario. The boreholes were advanced to maximum depths of 4.6 mbgs. Soil samples were collected from the native silty sand/sandy silt to sand with varying amount of clay and gravel using a 50-mm diameter, 0.76-m long stainless-steel split spoon sampler.

#### **5.3 SOIL**

#### 5.3.1 SOIL SAMPLING

Disposable nitrile gloves were used during sample collection and were replaced between each sample to minimize the potential for cross-contamination. Soil samples were described in the field by WSP staff and observations were recorded in a dedicated field book. Soil samples were collected directly into laboratory-supplied 250-ml and 120-mL amber glass jars and 40-mL methanol-preserved vials and were stored in a cooler on ice. Samples selected for laboratory analysis were handled under standard chain of custody procedures until received at the laboratory. The soil samples selected for laboratory analysis were considered representative of "worst-case" conditions in the boreholes based on field screening results and visual and olfactory observations.

All soil samples were submitted to AGAT Laboratories in Mississauga, Ontario. The soil samples submitted for chemical analysis are summarized in *Table 2*, appended.

#### 5.3.2 FIELD SCREENING MEASUREMENTS

Soil samples collected from the boreholes were field screened for TOV using an RKI Eagle 2 PID. In addition to visual and olfactory observations, the results of field screening were used to identify worst-case samples for submission to the laboratory. A summary of field screening measurements is provided in Table 5.2 below:

Table 5.2 Summary of Field Screening Results (Soil)

#### PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

i.	Make and Model of Field Screening Instrument	RKI Eagle 2
ii.	Chemicals that Field Screening Instrument Detects and Respective Detection Limits	VOCs with dynamic range of 0 parts per million (ppm) to 50,000 ppm
iii.	Precision of the Measurements	3 significant figures
iv.	Accuracy of the Measurements	± 5% display reading ± one digit
v.	Calibration Reference Standards	Hexane and Isobutylene
vi.	Calibration Procedures	The PID is factory-calibrated on an annual basis and the calibration was checked on a daily basis both prior to and after use in the field using 100 ppm isobutylene according to manufacturer procedures.

Field screening measurements (PID readings) are discussed in Section 6.2.2 and presented on the borehole logs in *Appendix C*.

#### **5.4 GROUNDWATER**

#### 5.4.1 GROUNDWATER WELL INSTALLATION AND MONITORING

Groundwater monitoring wells were installed in three (3) of the four (4) borehole locations (BH19-02, BH19-03, and BH19-04) by *Sonic Soil Sampling Inc.* A Ram Sounder and Pionjar were used for the installation of all monitoring wells on July 9, 2019. Nitrile gloves were used to handle the well casings and screens during installation to minimize the potential for cross contamination.

All monitoring wells were screened to intersect the suspected local groundwater table based on observed conditions in the soil horizon (i.e. brown to grey colour change and/or observed change in moisture content) during the drilling and soil sampling activities. The static water table at BH19-03 was slightly above the screened interval as the groundwater level was higher than expected. The wells were constructed using 32-millimetre (mm) Schedule 40 PVC riser and included a 3.1-m well screen (slot 10). A sand pack was placed in the borehole annulus around the well screen from the bottom of the well to approximately 0.3 m above the well screen. Bentonite holeplug seal was placed above the sand pack to surface. The wells were completed with flush-mount casings. The monitoring well construction details are shown on the attached borehole logs included in *Appendix C*.

#### 5.4.2 GROUNDWATER FIELD MEASUREMENT OF WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS

All monitoring wells were purged using HDPE tubing and a low-flow peristaltic pump. The wells were purged by removing three (3) well volumes or by purging the well dry three (3) times. The wells were sampled on July 10, 2019 using the peristaltic pump. Field measurements of water quality parameters were collected using a Hanna multi-meter as part of this assessment including field pH, electrical conductivity (EC), and temperature. Field groundwater quality measurements were obtained after the removal of each well volume and were recorded. This data has been archived and is available upon request.

#### 5.4.3 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

On July 10, 2019, groundwater samples were collected from the newly-installed wells BH19-02, BH19-03 and BH19-04 following purging. The samples were collected in laboratory-supplied and preserved containers and stored in an ice-filled cooler. The groundwater samples were submitted under proper chain of custody procedures to AGAT Laboratories in Mississauga for analysis of metals and ORPs, PHCs, and VOCs.

#### 5.5 SEDIMENT SAMPLING

Sediment sampling was not conducted as part of this Phase Two ESA.

#### 5.6 ANALYTICAL TESTING

Soil and groundwater samples were submitted to AGAT Laboratories in Mississauga, Ontario for chemical analysis of the above-listed parameters. AGAT Laboratories is certified by CALA.

## 5.7 RESIDUE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

The management of residues such as soil cuttings, purge and development groundwater, and fluids from equipment cleaning was conducted as shown in Table 5.3 below:

 Table 5.3
 Summary of Residue Management Procedures

#### RESIDUE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE

i.	Soil cuttings from drilling and excavations	Soil cuttings were left on the Phase Two Property due to the absence of visual and olfactory observations of potential contaminants, and based on the analytical results contained in this report.
ii.	Water from well development and purging	Groundwater from the development and purging of the monitoring wells was emptied onto the ground downstream of the wells based on the analytical results contained in this report.
iii.	Fluids from equipment cleaning.	Equipment-cleaning water was emptied onto the ground downstream of the wells. No equipment contamination was expected in the field due to WSP's field observations, and as confirmed by the analytical results included in this report.

## **5.8 ELEVATION SURVEY**

A ground surface elevation survey of each borehole location was conducted by WSP. The ground surface elevations are shown on the borehole logs presented in *Appendix C*.

## 5.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL (QA/QC) MEASURES

The project-specific QA/QC measures are described in Table 5.4 below.

#### Table 5.4 Quality Assurance and Quality Control Measures

#### **QA/QC MEASURE**

#### **DESCRIPTION**

i. Sample containers, preservation, labelling, handling, and custody for samples submitted for laboratory analysis, including any deviations from the SAP.

Soil samples from the boreholes were collected in 40 mL methanol-preserved vials for PHC F1/VOCs/BTEX analysis, 250ml and 120 mL glass jars without preservative for analysis of all other parameters at the sample locations.

Groundwater samples from the monitoring wells were collected using the following laboratory-supplied containers (the containers below collectively constitute one sample):

- a. VOCs three (3) 40 mL glass vials preserved with a sodium bisulphate tablet
- b. PHC F1/BTEX three (3) 40 mL glass vials preserved with a sodium bisulphate tablet
- c. PHC F2-F4 one (1) 500 mL amber glass bottle, HCl preservative
- d. Inorganics one (1) 500 mL plastic 'general' bottle, no preservation
- e. Dissolved metals one (1) 125 mL plastic bottle, HNO3 preservative
- f. Mercury one (1) 100 mL clear glass bottle, HCl preservative
- g. Chromium VI one (1) 125 mL plastic bottle, preserved with Ammonium Sulfate/Ammonium Hydroxide
- h. Cyanide one (1) 125 mL plastic bottle, preserved with Sodium Hydroxide

Groundwater samples were collected using dedicated sampling equipment for each well. Groundwater samples collected for dissolved metals, mercury, and chromium (VI) analysis were field-filtered using a new 0.45-micron filter for each well. Groundwater containers used for PHC F1/BTEX and VOC analysis were filled to achieve zero headspace. Sample containers were labelled with a unique sample identification, the project number, and the sampling date. A laboratory-supplied chain of custody was completed. A copy was sent with the samples to the laboratory, and one (1) copy was retained for the project file.

ii. Equipment cleaning procedures during sampling

Nitrile gloves were replaced after each sample was collected to reduce the potential for cross-contamination of the samples.

Field equipment was cleaned with soap and water, and was rinsed with local well-water between samples.

iii. Field QC measures

Blind field duplicate samples of soil and groundwater were collected and submitted for laboratory analysis as part of this investigation. A laboratory-prepared VOC trip blank was brought to the Site during the groundwater sampling and was submitted to the laboratory for analysis.

#### QA/QC MEASURE

#### **DESCRIPTION**

iv. Deviations from the procedures set out in the QA/QC program set out in the SAP.

No deviations.

Field duplicate samples were assessed as part of the QA/QC program through a comparison of the analytical results of the original samples to the field duplicate samples. Field duplicates measure the cumulative effects of both field and laboratory precision and provide an indication of overall precision. Field duplicates may therefore have greater variability than laboratory duplicates which measure only laboratory precision. It is also expected that non-aqueous matrices will have a greater variance than aqueous matrices due to the heterogeneity of most non-aqueous samples (such as soil/sediment samples). Field duplicates were evaluated based on the relative percent difference (RPD) in parameter concentrations.

The RPD was calculated in accordance with the *Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act* (July 1, 2011). The calculated RPD was assessed against the recommended performance criteria outlined in the 2011 Protocol where the measured concentration was greater than 5 times the MDL.

AGAT Laboratories also performed QA/QC procedures as outlined in their CALA procedures. These procedures included analysis of lab duplicates and blanks as well as analysis of surrogate recovery as outlined in the Certificates of Analysis provided in *Appendix D*.

## 6 RESULTS REVIEW AND EVALUATION

## 6.1 GEOLOGY/SOIL STRATIGRAPHY

A brief summary of the subsurface conditions encountered within the Site is presented below. Detailed borehole logs are provided in *Appendix C*.

Three (3) boreholes (BH19-01, BH19-02 and BH19-03) were advanced through a topsoil layer ranging in thickness from 30 to 63 cm. Underlying the topsoil in one (1) of the boreholes (BH19-03) was a 20-cm layer of clayey silt. BH19-04 was advanced through a 5-cm asphalt layer on top of a 25-cm granular fill layer. Underneath the granular fill encountered in BH19-04 was an organic/topsoil layer that extended to a depth of 0.7 mbgs. Underlying the topsoil in BH19-01 and BH19-02, the clayey silt in BH19-03 and the organics/topsoil layer in BH19-04 was a silty sand/sandy silt layer starting at a depth ranging from 0.3 to 0.8 mbgs and extending to a depth ranging from 2.4 to 3.8 mbgs. Sand was encountered in all boreholes underlying the silty sand/sandy silt layer extending to the termination depth of the boreholes.

Bedrock was not encountered during the Phase Two ESA investigation. Based on the MECP Water Well Records reviewed as part of the Phase One ESA by WSP, bedrock depth is approximately 6.7 mbgs.

#### 6.2 HYDROGEOLOGY

#### 6.2.1 ELEVATIONS AND FLOW DIRECTION

Groundwater levels in the monitoring wells ranged from 0.8 to 3.4 mbgs on July 22, 2019. The well screens were 3.05 m in length and were installed in the native silty sand/sandy silt and sands at all borehole locations. The starting (pre-purge) water levels were reported to be within the screened intervals at BH19-02 and BH19-04. The water level was above the screen length in BH19-03.

Groundwater elevations were measured on July 22, 2019 and are presented in *Table 1*. The July 22, 2019 groundwater elevations ranged from 456.4 to 457.4 masl within the monitoring wells. During the drilling investigation, WSP noted that the groundwater in BH19-03 and BH19-04 appeared to be under pressure suggesting that these boreholes and BH19-02 were screened within different aquifers. To determine the groundwater direction across the Site, WSP used the water level within existing well BH19-01 located within the adjacent property to the east (#506249 Highway 89) to determine the flow direction. WSP installed BH19-01 within the adjacent property as part of a separate project. The resulting shallow inferred groundwater flow direction was determined to be to the southwest across the Site. Groundwater levels are presented in *Figure 4*.

Neither LNAPL nor DNAPL were found to be present within any of the onsite monitoring wells.

#### **6.2.2 HYDRAULIC GRADIENTS**

The hydraulic gradient was calculated based on the July 22, 2019 groundwater elevations of BH19-03, BH19-04 and BH19-01 located within #506249 Highway 89). The average horizontal hydraulic gradient was calculated to be 0.003 based upon these measurements.

#### 6.3 RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

Analytical results are discussed in the following sub-sections.

#### 6.3.1 SOIL TEXTURE ANALYSIS

Results of the soil texture analysis are presented below.

#### Table 6.1 **Soil Texture Analysis**

CRITERIA		ERIA	DESCRIPTION	
	i.	rationale for the use of soil texture category,	WSP conservatively assumed that soils within the Phase Two Property were of coarse-grained texture.	
	ii.	a description of the results of the required grain size analysis	Grain size analysis results were not reported to WSP prior to the required delivery date of this report. Coarse-grained soil texture is a conservative	
	iii.	a description and rationale for the number of samples collected and analysed	assumption that requires application of more-stringent chemical concentration criteria relative to medium to fine-grained soil textures.	

#### 6.3.2 FIELD SCREENING

Twenty-eight (28) soil samples were screened for TOV using a PID. TOV concentrations ranged from 0 ppm to 410 ppm. The TOV readings are included on the borehole logs included in *Appendix C*. The samples that were submitted for laboratory analysis of organic parameters (VOCs, PHCs) are shown in Table 2.

#### 6.3.3 SOIL CHEMICAL QUALITY

The soil analytical results from the present investigation are presented in Tables 4 through 6 and summarized on Figure 5.

The Laboratory Certificates of Analysis for the soil analysis completed during the present investigation are provided in Appendix D.

#### 6.3.4 SOIL - METALS AND OTHER REGULATED PARAMETERS (ORP)

Four (4) soil samples and one (1) blind field duplicate QA/QC sample were collected and submitted for analysis of metals and ORPs. The soil analytical results for metals and ORPs are provided in Table 4 and the results of the laboratory analyses indicated that all samples analysed met Table 2 ICC SCS.

#### 6.3.5 SOIL - ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (PHC)

Four (4) soil samples were collected and submitted for analysis of CCME F1-F4 PHCs. The soil analytical results for PHCs are provided in *Table 5* and the results of the laboratory analyses indicated that all samples analysed met Table 2 ICC SCS.

#### 6.3.6 SOIL - VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

Four (4) soil samples and one (1) blind field duplicate QA/QC sample were collected and submitted for analysis of VOCs. The soil analytical results for VOCs are provided in *Table 6* and the results of the laboratory analyses indicated that all samples analysed met Table 2 ICC SCS.

#### 6.3.7 GROUNDWATER CHEMICAL QUALITY

The groundwater analytical results from the July 2019 sampling event are presented in *Tables 7* through *9* and are summarized on *Figure 6*.

The Laboratory Certificates of Analysis for the groundwater analysis completed during the Phase Two ESA are provided in *Appendix D*.

#### 6.3.8 GROUNDWATER - METALS AND OTHER REGULATED PARAMETERS (ORP)

Three (3) groundwater samples were collected and submitted for analysis of metals and ORPs. The groundwater analytical results for metals and ORPs are provided in *Table 7*. Laboratory analytical results indicated that all samples analysed met the Table 2 SCS with the exceptions listed in Table 6.2 below:

#### Table 6.2 Summary of Metals and ORP Exceedances in Groundwater

WELL LOCATION	PARAMETER	TABLE 2 SCS	RESULT
BH19-03	Sodium	490000	588000
	Chloride	790000	1020000

#### 6.3.9 GROUNDWATER - PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Three (3) groundwater samples were collected and submitted for analysis of CCME F1-F4 PHCs. The groundwater analytical results for PHCs are provided in *Table 8* and the results of the laboratory analyses indicated that all samples analysed met Table 2 SCS.

#### 6.3.10 GROUNDWATER- VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

Three (3) groundwater samples and one (1) blind field QA/QC duplicate were collected and submitted for analysis of VOCs. The groundwater analytical results for VOCs are provided in *Table 9* and the laboratory analyses indicated that all samples analysed met Table 2 SCS.

#### 6.3.11 SEDIMENT QUALITY

Sediment quality was not investigated as part of this Phase Two ESA.

## 6.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS

Proper field protocols for sample collection and handling were followed by all WSP personnel in accordance with the MECP *Guidance on Sampling and Analytical Methods for Use at Contaminated Sites in Ontario.* All field equipment was decontaminated before and between sample collection and new, clean nitrile gloves were used for each sample to eliminate the potential for cross contamination. All soil and groundwater samples were collected directly into laboratory-supplied containers, preserved as required, and stored and shipped in ice-filled coolers. Proper chain of custody procedures were followed by WSP and the laboratory during sample transfer.

The RPDs for the analyzed parameters in duplicate samples (where the RPD could be calculated) were within the 2011 Protocol performance criteria. As such, it is WSP's opinion that the laboratory analytical data is reliable and reproducible.

A summary of the field duplicate soil and groundwater samples, and the results of the QA/QC comparisons of the duplicate samples indicating that the results can be interpreted with confidence, is provided in Table 6.3.

Table 6.3 Summary of QA/QC Results

DATE	MEDIA	SAMPLE ID	FIELD DUPLICATE ID	PARAMETERS	QA/QC RESULTS
2019-07-09	Soil	BH19-01 SS3	DUP-1	Metals & ORPs	All results were within the 2011 Protocol criteria for RPD
2019-07-09		BH19-03 SS5	DUP-2	VOCs	All results were within the 2011 Protocol criteria for RPD
2019-07-10	Groundwater	BH19-03	GWDUP-1	VOCs	All results were within the 2011 Protocol criteria for RPD

A laboratory-prepared trip blank was included with the July 2019 groundwater samples and was analysed by the laboratory for VOCs. All concentrations were below the RDL indicating no contamination from the sample containers, preservatives, transportation, and storage conditions. The results also indicate that the laboratory instrument was not detecting analytical interference.

AGAT Laboratories carried out internal QA/QC measures including process recoveries, blanks, and replicate samples. The laboratory QA/QC results are provided on the Certificates of Analysis in Appendix D. The results were acceptable and therefore suitable for interpretation.

With respect to subsection 47 (3) of O. Reg. 153/04, all certificates of analysis of analytical reports received pursuant to clause 47 (2) (b) of the regulation comply with subsection 47(3), a certificate of analysis of analytical report has been received for each sample submitted for analysis, and all certificates of analysis or analytical reports received have been included in full in *Appendix D* to this Phase Two ESA report.

## 6.5 PHASE TWO CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

Through analysis and interpretation of the Phase One ESA, Phase One CSM, and field data gathered during this Phase Two ESA, a Phase Two CSM was developed.

Based on information obtained as part of the Phase One ESA (WSP, 2019), it was concluded that APECs associated with past activities/operations existed at the Site. The table of APECs, prepared in accordance with clause 16 (2) (a), Schedule D, O.Reg. 153/04, is presented in Table 6.4 below.

Table 6.4 Summary of APECs Identified in Phase One ESA

AREA OF POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN	LOCATION OF POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN ON PHASE ONE PROPERTY	POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATING ACTIVITY	LOCATION OF PCA (ON-SITE OR OFF- SITE)	POTENTIAL CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN	MEDIA POTENTIALLY IMPACTED (GROUND WATER, SOIL AND/OR SEDIMENT)
APEC-1 Historical Gasoline Service Station in southwest adjoining property	Central and Southern portions of the Phase One Property	PCA No. 28 Gasoline and Associated Products in Fixed Tanks	Off-site	Metals & ORPs PHCs VOCs	Soil & Groundwater

Table 6.5 below provides a summary discussion of the interpreted field data that is incorporated into the Phase Two CSM:

#### Table 6.5 Summary of Phase Two Conceptual Site Model (CSM)

#### **CRITERIA**

DISCUSSION

- i. a description and assessment of,
  - a. areas where a PCA have occurred,
  - b. APECs, and
  - a. any subsurface structures and utilities on, in or under the phase two property that may affect contaminant distribution and transport

The Phase One ESA completed by WSP concurrently with this Phase Two ESA identified PCAs that contributed to the identification of APECs, as identified in *Figure 2*.

The Phase One CSM *(Figure 2)* for the Site incorporates the information and data collected as part of this Phase Two ESA and Phase One ESA.

- A. In summary, off-site PCAs that were identified as contributing to on-site APECs included:
  - PCA No. 28. Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks off-site (a property to the southeast of the Site)
- B. The on-site APECs that were interpreted from the occurrence of the PCAs were:
  - APEC #1 Central and Southern portion of Phase Two
    Property Gasoline and Associated Products in Fixed Tanks
    No exceedances relating to this APEC were identified onsite during this investigation.
- C. Underground utilities can affect contaminant distribution and transport. Trenches excavated to install utility services, and the associated granular backfill may provide preferential pathways for horizontal contaminant migration in the shallow subsurface.
- ii. a description of and, as appropriate, figures illustrating, the physical setting of the phase two property and any areas under it including,
  - a. stratigraphy from ground surface to the deepest aquifer or aquitard investigated,
  - b. hydrogeological characteristics, including aquifers, aquitards and, in each hydrostratigraphic unit where one or more contaminants is present at concentrations above the applicable site condition standards, lateral and vertical gradients,
  - c. approximate depth to bedrock,
- A. The Site is located within a spillways physiographic region. Three (3) boreholes (BH19-01, BH19-02 and BH19-03) were advanced through a topsoil layer ranging in thickness from 30 to 63 cm. Underlying the topsoil in one (1) of the boreholes (BH19-03) was a 20-cm layer of clayey silt. BH19-04 was advanced through a 5-cm asphalt layer on top of a 25 cm granular fill layer. Underneath the granular fill encountered in BH19-04 was an organics/topsoil layer that extended to a depth of 0.7 mbgs. Underlying the topsoil in BH19-01 and BH19-02, the clayey silt in BH19-03 and the organics/topsoil layer in BH19-04 was silty sand/sandy silt starting at depth ranging from 0.3 to 0.8 mbgs extending to a depth ranging from 2.4 to 3.8 mbgs. Sand was encountered in all boreholes underlying the silty sand/sandy silt layer extending to the final depth of the boreholes.
- B. During the drilling investigation, WSP noted that the groundwater in BH19-03 and BH19-04 appeared to be under pressure suggesting that these boreholes and BH19-02 were screened within different aquifers.

- d. approximate depth to water table,
- e. any respect in which section 41 or 43.1 of the regulation applies to the property,
- f. areas where soil has been brought from another property and placed on, in or under the phase two property, and
- g. approximate locations, if known, of any proposed buildings and other structures

- C. Bedrock was not encountered during the Phase Two ESA.
  Based on the MECP Water Well Records reviewed as part of
  the Phase One ESA by WSP, the bedrock depth is
  approximately 6.7 mbgs.
- D. The depth to shallow groundwater in the overburden was approximately 0.8 to 3.4 mbgs, based on the July 22, 2019 groundwater level monitoring event.
- E. A branch of the Boyne River is located 470 m northeast of the Phase One Property. The Boyne River flows in a northeasterly direction into the Nottawasaga River which flows in a northwesterly direction into Georgian Bay. According to the MNRF Natural Heritage Map, two threatened species, the bobolink and eastern meadowlark, have been observed on the Phase One Property or within the Phase One Study Area and therefore the Phase One Property may be considered an environmentally sensitive area in accordance with O.Reg. 153/04, as amended. The soil at the property has a pH value between 5 and 9.
- F. Soil was not brought from another property and placed on, in, or under the Site, as part of this Phase Two ESA.
- G. The Site is proposed for redevelopment as a commercial/industrial use. Building plans were not provided to WSP as part of this investigation.
- iii. where a contaminant is present on, in or under the phase two property at a concentration greater than the applicable site condition standard, identification of,
  - A. each area where a contaminant is present on, in or under the phase two property at a concentration greater than the applicable site condition standard,
  - B. the contaminants associated with each of the areas referred to in subparagraph A,
  - c. each medium in which a contaminant associated with an area referred to in subparagraph is present,
  - D. a description and assessment of what is known about each of the areas referred to in subparagraph A,
  - E. the distribution, in each of the areas referred to in

A.	В.	C.
Eastern portions of Phase Two Property	Sodium	Groundwater
Eastern portions of Phase Two Property	Chloride	Groundwater

D. What is known about the areas of environmental impact:

#### Groundwater

Elevated Sodium and Chloride were identified during this investigation in the groundwater. It is likely that the application of de-icing road salt to the parking lot and adjacent roadways contributed to the elevated levels observed.

- E. The horizontal distribution of contaminants in groundwater on-site is presented in *Figure 6*. The vertical and lateral extent of the sodium and chloride impacts are currently unknown.
- F. The presence of Sodium and Chloride impacts in groundwater is likely associated with the application of deicing road salt.

- subparagraph A, of each contaminant present in the area at a concentration greater than the applicable site condition standard, for each medium in which the contaminant is present, together with figures showing the distribution,
- F. anything known about the reason for the discharge of the contaminants present on, in or under the phase two property at a concentration greater than the applicable site condition standard into the natural environment,
- G. anything known about migration of the contaminants present on, in or under the phase two property at a concentration greater than the applicable site condition standard away from any APEC, including the identification of any preferential pathways,
- H. climatic or meteorological conditions that may have influenced distribution and migration of the contaminants, such as temporal fluctuations in groundwater levels, and
- I. if applicable, information concerning soil vapour intrusion of the contaminants into buildings including,
  - relevant
     construction
     features of a
     building, such as a
     basement or crawl
     space,
  - 2. building heating, ventilating and air conditioning design and operation, and
  - 3. subsurface utilities,

- G. Migration of these contaminants will be affected by water infiltration and groundwater flow.
- H. Climatic or meteorological conditions are not considered to have greatly influenced the distribution or migration of the contaminants.
- I. Given the nature of the contaminants identified in this investigation, vapour intrusion is not considered a concern.

- iv. where contaminants on, in or under the phase two property are present at concentrations greater than the applicable site condition standard, one or more cross-sections showing,
  - A. the lateral and vertical distribution of a contaminant in each area where the contaminants is present at concentrations greater than the applicable site condition standard in soil, groundwater and sediment,
    - B. approximate depth to water table in each area referred to in subparagraph A,
  - C. stratigraphy from ground surface to the deepest aquifer or aquitard investigated, and
  - D. any subsurface structures and utilities that may affect contaminant distribution and transport in each area referred to in subparagraph A

- A. Plan view figures that indicate the horizontal distribution of contaminants are provided as:
  - Figure 6 Summary of Chemical Analysis and Exceedances in Groundwater
- B. Groundwater levels are provided in Table 1 and Figure 4.
- C. Stratigraphy from ground surface to the deepest strata investigated is provided in the borehole logs presented in *Appendix C*.
- D. Underground utilities have the potential to affect contaminant distribution and transport. Utilities were primarily located on the west side of the building. Underground utilities on the Phase Two Property and on adjacent properties may affect local migration of contaminants in the subsurface.

- v. for each area where a contaminant is present on, in or under the property at a concentration greater than the applicable site condition standard for the contaminant, a diagram identifying, with narrative explanatory notes,
  - A. the release mechanisms,
  - B. contaminant transport pathway,
  - c. the human and ecological receptors located on, in or under the phase two property,
  - D. receptor exposure points, and routes of exposure.

Elevated Sodium and Chloride in groundwater is likely due to the application of de-icing road salt on the parking lot of the Phase Two Property and adjacent roadways. A conceptual human health exposure model for sodium and chloride is provided in *Appendix E*.

## 7 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Based on the Phase Two ESA, WSP presents the following findings:

- Three (3) boreholes (BH19-01, BH19-02 and BH19-03) were advanced through a topsoil layer ranging in thickness from 30 to 63 cm. Underlying the topsoil in one (1) of the boreholes (BH19-03) was a 20-cm layer of clayey silt. BH19-04 was advanced through a 5-cm asphalt layer overlaying a 25-cm granular fill layer. Underneath the granular fill encountered in BH19-04 was an organic/topsoil layer that extended to a depth of 0.7 mbgs. Underlying the topsoil in BH19-01 and BH19-02, the clayey silt in BH19-03 and the organics/topsoil layer in BH19-04 was a silty sand/sandy silt layer starting at depth ranging from 0.3 to 0.8 mbgs extending to a depth ranging from 2.4 to 3.8 mbgs. Sand was encountered in all boreholes underlying the silty sand/sandy silt layer extending to the termination depths of the boreholes. Based on the MECP Water Well Records reviewed as part of the Phase One ESA by WSP, bedrock depth is approximately 6.7 mbgs.
- The depth to groundwater was recorded in three (3) monitoring wells installed during the investigation. The groundwater levels ranged between 0.8 and 3.4 mbgs on July 22, 2019. The July 2019 groundwater elevations ranged from 456.4 to 457.4 m above mean sea level (masl). The inferred shallow groundwater flow direction is to the southwest below the Phase Two study area. Groundwater levels and flow direction can be influenced by seasonal fluctuations, utility services, and other subsurface features and can only be confirmed with long term monitoring.
- The soil and groundwater analytical results were compared to 2011 MECP Table 2 Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition for Industrial/Commercial/Community (ICC) land uses.
- On July 9, 2019, a total of four (4) soil samples plus two (2) QA/QC samples (for a total of six (6) soil samples) were submitted to a laboratory and analysed for potential contaminants of concern (PCOCs) including metals and ORPs, PHCs and VOCs. Analytical results indicated that all soil samples submitted to the laboratory met the Table 2 ICC SCS for all parameters analyzed.
- On July 10, 2019, groundwater samples were obtained from each of the three (3) monitoring wells and submitted for analysis of metals and ORPs, PHCs, and VOCs. Analytical results indicated that the groundwater samples submitted to the laboratory all met Table 2 SCS for all parameters analysed except for the parameters shown in Table 7.1 below:

Table 7.1 Summary of Metals and ORP Table 2 ICC SCS Exceedances in Groundwater

WELL LOCATION	PARAMETER	TABLE 2 SCS (UG/L)	RESULT (UG/L)
BH19-03	Sodium	490,000	588,000
	Chloride	790,000	1,020,000

Based on the findings of this Phase Two ESA, WSP presents the following conclusions and recommendations:

- All soil samples collected from the Phase Two Property met Table 2 ICC SCS for all tested parameters.
- Groundwater containing elevated sodium and chloride concentrations was found in one (1) of the three monitoring wells (BH19-03). De-icing road salt (sodium chloride) is often the cause of elevated sodium and chloride concentrations adjacent to roadways and parking lots. The Phase Two Property is located adjacent

to Highway 89; a provincial highway that has received decades of road salt applications during the winter months. Elevated sodium and chloride concentrations are of significance where soils must support vegetative root growth and where the water is to be used for potable applications. WSP understands that the Phase Two Property is to be combined with a larger land parcel to the north and that no agricultural uses are expected within this combined land parcel. For this reason, ecological risk exposure due to elevated groundwater sodium and chloride is considered low. Human health exposure risk via dermal contact due to the presence of elevated sodium and chloride in groundwater is considered negligible. Human health exposure risk due to ingestion of water containing elevated sodium and chloride is considered low, and can be effectively managed by (i) installing potable water well screens in deep aquifers beyond the influence of elevated sodium and chloride and/or (ii) installing end-of-pipe water treatment equipment to reduce sodium and chloride levels.

- All other groundwater parameters tested met their respective Table 2 SCS within samples collected from all three (3) wells.
- As proposed development of the Phase Two Property is not expected to result in a more sensitive land use than the existing agricultural use, a Record of Site Condition (RSC) is not required under O.Reg. 153/04. If an RSC is required for any other purpose (i.e. municipal approvals), a formal risk management strategy for sodium and chloride in the form of a Risk Assessment may be needed prior to filing an RSC.

All three (3) monitoring wells installed by WSP for this study should be decommissioned in accordance with O. Reg. 903 when no longer required.

## 7.1 QUALIFIER

This assignment was limited to the completion of a Phase Two ESA and analysis of potential Contaminants of Concern at the selected borehole locations. This report was prepared for the exclusive use of Deltini (Primrose) Inc. and may not be relied upon by any other party without WSP's written consent.

The Phase Two ESA, sampling, and laboratory analyses were completed as documented in the report. Extrapolation of data beyond the borehole locations assumes that homogenous conditions exist beyond the sampling locations, which may not be the case. Therefore, it is not possible to state conclusively that the subsurface conditions encountered during this investigation exist beyond the sampled locations.

The conclusions provided in this report reflect our best judgment in light of the information available at the time of report preparation. Any use which a third party makes of this report, or any reliance on or any decisions to be made based on it, is the responsibility of such third parties. WSP accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party because of decisions or actions taken, based on this report. Conclusions documented in this report do not apply to other land uses. It is understood that Site conditions, environmental or otherwise, are not static and that this report documents Site conditions at the time of the investigation.

## 7.2 QUALIFICATIONS OF THE ASSESSORS

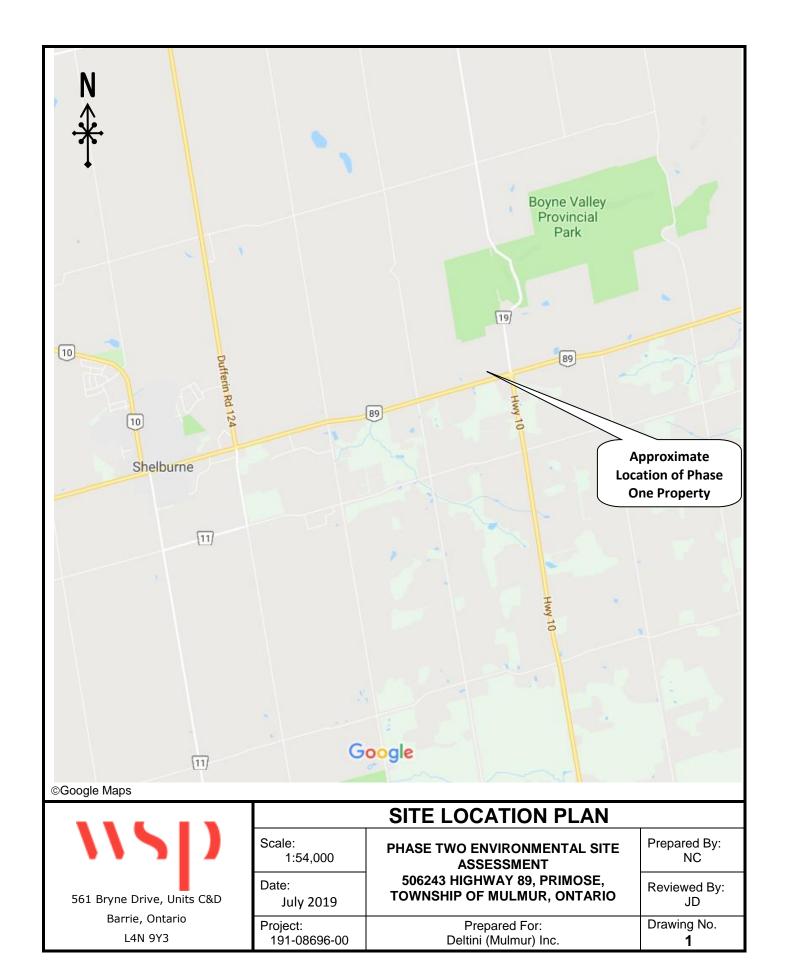
Nicole Corbett has an Environmental Technician Diploma and an Ecosystem Management Technology Diploma from Sir Sandford Fleming College. Her experience in environmental monitoring programs, includes long term leachate, ground and surface water monitoring. Observing and recording installation of piezometers, and groundwater sampling programs at landfills, and environmental drilling programs for Phase One & Two ESA's.

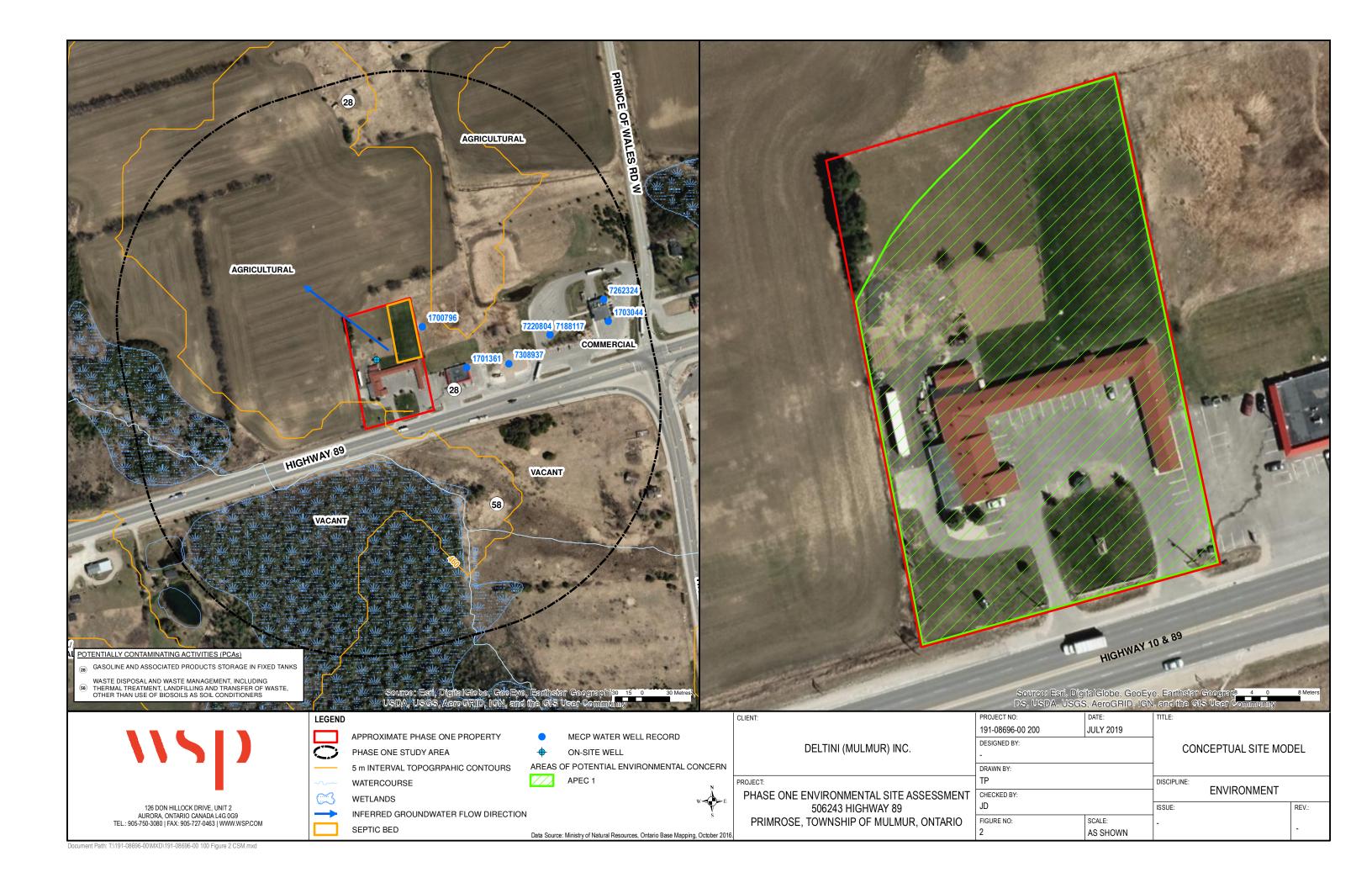
This report was reviewed by Jay Dolan, who is a licensed Professional Engineer (Ontario) with over twenty-five (25) years of full and part-time experience in environmental consulting and contracting. Jay has successfully applied in-situ remedial techniques to remediate contaminated soil and groundwater including chemical oxidation, bioremediation, soil vapour extraction and multi-phase extraction, and has successfully applied exsitu techniques including bio-piling and "dig and dump". He has completed hundreds of Phase I, II and III Environmental Site Assessments and has prepared hundreds of assessment reports and remedial action plans for contaminated properties.

#### 8 REFERENCES

- Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MECP). 1996. Guidance on Sampling and Analytical Methods for Use at Contaminated Sites in Ontario. December 1996.
- Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MECP). 2011a. Ontario Regulation 153/04, as amended, made under the Environmental Protection Act. July 1, 2011.
- Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MECP). 2011b. Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act. July 1, 2011.
- Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MECP). 2011c. Protocol for Analytical Methods
   Used in the Assessment of Properties under Past XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act. July 1, 2011.
- Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MECP). 2013. Ontario Regulation 903: "Wells."
   R.R.O. 1990, under the Ontario Water Resources Act, as amended by O. Reg. 331/13.
- Preliminary Hydrogeological and Servicing Concepts Study Primrose, Ontario (Township of Mulmur),
   Prepared for: Township of Mulmur, Prepared by: Azimuth Environmental Consulting, Inc. dated February
   2008 (revised March 2009).
- WSP Canada Inc. (WSP). Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 506243 Highway 89, Primrose, Ontario.
   July 2019.

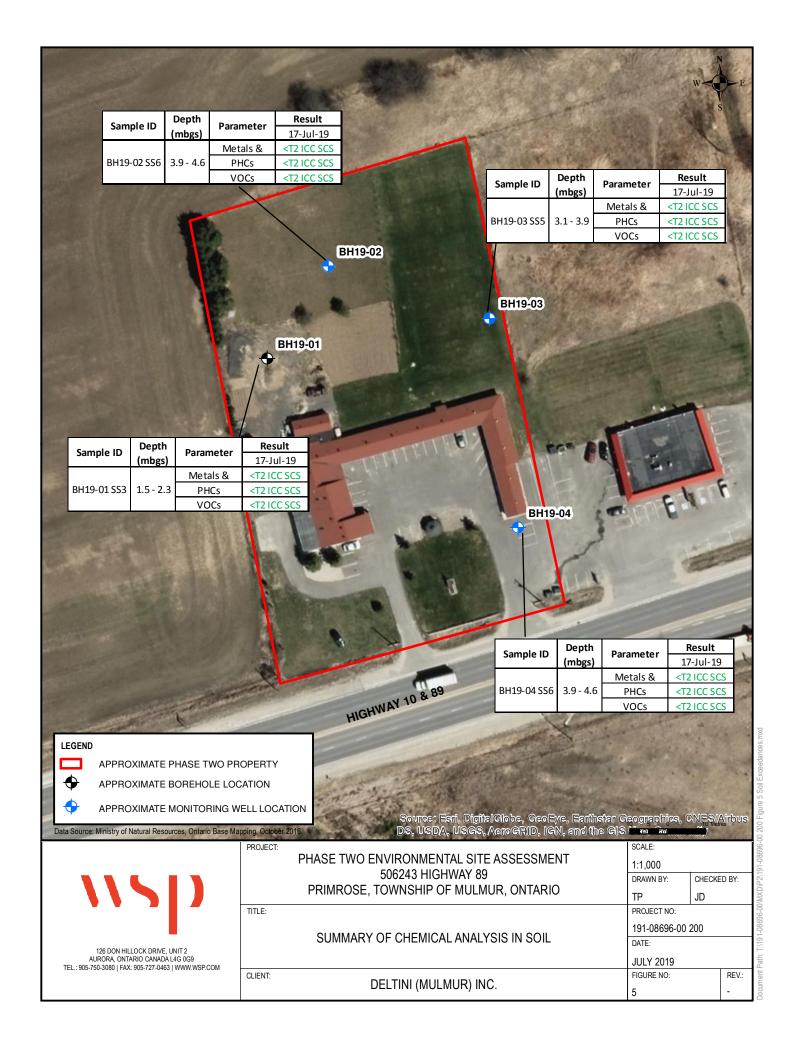
## **FIGURES**

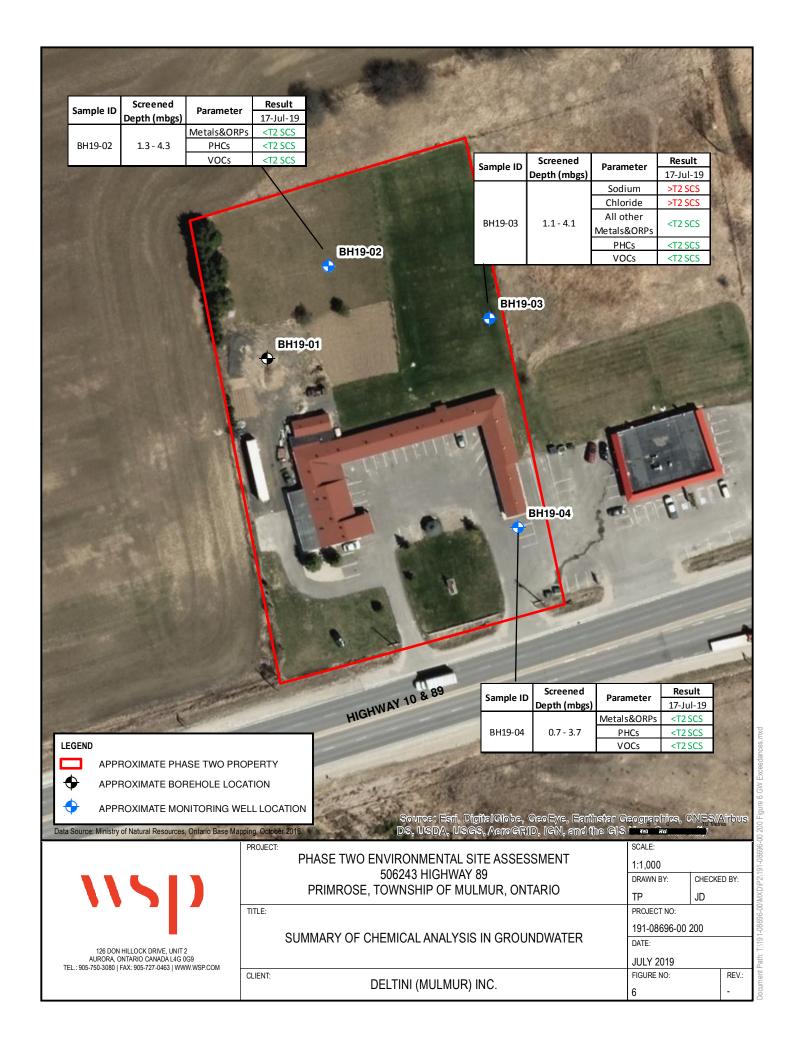






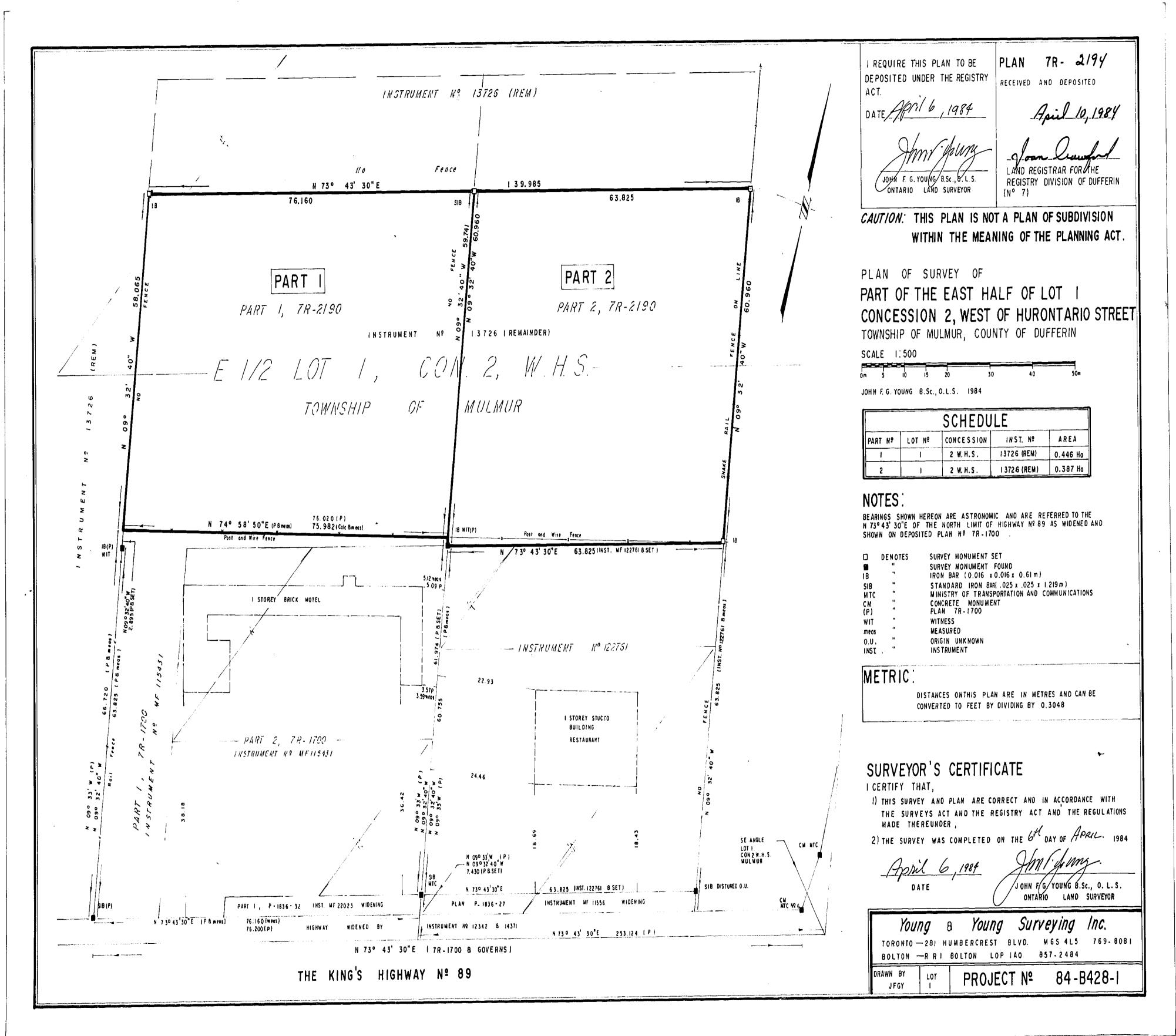






## **APPENDIX**

A LEGAL SURVEY



### **APPENDIX**

# B SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

#### SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

WSP was retained by Ms. Marika Zigon on behalf of Deltini (Mulmur) Inc. to conduct a Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of 506243 Highway 89, in the Town of Primrose, Ontario. The purpose of the proposed Phase Two ESA is to assess the current subsurface environmental conditions in support of a property transaction.

The Phase Two ESA will involve intrusive investigation in the areas determined in the Site visit to be APECs, and will be completed in general accordance with O.Reg 153/04. Based on the findings of the field and laboratory analyses, a Phase Two ESA report will be prepared.

The Site Investigation Program will be completed as follows:

- Public and private underground utilities and services will be cleared prior to commencement of intrusive investigation activities
- A Health and Safety Plan will be prepared and all work will be executed safely
- Four (4) boreholes will be advanced on the Phase Two Property, to an approximate maximum depth of 5.0 mbgs using a track-mounted drill rig. The soil profile from each borehole will be logged in the field and samples will be screened for TOV with a PID. The location of the boreholes will be selected to investigate any APECs identified during the Site visit, as well as to delineate the horizontal and vertical extents of relevant parameters of concern.
- Based on field screening and visual/olfactory observations, worst-case/representative soil samples from the boreholes will be submitted for laboratory testing of relevant parameters of concern.
- Three (3) groundwater monitoring wells will be installed within three (3) of the four (4) boreholes to assess groundwater quality below the Site;
- The groundwater levels in the wells will be measured at least 24 hours after well development has been completed.
- The groundwater wells will be purged to remove stagnant water and sampled for laboratory testing of relevant parameters of concern.
- Both soil and groundwater samples will be submitted for chemical analysis by a CALA laboratory in accordance with the Ontario MECP standards and requirements of O.Reg. 153/04 under the Environmental Protection Act.

The proposed analytical program is outlined below (proposed program subject to change as a result of site observations/findings). All soil and groundwater sampling will be carried out in accordance with WSP's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs).

#### Soils:

- Four (4) soil samples for Metals and ORPs
- Four (4) soil samples for PHCs
- Four (4) soil samples for VOCs

• Two (2) soil sample for QA/QC purposes (duplicates)

#### Groundwater:

- Three (3) groundwater samples for Metals and ORPs
- Three (3) groundwater samples for VOCs
- Three (3) groundwater samples for PHCs
- Two (2) groundwater samples for QA/QC purposes (one duplicate and one trip blank)

Following receipt of all of the results, a report in accordance with O.Reg. 153/04 will be prepared.

It is noted that if the Phase Two ESA reveals parameter concentrations greater than the applicable standards set out in *Ontario Regulation 153/04*, then additional work (i.e., supplemental delineation, additional drilling, sampling, analysis, and/or site remediation activities) will be deemed necessary prior to RSC filing, should an RSC be required. The costs for any additional work, if necessary, are beyond the current scope of work.

#### **Finalized Sampling & Analysis Plan**

The finalized SAP was created based on the request to complete a Phase Two ESA for due diligence purposes. The SAP was compiled to collect data to provide information on soil and/or groundwater quality in each APEC.

Figure 3 outlines the borehole/monitoring well investigation locations. Table 4.1 provides the proposed and implemented SAP, which includes the specific requirements for sampling and analysis for the areas to be investigated.

Additional delineation may be required following the implementation of this SAP to meet the requirements of O.Reg. 153/04 which requires delineation of all areas where concentrations are above the applicable SCS such as in the following conditions:

Unexpected contamination not previously discovered, or not related to identified APECs, will need to be further delineated to identify source(s); and

Requirement for a minimum of three monitoring wells per stratigraphic unit would have to extend to underlying units if there is evidence of contamination extending into it; the SAP assumes contamination is limited to the upper stratigraphic unit (confirmed with clean sample) then the underlying units do not necessarily have to be characterized. The SAP has been developed using the available data, and may require additional delineation if sampling results come out suggesting impacts are deeper than initially expected.

## **APPENDIX**

G BOREHOLE LOGS



PROJECT: Phase Two ESA REF. NO.: 191-08696-00

CLIENT: Deltini (Mulmur) Inc. Method: Ram Sounder ENCL NO.: 1

PROJECT LOCATION: 506243 Highway 89, Primrose, Ontario Diameter: 50mm DATUM: Geodetic Date: Jun/09/2019

BH LC	OCATION: See Figure 1							DVALA	MIO 00	NE DE	NETD/	TION								
	SOIL PROFILE		8	SAMPL	ES	<u>~</u>		RESIS	TANCE	ONE PE E PLOT	NETRA	ATION		PLAST	IC NATU MOIS CON	JRAL	LIQUID LIMIT		₩	REMARKS
(m) ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" BLOWS 0.3 m	GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	SHEA O UI	L STI NCONF JICK TI	RENG INED RIAXIA	TH (kF + L ×	Pa) FIELD VA & Sensitiv LAB VA	ANE vity ANE	LIMIT W <sub>P</sub> ⊢— WA	TER CC	v > ONTEN	LIMIT  W <sub>L</sub> T (%)	POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT ( (KN/m³)	AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
460.4	Ground Surface TOPSOIL: 30cm	Z/ 1/X	2	-	-	0 0	Ш	-		-0 0			50	<u>'</u>		.0				GR SA SI CL HEX: 0ppm,
460.1	SILTY SAND/SANDY SILT: trace clay, brown, moist, compact		1	SS	13		460	- - -							•					ISO: 0ppm
459.7 - 0.8	some clay, trace gravel							- - -												HEX: 0ppm, ISO: 0ppm
- - - - -458.9			2	SS	13		459	- - - -							0					
1.5	increased clay, very moist		3	SS	26			- - - -							0					HEX: 140ppm, ISO: 2ppm
- - 458.0 _ 2.4	SAND: trace silt, brown, moist, dense						458	- - - -												HEX: 20ppm, ISO: 2ppm
- - - 3			4	SS	27			- - -						0						
- - -			5	SS	38		457	- - -						0						HEX: 0ppm, ISO: 2ppm
456.6 3.8	some silt, very moist		6	SS	36	Ā	W. L. 4 Upon (								0					HEX: 25ppm, ISO: 2ppm
-455.0							456													
4.6 4.6 85001	END OF BOREHOLE: Notes: 1) Borehole caved to 4.1 mbgs and was wet at bottom.																			
WSP SOIL LOG 191-08896-00 Bi						GRAPH	3					p-30/								



PROJECT: Phase Two ESA REF. NO.: 191-08696-00

CLIENT: Deltini (Mulmur) Inc. Method: Pionjar ENCL NO.: 2

PROJECT LOCATION: 506243 Highway 89, Primrose, Ontario Diameter: 50mm

DATUM: Geodetic Date: Jun/09/2019

BH L	OCATION: See Figure 1							D) (1   A	110.00	NE DE	UETO A	TION								
	SOIL PROFILE		S	SAMPL	ES	<u>α</u>		DYNAI RESIS	MIC CC TANCE	NE PE PLOT	NETRA	TION		PLASTI	C NATI	JRAL	LIQUID		₽	REMARKS
(m) ELEV DEPTH		STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" BLOWS 0.3 m	GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	SHEA O UN	L STI NCONF JICK TI	RENGTINED	ΓΗ (kP + [ - × [	LAB VA	ANE rity ANE	LIMIT W <sub>P</sub> ⊢— WA	TER CC	w > ONTEN	LIQUID LIMIT W <sub>L</sub> T (%)	POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT V (kN/m³)	
459.8 0.0	Ground Surface TOPSOIL: 50cm	N S	Z	i-	-	© 0 ▼] [▼			0 4	0 6	0 80	0 10	)U	1	0 2	20 3	30			GR SA SI CL HEX: 0ppm,
459.3 0.5	SILTY SAND/SANDY SILT: trace clay, trace cobbles, brown, moist		1	SS				- - - -						0						ISO: 1ppm
0.8	some clay to clayey, trace gravel						459	-												HEX: 15ppm, ISO: 1ppm
- - -			2	SS				- - -							o					HEX: 30ppm,
- - - <u>-</u> 2			3	SS			458	- - -							0					ISO: 1ppm
457.5 2.3	decreased clay		4	SS				- - - -						0						HEX: 35ppm, ISO: 0ppm
- - 3			5	SS			457 W. L. 4 Upon (	- - - - 156.5 r	m etion											HEX: 10ppm, ISO: 0ppm
- 456.1 - 3.7 - - -							Jul 22, 456													HEX: 410ppm, ISO: 0ppm
- - - - 455.2			6	SS				- - -							0					
4.0 61521 rds	Notes: 1) Installed groundwater monitoring well upon completion. 2) Water level was 3.3 mbgs upon completion.																			
WSP SOIL LOG 191-08596-00 BH LOGS																				



PROJECT: Phase Two ESA REF. NO.: 191-08696-00

CLIENT: Deltini (Mulmur) Inc. Method: Pionjar ENCL NO.: 3

PROJECT LOCATION: 506243 Highway 89, Primrose, Ontario

DATUM: Geodetic

Date: Jun/09/2019

BH L	OCATION: See Figure 1							IDVALA.	110.00	NE DE	NETD A	TION								
	SOIL PROFILE		S	SAMPL	ES			DYNAN RESIS	TANCE	NE PE E PLOT	NETRA	TION		PLAST	C NATI	JRAL	LIQUID		V	REMARKS
(m) ELEV DEPTH		STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" BLOWS 0.3 m	GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	SHEA  O UN  QU 20	R STI	RENG RENG INED RIAXIAL 0 6	TH (kF + ;	LAB V	ANE vity ANE	LIMIT W <sub>P</sub> 	TER CO		LIQUID LIMIT W <sub>L</sub> T (%)	POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT \	
458.2 0.0	Ground Surface TOPSOIL: 63cm, mixed with	\(\frac{z_1  \frac{1}{3}}{\sqrt{\sq}\ext{\sqrt{\sint{\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}	Z		-	<sup>©</sup> <sup>©</sup>		- 1	) 4	0 6	0 8	0 10	JU		10 2	10 .	50			GR SA SI CL HEX: 0ppm,
- - - 457.6 - 457.5	clayey silt		1	SS			458	-							0					ISO: 0ppm
- 0.8	SANDY SILT/SILTY SAND: some clay, brown, moist		2	SS			W. L. 4 Upon (	1457.4 n 457.4 n Comple	n etion							0				HEX: 15ppm, ISO: 0ppm
- - - - -			3	SS				- - - -									0			HEX: 0ppm, ISO: 0ppm
- - - - 455.5 - 2.7	trace gravel, grey		4	SS			456	-							0					HEX: 55ppm, ISO: 0ppm
<u>3</u> - - -			5	SS			455	-							•					HEX: 100ppm, ISO: 1ppm
454.4 3.8	SAND: some silt, some clay, grey, very moist		6	SS			454	-							0			-		HEX: 25ppm, ISO: 1ppm
4.53.7 4.6	END OF BOREHOLE: Notes: 1) Installed groundwater monitoring well upon completion. 2) Water level was 0.9 mbgs upon completion.																			



**LOG OF BOREHOLE BH19-04** 1 OF 1 PROJECT: Phase Two ESA REF. NO.: 191-08696-00 CLIENT: Deltini (Mulmur) Inc. Method: Ram Sounder ENCL NO.: 4 PROJECT LOCATION: 506243 Highway 89, Primrose, Ontario Diameter: 50mm DATUM: Geodetic Date: Jun/09/2019 BH LOCATION: See Figure 1 DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT SOIL PROFILE SAMPLES PLASTIC NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT REMARKS LIQUID LIMIT GROUND WATER POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa) AND 40 60 100 NATURAL UNIT (KN/m³) 80 (m) STRATA PLOT CONDITIONS GRAIN SIZE BLOWS 0.3 m SHEAR STRENGTH (kPa) ELEV DEPTH + FIELD VANE \* Sensitivity DISTRIBUTION DESCRIPTION NUMBER O UNCONFINED (%) WATER CONTENT (%) QUICK TRIAXIAL × LAB VANE 40 60 80 10 20 30 GR SA SI CL 458.0 Ground Surface ASPHALT: 5cm HEX: 5ppm, 450.0 ISO: 0ppm GRANULAR FILL: 25cm, silty sand and gravel, brown, moist, compact 457.7 W. L. 457.8 m ORGANICS/TOPSOIL: dark 0.3 SS 11 **Upon Completion** brown, moist, loose 457.3 0.7 SANDY SILT/SILTY SAND: some V HEX: 20ppm, clay, brown, moist to very moist, W. L. 457.2 m ISO: 0ppm loose to compact V Jul 22, 2019 W. L. 457.0 m Jul 10. 2019 2 SS 11 0 .4<u>56</u>.<u>5</u> 1.5 some clay to clayey HEX: 10ppm, ISO: 0ppm 3 SS 9 0 456 HEX: 0ppm, ISO: 0ppm 4 SS 11 0 455 <del>-3</del>455.0 HEX: 0ppm, occassional gravel ISO: 0ppm 5 SS 10 0 454.2 becoming grey HEX: 0ppm, ISO: 0ppm 454 SS 6 8 0 453.5 SAND: some silt, some gravel, 45**4**.4 END OF BOREHOLE: Notes: 1) Installed groundwater monitoring well upon completion. 2) Water level was 0.2 mbgs upon completion.

### **APPENDIX**

## CERTIFICATES OF ANALYSIS

## APPENDIX

D-1 SOIL



**CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.** 

561 BRYNE DRIVE, UNITS C&D

BARRIE, ON L4N9Y3

(705) 735-9771

**ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett** 

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812

SOIL ANALYSIS REVIEWED BY: Amanjot Bhela, Inorganic Supervisor

TRACE ORGANICS REVIEWED BY: Neli Popnikolova, Senior Chemist

DATE REPORTED: Jul 17, 2019

**PAGES (INCLUDING COVER): 15** 

**VERSION\*: 1** 

Should you require any information regarding this analysis please contact your client services representative at (905) 712-5100

*NOTES	

All samples will be disposed of within 30 days following analysis. Please contact the lab if you require additional sample storage time.

AGAT Laboratories (V1)

Page 1 of 15

Member of: Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Alberta (APEGA)

Western Enviro-Agricultural Laboratory Association (WEALA) Environmental Services Association of Alberta (ESAA) AGAT Laboratories is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) and/or Standards Council of Canada (SCC) for specific tests listed on the scope of accreditation. AGAT Laboratories (Mississauga) is also accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) for specific drinking water tests. Accreditations are location and parameter specific. A complete listing of parameters for each location is available from www.cala.ca and/or www.scc.ca. The tests in this report may not necessarily be included in the scope of accreditation. Measurement Uncertainty is not taken into consideration when stating conformity with a specified requirement.



**AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812** 

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

#### O. Reg. 153(511) - Metals & Inorganics (Soil)

DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10									DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17
Parameter	Unit		CRIPTION: PLE TYPE: SAMPLED: RDL	BH19-01 SS3 Soil 2019-07-09 339062	BH19-02 SS6 Soil 2019-07-09 339063	BH19-03 SS5 Soil 2019-07-09 339064	BH19-04 SS6 Soil 2019-07-09 339065	DUP-1 Soil 2019-07-09 339066	
Antimony	µg/g	40	0.8	<0.8	<0.8	<0.8	<0.8	<0.8	
Arsenic	μg/g	18	1	4	2	3	4	4	
Barium	μg/g	670	2	26	18	34	33	26	
Beryllium	μg/g	8	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Boron	μg/g	120	5	7	<5	8	9	7	
Boron (Hot Water Soluble)	μg/g	2	0.10	0.11	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
Cadmium	μg/g	1.9	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Chromium	μg/g	160	2	10	6	11	14	10	
Cobalt	μg/g	80	0.5	5.7	2.7	5.9	7.6	5.5	
Copper	μg/g	230	1	13	7	12	14	13	
Lead	μg/g	120	1	4	2	5	5	4	
Molybdenum	μg/g	40	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Nickel	μg/g	270	1	13	7	13	17	13	
Selenium	μg/g	5.5	0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	0.5	<0.4	
Silver	μg/g	40	0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Thallium	μg/g	3.3	0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	
Uranium	μg/g	33	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Vanadium	μg/g	86	1	19	13	19	23	19	
Zinc	μg/g	340	5	23	10	24	30	22	
Chromium VI	μg/g	8	0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Cyanide	μg/g	0.051	0.040	< 0.040	<0.040	<0.040	< 0.040	< 0.040	
Mercury	μg/g	3.9	0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
Electrical Conductivity	mS/cm	1.4	0.005	0.138	0.092	0.518	0.309	0.140	
Sodium Adsorption Ratio	NA	12	NA	0.191	0.199	1.34	2.45	0.162	
pH, 2:1 CaCl2 Extraction	pH Units		NA	7.85	7.95	7.85	7.69	7.78	

Certified By:





**AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812** 

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

**CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.** 

SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

O. Reg. 153(511) - Metals & Inorganics (Soil)

DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10 DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17

Comments:

339062-339066

RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard: Refers to Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition - Soil -

Industrial/Commercial/Community Property Use - Coarse Textured Soils

Guideline values are for general reference only. The guidelines provided may or may not be relevant for the intended use. Refer directly to the applicable standard for regulatory interpretation.

EC was determined on the DI water extract obtained from the 2:1 leaching procedure (2 parts DI water:1 part soil). pH was determined on the 0.01M CaCl2 extract prepared at 2:1 ratio. SAR is a calculated

arameter.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)

Certified By:



**AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812** 

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.
SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett
SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

O. Reg. 153	3(511) -	· PHCs F1 -	F4 (	-BTEX	) (	Soil)
-------------	----------	-------------	------	-------	-----	-------

DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10								<b>DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17</b>
		SAMPLE DESC	RIPTION:	BH19-01 SS3	BH19-02 SS6	BH19-03 SS5	BH19-04 SS6	
		SAMP	LE TYPE:	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
		DATE S	AMPLED:	2019-07-09	2019-07-09	2019-07-09	2019-07-09	
Parameter	Unit	G/S	RDL	339062	339063	339064	339065	
F1 (C6 to C10)	μg/g	55	5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
F1 (C6 to C10) minus BTEX	μg/g	55	5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
F2 (C10 to C16)	μg/g	230	10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
F3 (C16 to C34)	μg/g	1700	50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
F4 (C34 to C50)	μg/g	3300	50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
Gravimetric Heavy Hydrocarbons	μg/g	3300	50	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Moisture Content	%		0.1	16.7	16.2	10.4	16.3	
Surrogate	Unit	Acceptabl	e Limits					
Terphenyl	%	60-1	40	98	73	62	62	

Comments: RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard: Refers to Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition - Soil -

Industrial/Commercial/Community Property Use - Coarse Textured Soils

Guideline values are for general reference only. The guidelines provided may or may not be relevant for the intended use. Refer directly to the applicable standard for regulatory interpretation.

339062-339065 Results are based on sample dry weight.

The C6-C10 fraction is calculated using toluene response factor.

C6-C10 (F1 minus BTEX) is a calculated parameter. The calculated value is F1 minus BTEX.

The C10 - C16, C16 - C34, and C34 - C50 fractions are calculated using the average response factor for n-C10, n-C16, and n-C34.

Gravimetric Heavy Hydrocarbons are not included in the Total C16-C50 and are only determined if the chromatogram of the C34 - C50 hydrocarbons indicates that hydrocarbons > C50 are present.

The chromatogram has returned to baseline by the retention time of nC50.

Total C6 - C50 results are corrected for BTEX contribution.

This method complies with the Reference Method for the CWS PHC and is validated for use in the laboratory.

nC6 and nC10 response factors are within 30% of Toluene response factor.

nC10, nC16 and nC34 response factors are within 10% of their average.

C50 response factor is within 70% of nC10 + nC16 + nC34 average.

Linearity is within 15%.

Extraction and holding times were met for this sample.

Fractions 1-4 are quantified without the contribution of PAHs. Under Ontario Regulation 153, results are considered valid without determining the PAH contribution if not requested by the client.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)

Certified By:

NPoprikolof



**AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812** 

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

SAMPLING SITE.300243 HIGH	way 09, Fi	11111 036			SAMPLED BY NICOIE COIDER
				O. Reg. 1	153(511) - VOCs (Soil)
DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10					DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17
			CRIPTION: PLE TYPE: SAMPLED:	DUP-2 Soil 2019-07-09	
Parameter	Unit	G/S	RDL	339067	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	μg/g	16	0.05	<0.05	
Vinyl Chloride	ug/g	0.032	0.02	<0.02	
Bromomethane	ug/g	0.05	0.05	<0.05	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/g	4	0.05	< 0.05	
Acetone	ug/g	16	0.50	<0.50	
1,1-Dichloroethylene	ug/g	0.064	0.05	<0.05	
Methylene Chloride	ug/g	1.6	0.05	< 0.05	
Trans- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	ug/g	1.3	0.05	<0.05	
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	ug/g	1.6	0.05	<0.05	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/g	0.47	0.02	<0.02	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ug/g	70	0.50	<0.50	
Cis- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	ug/g	1.9	0.02	<0.02	
Chloroform	ug/g	0.47	0.04	<0.04	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/g	0.05	0.03	< 0.03	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/g	6.1	0.05	<0.05	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ug/g	0.21	0.05	<0.05	
Benzene	ug/g	0.32	0.02	<0.02	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/g	0.16	0.03	< 0.03	
Trichloroethylene	ug/g	0.55	0.03	< 0.03	
Bromodichloromethane	ug/g	1.5	0.05	<0.05	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ug/g	31	0.50	<0.50	
I,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/g	0.05	0.04	<0.04	
Toluene	ug/g	6.4	0.05	<0.05	
Dibromochloromethane	ug/g	2.3	0.05	<0.05	
Ethylene Dibromide	ug/g	0.05	0.04	<0.04	
Fetrachloroethylene	ug/g	1.9	0.05	<0.05	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/g	0.087	0.04	<0.04	
Chlorobenzene	ug/g	2.4	0.05	<0.05	
	,				

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ug/g

ug/g

Ethylbenzene

m & p-Xylene

0.05

0.05

1.1

< 0.05

< 0.05



**AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812** 

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

|--|

DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10					DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17
	SA	AMPLE DES	CRIPTION:	DUP-2	
		SAMI	PLE TYPE:	Soil	
		DATE S	SAMPLED:	2019-07-09	
Parameter	Unit	G/S	RDL	339067	
Bromoform	ug/g	0.61	0.05	< 0.05	
Styrene	ug/g	34	0.05	< 0.05	
,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/g	0.05	0.05	< 0.05	
-Xylene	ug/g		0.05	< 0.05	
,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/g	9.6	0.05	< 0.05	
,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/g	0.2	0.05	< 0.05	
,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/g	1.2	0.05	< 0.05	
(ylene Mixture	ug/g	26	0.05	< 0.05	
,3-Dichloropropene	μg/g	0.059	0.04	< 0.04	
-Hexane	μg/g	46	0.05	< 0.05	
Noisture Content	%		0.1	10.2	
Surrogate	Unit	Acceptab	le Limits		
oluene-d8	% Recovery	50-1	40	99	
I-Bromofluorobenzene	% Recovery	50-1	40	101	

Comments: RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard: Refers to Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition - Soil -

Industrial/Commercial/Community Property Use - Coarse Textured Soils

Guideline values are for general reference only. The guidelines provided may or may not be relevant for the intended use. Refer directly to the applicable standard for regulatory interpretation.

The sample was analyzed using the high level technique. The sample was extracted using methanol, a small amount of the methanol extract was diluted in water and the purge & trap GC/MS analysis was

performed. Results are based on the dry weight of the soil.

Xylenes total is a calculated parameter. The calculated value is the sum of m&p-Xylene + o-Xylene.

1,3-Dichloropropene total is a calculated parameter. The calculated value is the sum of Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene and Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)

339067

Certified By:





**AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812** 

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

O. Req.	153	(511)	- VOCs	(Soil)
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DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10								<b>DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17</b>
		SAMPLE DESCRIP	PTION:	BH19-01 SS3	BH19-02 SS6	BH19-03 SS5	BH19-04 SS6	
		SAMPLE	TYPE:	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
		DATE SAM	PLED:	2019-07-09	2019-07-09	2019-07-09	2019-07-09	
Parameter	Unit	G/S F	RDL	339062	339063	339064	339065	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	μg/g	16	0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	
Vinyl Chloride	ug/g	0.032	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	
Bromomethane	ug/g	0.05	0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/g	4 (	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Acetone	ug/g	16	0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	
1,1-Dichloroethylene	ug/g	0.064	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Methylene Chloride	ug/g	1.6	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	
Trans- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	ug/g	1.3	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	ug/g	1.6	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/g	0.47	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	<0.02	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ug/g	70	0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	
Cis- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	ug/g	1.9	0.02	< 0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	
Chloroform	ug/g	0.47	0.04	<0.04	< 0.04	< 0.04	<0.04	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/g	0.05	0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	<0.03	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/g	6.1	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ug/g	0.21	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Benzene	ug/g	0.32	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	<0.02	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/g	0.16	0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	<0.03	
Trichloroethylene	ug/g	0.55	0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	
Bromodichloromethane	ug/g	1.5	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ug/g	31 (	0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/g	0.05	0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
Toluene	ug/g	6.4	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Dibromochloromethane	ug/g	2.3	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Ethylene Dibromide	ug/g	0.05	0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
Tetrachloroethylene	ug/g	1.9	0.05	<0.05	<0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/g	0.087	0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
Chlorobenzene	ug/g	2.4	0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	
Ethylbenzene	ug/g	1.1 (	0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	
m & p-Xylene	ug/g	(	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	

Certified By:

NPoprukolof



**AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812** 

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

O. Reg. 153(511) -	VOCS (SOII)	

DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10								DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17
		SAMPLE DES	CRIPTION:	BH19-01 SS3	BH19-02 SS6	BH19-03 SS5	BH19-04 SS6	
		SAM	PLE TYPE:	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
		DATE	SAMPLED:	2019-07-09	2019-07-09	2019-07-09	2019-07-09	
Parameter	Unit	G/S	RDL	339062	339063	339064	339065	
Bromoform	ug/g	0.61	0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	
Styrene	ug/g	34	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/g	0.05	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
o-Xylene	ug/g		0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/g	9.6	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/g	0.2	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/g	1.2	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Xylene Mixture	ug/g	26	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/g	0.059	0.04	<0.04	< 0.04	< 0.04	<0.04	
n-Hexane	μg/g	46	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	
Surrogate	Unit	Acceptab	le Limits					
Toluene-d8	% Recovery	50-	140	102	97	102	96	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	% Recovery	50-	140	130	117	110	107	

Comments:

RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard: Refers to Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition - Soil -

Industrial/Commercial/Community Property Use - Coarse Textured Soils

Guideline values are for general reference only. The guidelines provided may or may not be relevant for the intended use. Refer directly to the applicable standard for regulatory interpretation.

339062-339065

The sample was analyzed using the high level technique. The sample was extracted using methanol, a small amount of the methanol extract was diluted in water and the purge & trap GC/MS analysis was performed. Results are based on the dry weight of the soil.

Xylenes total is a calculated parameter. The calculated value is the sum of m&p-Xylene + o-Xylene.

1,3-Dichloropropene total is a calculated parameter. The calculated value is the sum of Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene and Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)

Certified By:

NPoprikolof



#### **Quality Assurance**

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. PROJECT: 191-08696-00

SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812
ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett
SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

PARAMETER	Soil Analysis																	
PARAMETER   Batch   Sample   Law   Park   Mark	RPT Date: Jul 17, 2019				DUPLICATE			REFERENCE MATERIAL			METHOD	BLANK	SPIKE	MATRIX SPIKE				
Company   Comp	PARAMETER	Batch		Dup #1	Dup #2	RPD					Recovery	Limite		Recovery	Liv	ptable nits		
Antimony 34976	. ,		Id					Value	Lower	Upper		Lower Upper			Lower	Upper		
Arsenic         349876         6         6         0.0%         < 1         104%         70%         130%         120%         80%         120%         91%         70%           Barlum         349876         133         130         2.3%         < 2	O. Reg. 153(511) - Metals & Inc	organics (Soi	l)															
Barium         349876         133         130         2.3%         <2         101%         70%         130%         98%         80%         120%         97%         70%           Beryllium         349876         0.8         0.7         NA         <0.5	Antimony	349876		<0.8	<0.8	NA	< 0.8	125%	70%	130%	96%	80%	120%	95%	70%	130%		
Beryllium	Arsenic	349876		6	6	0.0%	< 1	104%	70%	130%	102%	80%	120%	101%	70%	130%		
Boron         349876         13         13         NA         < 5         75%         70%         130%         114%         80%         120%         98%         70%           Boron (Hot Water Soluble)         349876         0.31         0.31         NA         < 0.10	Barium	349876		133	130	2.3%	< 2	101%	70%	130%	98%	80%	120%	97%	70%	130%		
Boron (Hot Water Soluble) 349876 0.31 0.31 NA < 0.10 115% 60% 140% 102% 70% 130% 101% 60% Cadmium 349876 < 0.5 < 0.5 NA < 0.5 99% 70% 130% 100% 80% 120% 101% 70% Cohronium 349876   28 28 8 0.0% < 2 89% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 1013% 70% Cobalt 349876   15.3 14.7 4.0% < 0.5 101% 70% 130% 118% 80% 120% 111% 70% Copper 349876   25 25 0.0% < 1 83% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 111% 70% Molybdenum 349876   19 19 0.0% < 1 95% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 101% 70% Molybdenum 349876   0.6 0.6 NA < 0.5 104% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 104% 70% Nickel 349876   32 32 0.0% < 1 93% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 104% 70% Nickel 349876   0.5 0.4 NA < 0.5 104% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 101% 70% Selenium 349876   0.5 0.4 NA < 0.4 127% 70% 130% 102% 80% 120% 99% 70% Silver 349876   0.0 1.0 NA < 0.2 93% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 99% 70% Vanadium 349876   0.1 0.0 NA < 0.5 117% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 99% 70% Vanadium 349876   0.1 0.0 NA < 0.5 117% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 99% 70% Vanadium 349876   0.1 0.0 NA < 0.5 117% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 99% 70% Vanadium 349876   0.1 0.0 NA < 0.5 117% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 99% 70% Vanadium 349876   0.1 0.0 NA < 0.5 117% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 99% 70% Vanadium 349876   0.1 0.0 NA < 0.5 117% 70% 130% 108% 80% 120% 109% 70% Vanadium 349876   0.1 0.0 NA < 0.5 117% 70% 130% 108% 80% 120% 109% 70% Vanadium 349876   0.1 0.0 NA < 0.5 117% 70% 130% 108% 80% 120% 109% 70% Vanadium 349876   0.2 0.2 NA < 0.2 111% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 103% 70% Chromium VI 341423   0.2 0.2 0.2 NA < 0.2 111% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% Chromium VI 341423   0.2 0.2 0.2 NA < 0.2 111% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% Chromium VI 341423   0.2 0.2 0.2 NA < 0.2 111% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70	Beryllium	349876		0.8	0.7	NA	< 0.5	98%	70%	130%	104%	80%	120%	106%	70%	130%		
Cadmium         349876         <0.5         <0.5         NA         <0.5         99%         70%         130%         100%         80%         120%         101%         70%           Chromium         349876         28         28         0.0%         <2	Boron	349876		13	13	NA	< 5	75%	70%	130%	114%	80%	120%	98%	70%	130%		
Chromium 349876 28 28 0.0% < 2 89% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 103% 70% Cobalt 349876 15.3 14.7 4.0% < 0.5 101% 70% 130% 118% 80% 120% 111% 70% Copper 349876 25 25 0.0% < 1 83% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 94% 70% Molybdenum 349876 0.6 0.6 NA < 0.5 104% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 104% 70% Nickel 349876 0.5 0.4 NA < 0.5 104% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 101% 70% Selenium 349876 0.5 0.4 NA < 0.4 127% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 99% 70% Silver 349876 < 0.2 < 0.2 NA < 0.2 93% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 94% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 99% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 106% 106% 106% 106% 106% 106% 106% 10	Boron (Hot Water Soluble)	349876		0.31	0.31	NA	< 0.10	115%	60%	140%	102%	70%	130%	101%	60%	140%		
Cobalit         349876         15.3         14.7         4.0%         < 0.5         101%         70%         130%         118%         80%         120%         111%         70%           Copper         349876         25         25         0.0%         < 1	Cadmium	349876		<0.5	< 0.5	NA	< 0.5	99%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	101%	70%	130%		
Copper         349876         25         25         0.0%         <1         83%         70%         130%         106%         80%         120%         94%         70%           Lead         349876         19         19         0.0%         <1	Chromium	349876		28	28	0.0%	< 2	89%	70%	130%	107%	80%	120%	103%	70%	130%		
Lead 349876 19 19 0.0% <1 95% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 108% 70% Nolybdenum 349876 0.6 0.6 NA <0.5 104% 70% 130% 108% 80% 120% 104% 70% Nickel 349876 32 32 0.0% <1 93% 70% 130% 108% 80% 120% 101% 70% Selenium 349876 0.5 0.4 NA <0.4 127% 70% 130% 102% 80% 120% 99% 70% Silver 349876 <0.2 <0.2 NA <0.2 93% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 93% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 93% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 93% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 93% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 93% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 93% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 94% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 98% 70% 120% 98%	Cobalt	349876		15.3	14.7	4.0%	< 0.5	101%	70%	130%	118%	80%	120%	111%	70%	130%		
Molybdenum         349876         0.6         0.6         NA         < 0.5         104%         70%         130%         108%         80%         120%         104%         70%           Nickel         349876         32         32         0.0%         < 1	Copper	349876		25	25	0.0%	< 1	83%	70%	130%	106%	80%	120%	94%	70%	130%		
Nickel 349876 32 32 0.0% <1 93% 70% 130% 109% 80% 120% 101% 70% Selenium 349876 0.5 0.4 NA <0.4 127% 70% 130% 102% 80% 120% 99% 70% Silver 349876 <0.2 <0.2 NA <0.2 93% 70% 130% 101% 80% 120% 93% 70% Uranium 349876 1.0 1.0 1.0 NA <0.4 104% 70% 130% 108% 80% 120% 94% 70% Vanadium 349876 43 42 2.4% <1 103% 70% 130% 119% 80% 120% 113% 70% Vanadium VI 341423 <0.2 <0.2 NA <0.2 NA <0.2 111% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 94% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 1.0 NA <0.2 NA <0.2 111% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 109% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 43 42 2.4% <1 103% 70% 130% 119% 80% 120% 113% 70% Vanadium VI 341423 <0.2 <0.2 NA <0.2 111% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 341423 <0.2 <0.2 NA <0.2 111% 70% 130% 104% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 341423 <0.2 <0.2 NA <0.2 111% 70% 130% 104% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.040 0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 104% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 <0.040 NA <0.02 111% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 <0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 <0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 <0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 <0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 <0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 <0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 <0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 98% 70% Vanadium VI 349876 <0.010 NA <0.040 NA <0.040 NA <0.040 NA <0.040 NA	Lead	349876		19	19	0.0%	< 1	95%	70%	130%	106%	80%	120%	108%	70%	130%		
Selenium         349876         0.5         0.4         NA         < 0.4         127%         70%         130%         102%         80%         120%         99%         70%           Silver         349876         <0.2	Molybdenum	349876		0.6	0.6	NA	< 0.5	104%	70%	130%	108%	80%	120%	104%	70%	130%		
Silver         349876         <0.2         <0.2         NA         < 0.2         93%         70%         130%         101%         80%         120%         93%         70%           Thallium         349876         <0.4	Nickel	349876		32	32	0.0%	< 1	93%	70%	130%	109%	80%	120%	101%	70%	130%		
Thallium 349876	Selenium	349876		0.5	0.4	NA	< 0.4	127%	70%	130%	102%	80%	120%	99%	70%	130%		
Uranium         349876         1.0         1.0         NA         < 0.5         117%         70%         130%         108%         80%         120%         109%         70%           Vanadium         349876         43         42         2.4%         < 1	Silver	349876		<0.2	<0.2	NA	< 0.2	93%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	93%	70%	130%		
Vanadium       349876       43       42       2.4%       <1       103%       70%       130%       119%       80%       120%       113%       70%         Zinc       349876       71       69       2.9%       < 5	Thallium	349876		<0.4	<0.4	NA	< 0.4	104%	70%	130%	95%	80%	120%	94%	70%	130%		
Zinc 349876 71 69 2.9% <5 80% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 103% 70% Chromium VI 341423 <0.2 NA <0.2 111% 70% 130% 106% 80% 120% 98% 70% 100% NA <0.2 111% 70% 130% 104% 80% 120% 98% 70% 100% NA <0.040 NA <0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 92% 70% 100% NA <0.040 NA	Uranium	349876		1.0	1.0	NA	< 0.5	117%	70%	130%	108%	80%	120%	109%	70%	130%		
Chromium VI         341423         <0.2         <0.2         NA         < 0.2         111%         70%         130%         104%         80%         120%         98%         70%           Cyanide         339065         339065         <0.040	Vanadium	349876		43	42	2.4%	< 1	103%	70%	130%	119%	80%	120%	113%	70%	130%		
Cyanide 339065 339065 <0.040 <0.040 NA <0.040 110% 70% 130% 107% 80% 120% 92% 70% Mercury 349876 <0.10 <0.10 NA <0.10 103% 70% 130% 96% 80% 120% 97% 70% Electrical Conductivity 337336 0.854 0.852 0.2% <0.005 101% 90% 110% NA	Zinc	349876		71	69	2.9%	< 5	80%	70%	130%	106%	80%	120%	103%	70%	130%		
Mercury         349876         <0.10         <0.10         NA         < 0.10         103%         70%         130%         96%         80%         120%         97%         70%           Electrical Conductivity         337336         0.854         0.852         0.2%         < 0.005	Chromium VI	341423		<0.2	<0.2	NA	< 0.2	111%	70%	130%	104%	80%	120%	98%	70%	130%		
Electrical Conductivity         337336         0.854         0.852         0.2%         < 0.005         101%         90%         110%         NA         NA           Sodium Adsorption Ratio         337336         12.7         12.0         5.7%         NA         NA         NA         NA	Cyanide	339065	339065	<0.040	<0.040	NA	< 0.040	110%	70%	130%	107%	80%	120%	92%	70%	130%		
Sodium Adsorption Ratio 337336 12.7 12.0 5.7% NA NA NA NA	Mercury	349876		<0.10	<0.10	NA	< 0.10	103%	70%	130%	96%	80%	120%	97%	70%	130%		
'	Electrical Conductivity	337336		0.854	0.852	0.2%	< 0.005	101%	90%	110%	NA			NA				
711 0.4 0.5 0.0 Februarius 200000 200000 7.05 7.05 0.00/ NA 4040/ 0.00/ 4000/ NA	Sodium Adsorption Ratio	337336		12.7	12.0	5.7%	NA	NA			NA			NA				
ph, 2:1 CaCiz extraction 339063 339063 7.95 7.95 0.0% NA 101% 80% 120% NA NA	pH, 2:1 CaCl2 Extraction	339063	339063	7.95	7.95	0.0%	NA	101%	80%	120%	NA			NA				

Comments: NA signifies Not Applicable.

Duplicate Qualifier: As the measured result approaches the RL, the uncertainty associated with the value increases dramatically, thus duplicate acceptance limits apply only where the average of the two duplicates is greater than five times the RL

pH duplicates QA acceptance criteria was met relative as stated in Table 5-15 of Analytical Protocol document.



Certified By:

Page 9 of 15



#### **Quality Assurance**

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. PROJECT: 191-08696-00

SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812
ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett
SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

Trace Organics Analysis																
RPT Date: Jul 17, 2019			DUPLICATE				REFEREN	NCE MA	TERIAL	METHOD	BLANK	SPIKE	MATRIX SPIKE			
PARAMETER	Batch	Sample	Dup #1	Dup #2	RPD	Method Blank	Acceptable Measured Limits P.		Recovery	1 1 1 1 1	ptable nits	Recovery	Acceptable Limits			
FANAMETER	Dateil	ld	Dup #1	Dup #2	KFD		Value	Lower	Upper	Recovery		Upper	Recovery	Lower	Uppe	
O. Reg. 153(511) - PHCs F1 - F4	(-BTEX) (Soil)					•					•					
F1 (C6 to C10)	335857		< 5	< 5	NA	< 5	96%	60%	130%	92%	85%	115%	89%	70%	130%	
F2 (C10 to C16)	317733		< 10	< 10	NA	< 10	100%	60%	130%	95%	80%	120%	78%	70%	130%	
F3 (C16 to C34)	317733		< 50	< 50	NA	< 50	102%	60%	130%	106%	80%	120%	80%	70%	130%	
F4 (C34 to C50)	317733		< 50	< 50	NA	< 50	97%	60%	130%	114%	80%	120%	85%	70%	130%	
O. Reg. 153(511) - VOCs (Soil)																
Dichlorodifluoromethane	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	73%	50%	140%	80%	50%	140%	78%	50%	140%	
Vinyl Chloride	337393		< 0.02	< 0.02	NA	< 0.02	73%	50%	140%	78%	50%	140%	88%	50%	140%	
Bromomethane	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	117%	50%	140%	121%	50%	140%	75%	50%	140%	
Trichlorofluoromethane	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	84%	50%	140%	70%	50%	140%	84%	50%	140%	
Acetone	337393		< 0.50	< 0.50	NA	< 0.50	87%	50%	140%	77%	50%	140%	94%	50%	140%	
1,1-Dichloroethylene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	70%	50%	140%	90%	60%	130%	95%	50%	140%	
Methylene Chloride	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	90%	50%	140%	119%	60%	130%	79%	50%	140%	
Trans- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	98%	50%	140%	82%	60%	130%	94%	50%	140%	
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	83%	50%	140%	89%	60%	130%	84%	50%	140%	
1,1-Dichloroethane	337393		< 0.02	< 0.02	NA	< 0.02	106%	50%	140%	74%	60%	130%	103%	50%	140%	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	337393		< 0.50	< 0.50	NA	< 0.50	72%	50%	140%	85%	50%	140%	82%	50%	140%	
Cis- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	337393		< 0.02	< 0.02	NA	< 0.02	71%	50%	140%	81%	60%	130%	80%	50%	140%	
Chloroform	337393		< 0.04	< 0.04	NA	< 0.04	100%	50%	140%	88%	60%	130%	115%	50%	140%	
1,2-Dichloroethane	337393		< 0.03	< 0.03	NA	< 0.03	87%	50%	140%	72%	60%	130%	97%	50%	140%	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	91%	50%	140%	79%	60%	130%	86%	50%	140%	
Carbon Tetrachloride	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	86%	50%	140%	72%	60%	130%	85%	50%	140%	
Benzene	337393		< 0.02	< 0.02	NA	< 0.02	70%	50%	140%	89%	60%	130%	96%	50%	140%	
1,2-Dichloropropane	337393		< 0.03	< 0.03	NA	< 0.03	89%	50%	140%	89%	60%	130%	85%	50%	140%	
Trichloroethylene	337393		< 0.03	< 0.03	NA	< 0.03	101%	50%	140%	82%	60%	130%	108%	50%	140%	
Bromodichloromethane	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	102%	50%	140%	88%	60%	130%	116%	50%	140%	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	337393		< 0.50	< 0.50	NA	< 0.50	74%	50%	140%	90%	50%	140%	94%	50%	140%	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	337393		< 0.04	< 0.04	NA	< 0.04	109%	50%	140%	86%	60%	130%	90%	50%	140%	
Toluene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	99%	50%	140%	73%	60%	130%	87%	50%	140%	
Dibromochloromethane	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	106%	50%	140%	115%	60%	130%	96%	50%	140%	
Ethylene Dibromide	337393		< 0.04	< 0.04	NA	< 0.04	105%	50%	140%	90%	60%	130%	113%	50%	140%	
Tetrachloroethylene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	104%	50%	140%	84%	60%	130%	89%	50%	140%	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	337393		< 0.04	< 0.04	NA	< 0.04	117%	50%	140%	117%	60%	130%	91%	50%	140%	
Chlorobenzene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	119%	50%	140%	97%	60%	130%	82%	50%	140%	
Ethylbenzene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	93%	50%	140%	71%	60%	130%	83%	50%	140%	
m & p-Xylene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	114%	50%	140%	85%	60%	130%	75%	50%	140%	
Bromoform	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	114%	50%	140%	128%	60%	130%	70%	50%	140%	
Styrene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	75%	50%	140%	78%	60%	130%	106%	50%	140%	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	111%	50%	140%	93%	60%	130%	121%	50%	140%	
o-Xylene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	108%	50%	140%	98%	60%	130%	93%	50%	140%	

AGAT QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT (V1)

Page 10 of 15

AGAT Laboratories is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) and/or Standards Council of Canada (SCC) for specific tests listed on the scope of accreditation. AGAT Laboratories (Mississauga) is also accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) for specific drinking water tests. Accreditations are location and parameter specific. A complete listing of parameters for each location is available from www.cala.ca and/or www.scc.ca. The tests in this report may not necessarily be included in the scope of accreditation. RPDs calculated using raw data. The RPD may not be reflective of duplicate values shown, due to rounding of final results.



#### **Quality Assurance**

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.
PROJECT: 191-08696-00
SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812
ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett
SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

	<u> </u>														
	Trace Organics Analysis (Continued)														
RPT Date: Jul 17, 2019			Е	DUPLICATE			REFERENCE MATERIAL			METHOD	BLANK	SPIKE	MATRIX SPIKE		
PARAMETER	Batch	Sample	Dup #1	Dup #2	RPD	Method Blank	Measured		ptable nits	Recovery	Lie	ptable nits	Recovery	Lie	ptable nits
		ld	·	·			Value	Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	113%	50%	140%	123%	60%	130%	118%	50%	140%
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	83%	50%	140%	129%	60%	130%	96%	50%	140%
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	117%	50%	140%	124%	60%	130%	94%	50%	140%
1,3-Dichloropropene	337393		< 0.04	< 0.04	NA	< 0.04	86%	50%	140%	89%	60%	130%	105%	50%	140%
n-Hexane	337393		< 0.05	< 0.05	NA	< 0.05	102%	50%	140%	108%	60%	130%	98%	50%	140%

Comments: When the average of the sample and duplicate results is less than 5x the RDL, the Relative Percent Difference (RPD) will be indicated as Not Applicable (NA).

Certified By:



#### **Method Summary**

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812

ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett

SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

PARAMETER	AGAT S.O.P	LITERATURE REFERENCE	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE
Soil Analysis			
Antimony	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Arsenic	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Barium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Beryllium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Boron	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Boron (Hot Water Soluble)	MET-93-6104	EPA SW 846 6010C; MSA, Part 3, Ch.21	ICP/OES
Cadmium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Chromium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Cobalt	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Copper	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Lead	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Molybdenum	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Nickel	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Selenium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Silver	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Thallium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Uranium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Vanadium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Zinc	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Chromium VI	INOR-93-6029	SM 3500 B; MSA Part 3, Ch. 25	SPECTROPHOTOMETER
Cyanide	INOR-93-6052	MOE CN-3015 & E 3009 A;SM 4500 CN	TECHNICON AUTO ANALYZER
Mercury	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 3050B & 6020A	ICP-MS
Electrical Conductivity	INOR-93-6036	McKeague 4.12, SM 2510 B	EC METER
Sodium Adsorption Ratio	INOR-93-6007	McKeague 4.12 & 3.26 & EPA SW-84 6010C	<sup>6</sup> ICP/OES
pH, 2:1 CaCl2 Extraction	INOR-93-6031	MSA part 3 & SM 4500-H+ B	PH METER

#### **Method Summary**

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.
PROJECT: 191-08696-00
SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812
ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett
SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

PARAMETER	AGAT S.O.P	LITERATURE REFERENCE	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE
Trace Organics Analysis			
F1 (C6 to C10)	VOL-91-5009	CCME Tier 1 Method, SW846 5035	P&T GC/FID
F1 (C6 to C10) minus BTEX	VOL-91-5009	CCME Tier 1 Method, SW846 5035	P&T GC/FID
F2 (C10 to C16)	VOL-91-5009	CCME Tier 1 Method	GC/FID
F3 (C16 to C34)	VOL-91-5009	CCME Tier 1 Method	GC/FID
F4 (C34 to C50)	VOL-91-5009	CCME Tier 1 Method	GC/FID
Gravimetric Heavy Hydrocarbons	VOL-91-5009	CCME Tier 1 Method	BALANCE
Moisture Content	VOL-91-5009	CCME Tier 1 Method	BALANCE
Terphenyl	VOL-91-5009	CCME Tier 1 Method	GC/FID
Dichlorodifluoromethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Vinyl Chloride	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Bromomethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Trichlorofluoromethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Acetone	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1-Dichloroethylene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Methylene Chloride	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Trans- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Methyl tert-butyl Ether	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1-Dichloroethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Cis- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Chloroform	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,2-Dichloroethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Carbon Tetrachloride	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Benzene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,2-Dichloropropane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Trichloroethylene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Bromodichloromethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Toluene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Dibromochloromethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Ethylene Dibromide	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Tetrachloroethylene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Chlorobenzene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Ethylbenzene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
m & p-Xylene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Bromoform	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Styrene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
o-Xylene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Xylene Mixture	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,3-Dichloropropene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
n-Hexane	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Toluene-d8	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS



#### **Method Summary**

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. PROJECT: 191-08696-00

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490812
ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett
SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

PARAMETER	AGAT S.O.P	LITERATURE REFERENCE	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE
4-Bromofluorobenzene	VOL-91-5002	EPA SW-846 5035 & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Moisture Content		MOE E3139	BALANCE



5835 Coopers Avenue Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1Y2 **Laboratory Use Only** 

Work Order #: 19T490812

Ph: 905.712.5100 Fax: 905.712.5122 webearth.agatlabs.com

Company:										wei	јеагип.а	atiaps	.com	Co	oler Q	uantit	y: _					_	
Regulatory Requirements: No Regulatory Requirements: No Regulatory Requirements: Note: Not	Chain of Custody Reco	ord If this is a	Drinklng Wat	ter sample, pl	lease use	Drinking Water Chain of	Custody Form (	potable	water co	onsume	d by huma	ns)		Arı	ival Te	mper	atures	s: _	100				
Contact:   Nicole Corbett   Address:   Sell Bryne Pr. Units C+D   Bærre.   N. L4N 943   Bærre.   N. L4N 943   Bærre.   N. L4N 943   Bærre.   Sell Bryne Pr. Units C+D   Bærre.   N. L4N 943   Bærre.   Sell Bryne Pr. Units C+D   Bærre.   N. L4N 943   Bærre.   Sell Bryne Pr. Units C+D   Sell Bryne Pr.		nsds Ir	nc.						No Re	egula	tory Re	quire	ment	Custody Seal Intact: Yes No N/A									
Address:    Sol Bryne Dr. Wits C+D   Barries   Barries   Barries   CME   CME   Barries   CME						Regulation 153/04	Sewe	r Use	1	Пв	egulation												
Regular TAT   So to 7 Business Days   Regular TAT   So to 7 Business Days   Recyclare for the formation   Project Information:   Project Information:   Project   191 - 0869-00   Sampled By:   NC   Sampled By:   NC   Responsible for the following following for the following followin	Address: 561 Bryns	e Dr. U	nits 1	C+D				_							Turnaround Time (TAT) Required:								
Phone:	Barrie, o	N L4N	973	3	_		Sanitary			CCME				Regular TAT 5 to 7 Business Days									
Region   Other   Other	Phone: (705)888-56	29_ Fax:					Stor	Region						Rus	sh TA	T (Rust	h Surcha		3				
2. Email: 124. 2012 @ WS P. Comments/ Project Information: Project Infor	Reports to be sent to:	ett @ ws	D, 50 ~	,	9								0)		3	Rusin	iess	_	. 2 Bu	siness	Next Busin	1656	
Project Information: State Location: Soc 243 Hightway 89, Princose Sampled By: AGAT Quote #:  So Po: Please provide prior notification for rush TAT *TAT is exclusive of weekends and statutory holidays For 'Same Day' analysis, please contact your AGAT CPM  Sample Matrix Legend B Blota GW Ground Water O Oil P P Paint S Soil S Sample Matrix Legend B Blota GW Ground Water O Oil P P Paint S Soil S Sample Matrix Legend S Soil S Soi			•		-		Indicate One		One										Days	;		,,,,,	
Project: 191 - 08696-00 Site Location: 506243 Highway 89, Princose Sampled By: NC  AGAT Quote #: 50 Po: Piesse note: If quotation number is not provided, client will be billed full price for analysis.    Invoice Information:   Sample Matrix Legend   Bill To Same: Yes   No   Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil	2. Email: 324 . 2012	wwsp.	C8~				_		J.	~	Indicate	One	-		0	R Dat	e Req	uired (	Rush S	Surcharge	es May Apply):		
Site Location: Site Location: South 1	_															D/				Al-Grandia	- for week TAT		
Sampled By:  AGAT Quote #:  Somple Matrix Legend  B Biota GW Ground Water Company: Contact: Address: Email:  Payables Ontacto @ Use Address: Email:  Payables Ontacto @ Use Address: Email:  Sample Matrix Legend B Biota GW Ground Water Solid address: Email:  Somple Matrix Legend B Biota GW Ground Water Solid address: Email:  Payables Ontacto @ Use Address: Email:  Payables Ontacto @ Use Address: Email:  Payables Ontacto @ Use Address: Email:  Somple Matrix Legend B Biota GW Ground Water Solid address: Soli Solid address: Email:  Payables Ontacto @ Use Address: Email:  Solid address: Email:  Payables Ontacto @ Use Address: Email:  Somple Matrix Comments/ SW Surface Water  Solid address: Email:  Solid address: Email:  Payables Ontacto @ Use Address: Email:  Solid address: Email:  Solid address: Email:  Payables Ontacto @ Use Address: Email:  Payables Ontacto & Use Address Ont	Project: 191-086	96-00	- 0 -		_			4				•		1	*T/								
AGAT Quote #: SO PO: Please note: If quotation number is not provided, client will be billed full price for analysis.  Invoice Information:  Company: Contact: Address: Email:  Paysbus Ontacts Somple Matrix Legend Someting: Somple Matrix Legend Bill To Same: Yes X No O  Someting: Somple Matrix Legend Someting: Somple Matrix Legend Someting: Some	Site Location: 506243 H	Highway	89,1	cimcos	se	☐ Yes 🔀	No		M	Yes		] .N	)	,	or 'Sa	me D	ау' аг	alysis	, pleas	e contac	t your AGAT CPM	J	
Sample   Invoice   Information:   Sample   Matrix   Special Instructions   Sample   Matrix   Special Instructions   Sample   Sa					-  -			-	T .	O. Reg	153	7			-		T		B <sub>S</sub>	7=1		9	
Invoice Information:   Bill To Same: Yes   No     Bill To Same: Yes   Soil Social Instructions   Soil Something   Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil			Il be billed full price	e for analysis			gend	S.		les)									8			/Y) no	
Sample Identification  Sample Sampled  Sample Sampled  Sample Sample Sampled  Sample S	Invoice Information:	B	Bill To Same:	Ves M No						rides) Hydric				₽					B(a)P	10		ntratio	
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Sample Identification  Date Time # of Containers Sampled Sampl	Email: Payables	.Ontario	@wsp	p.com	111			id Filt	d Inorg	☐ 153 etals ☐	LHWS	Scan	/Cust		4			orine F	0,			azardor	
						= 111/1		Fie	sand	letals ide Me	990	letals	ation	es:	Ŧ.			ochle	M& SH C			ally H	
	Sample Identification							Y/N	Metal	All N	ORPs	Full N	Regul	Volati	PHCs	ABNS	PCBS	Organ	TCLP: [	Zewe		Potent	
KH19-01 555 67/09/19 AM 3 > NX	BH19-01 553	07/109/19	AM	3	S			N	X											X			
BH19-02 556   AM   1 X								1	X					igni						X			
BH19-03 555 PM	BH19-03 555			1					X					On I						X	1/311	L	
BH19-04 556 PM 4			PM						X											X		L	
DUP-1									X									Ш					
DUP-2	DUP-2	-41		2	4			+						X					_				
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Nicole Carbett Will Not 07/10/19 3:000m Abdul 10/10/10/10/2:54	Nicole Consett Wa	W Color	X 07/1	10/19 3	200	ion Abdul	Devile						J.ly	ligiz	319 3	- 25	14						
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## APPENDIX D-2 GROUNDWATER



CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.

561 BRYNE DRIVE, UNITS C&D

BARRIE, ON L4N9Y3

(705) 735-9771

ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490817

TRACE ORGANICS REVIEWED BY: Neli Popnikolova, Senior Chemist

WATER ANALYSIS REVIEWED BY: Jacky Zhu, Spectroscopy Technician

DATE REPORTED: Jul 17, 2019

PAGES (INCLUDING COVER): 12

VERSION\*: 1

Should you require any information regarding this analysis please contact your client services representative at (905) 712-5100

*NOTES	

All samples will be disposed of within 30 days following analysis. Please contact the lab if you require additional sample storage time.

**AGAT** Laboratories (V1)

Page 1 of 12

Member of: Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Alberta (APEGA)

Western Enviro-Agricultural Laboratory Association (WEALA) Environmental Services Association of Alberta (ESAA) AGAT Laboratories is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) and/or Standards Council of Canada (SCC) for specific tests listed on the scope of accreditation. AGAT Laboratories (Mississauga) is also accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) for specific drinking water tests. Accreditations are location and parameter specific. A complete listing of parameters for each location is available from www.cala.ca and/or www.scc.ca. The tests in this report may not necessarily be included in the scope of accreditation. Measurement Uncertainty is not taken into consideration when stating conformity with a specified requirement.



AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490817

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY: Nicole Corbett

O. Reg. 153(511) - PHCs F1 - F4 (-BTEX) (Water)												
DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10 DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17												
		SAMPLE DES	CRIPTION:	BH19-02	BH19-03	BH19-04						
		SAMI	PLE TYPE:	Water	Water	Water						
		DATES	SAMPLED:	2019-07-10	2019-07-10	2019-07-10						
Parameter	Unit	G/S	RDL	339141	339216	339217						
F1 (C6 - C10)	μg/L	750	25	<25	<25	<25						
F1 (C6 to C10) minus BTEX	μg/L	750	25	<25	<25	<25						
F2 (C10 to C16)	μg/L	150	100	<100	<100	<100						
F3 (C16 to C34)	μg/L	500	100	<100	<100	<100						
F4 (C34 to C50)	μg/L	500	100	<100	<100	<100						
Gravimetric Heavy Hydrocarbons	μg/L	500	500	NA	NA	NA						
Surrogate	Unit	Acceptab	le Limits									
Terphenyl	%	60-1	140	96	92	119						

RDL - Reported Detection Limit: G / S - Guideline / Standard: Refers to Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition - Potable Ground Water - All Types of Comments:

Property Uses - Coarse Textured Soils

Guideline values are for general reference only. The guidelines provided may or may not be relevant for the intended use. Refer directly to the applicable standard for regulatory interpretation.

339141-339217

The C6-C10 fraction is calculated using Toluene response factor.

C6-C10 (F1 minus BTEX) is a calculated parameter. The calculated value is F1 minus BTEX.

The C10 - C16, C16 - C34, and C34 - C50 fractions are calculated using the average response factor for n-C10, n-C16, and nC34.

Gravimetric Heavy Hydrocarbons are not included in the Total C16 - C50 and are only determined if the chromatogram of the C34 - C50 Hydrocarbons indicated that hydrocarbons > C50 are present.

The chromatogram has returned to baseline by the retention time of nC50.

Total C6-C50 results are corrected for BTEX contribution.

This method complies with the Reference Method for the CWS PHC and is validated for use in the laboratory.

nC6 and nC10 response factors are within 30% of Toluene response factor. nC10, nC16 and nC34 response factors are within 10% of their average.

C50 response factor is within 70% of nC10 + nC16 nC34 average.

Linearity is within 15%.

Extraction and holding times were met for this sample.

Fractions 1-4 are quantified with the contribution of PAHs. Under Ontario Regulation 153, results are considered valid without determining the PAH contribution if not requested by the client.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)

Certified By:

NPoprukoloj



AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490817

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

Ο.	Rea.	1530	(511)	- VOCs	(Water)	)
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DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10								DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17
		SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	BH19-02	BH19-03	BH19-04	GWDUP-1	Trip Blank	
		SAMPLE TYPE:	Water	Water	Water	Water	Water	
		DATE SAMPLED:	2019-07-10	2019-07-10	2019-07-10	2019-07-10	2019-07-10	
Parameter	Unit	G/S RDL	339141	339216	339217	339218	339220	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	μg/L	590 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Vinyl Chloride	μg/L	0.5 0.17	<0.17	<0.17	<0.17	<0.17	<0.17	
Bromomethane	μg/L	0.89 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Trichlorofluoromethane	μg/L	150 0.40	< 0.40	<0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	
Acetone	μg/L	2700 1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
1,1-Dichloroethylene	μg/L	1.6 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	
Methylene Chloride	μg/L	50 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	
trans- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	μg/L	1.6 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	μg/L	15 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/L	5 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	μg/L	1800 1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
cis- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	μg/L	1.6 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Chloroform	μg/L	2.4 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
1,2-Dichloroethane	μg/L	1.6 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	μg/L	200 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	
Carbon Tetrachloride	μg/L	0.79 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Benzene	μg/L	5.0 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/L	5 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Trichloroethylene	μg/L	1.6 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Bromodichloromethane	μg/L	16 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	μg/L	640 1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/L	4.7 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Toluene	μg/L	24 0.20	0.32	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
Dibromochloromethane	μg/L	25 0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
Ethylene Dibromide	μg/L	0.2 0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
Tetrachloroethylene	μg/L	1.6 0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/L	1.1 0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
Chlorobenzene	μg/L	30 0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
Ethylbenzene	μg/L	2.4 0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
m & p-Xylene	μg/L	0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	

Certified By:

NPopukolof



AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490817

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

102

90

				O. Reg	. 153(511) -	VOCs (Wat	er)		
DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10									DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17
Parameter	Unit	_	CRIPTION: PLE TYPE: SAMPLED: RDL	BH19-02 Water 2019-07-10 339141	BH19-03 Water 2019-07-10 339216	BH19-04 Water 2019-07-10 339217	GWDUP-1 Water 2019-07-10 339218	Trip Blank Water 2019-07-10 339220	
Bromoform	μg/L	25	0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
Styrene	μg/L	5.4	0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/L	1	0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
o-Xylene	μg/L		0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	μg/L	59	0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/L	1	0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	μg/L	3	0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/L	0.5	0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	
Xylene Mixture	μg/L	300	0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	
n-Hexane	μg/L	51	0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	

Comments: RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard: Refers to Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition - Potable Ground Water - All Types of Property Uses - Coarse Textured Soils

97

86

Guideline values are for general reference only. The guidelines provided may or may not be relevant for the intended use. Refer directly to the applicable standard for regulatory interpretation.

101

96

101

91

339141-339220 Xylenes total is a calculated parameter. The calculated value is the sum of m&p-Xylene and o-Xylene.

Acceptable Limits

50-140

50-140

Unit

% Recovery

% Recovery

1,3-Dichloropropene total is a calculated parameter. The calculated value is the sum of Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene and Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene.

104

94

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)

Surrogate

Toluene-d8

4-Bromofluorobenzene

Certified By:





AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490817

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC. SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

#### O. Reg. 153(511) - Metals & Inorganics (Water)

DATE RECEIVED: 2019-07-10									DATE REPORTED: 2019-07-17
	S		CRIPTION: PLE TYPE: SAMPLED:	BH19-02 Water 2019-07-10		BH19-03 Water 2019-07-10		BH19-04 Water 2019-07-10	
Parameter	Unit	G/S	RDL	339141	RDL	339216	RDL	339217	
Antimony	μg/L	6	1.0	<1.0	1.0	<1.0	1.0	<1.0	
Arsenic	μg/L	25	1.0	<1.0	1.0	<1.0	1.0	<1.0	
Barium	μg/L	1000	2.0	41.2	2.0	111	2.0	71.8	
Beryllium	μg/L	4.0	0.5	<0.5	0.5	<0.5	0.5	<0.5	
Boron	μg/L	5000	10.0	<10.0	10.0	48.6	10.0	29.4	
Cadmium	μg/L	2.7	0.2	<0.2	0.2	<0.2	0.2	<0.2	
Chromium	μg/L	50	2.0	<2.0	2.0	<2.0	2.0	<2.0	
Cobalt	μg/L	3.8	0.5	0.8	0.5	1.6	0.5	0.6	
Copper	μg/L	87	1.0	6.0	1.0	<1.0	1.0	1.2	
Lead	μg/L	10	0.5	<0.5	0.5	<0.5	0.5	<0.5	
Molybdenum	μg/L	70	0.5	4.6	0.5	<0.5	0.5	2.6	
Nickel	μg/L	100	1.0	<1.0	1.0	2.1	1.0	7.9	
Selenium	μg/L	10	1.0	<1.0	1.0	<1.0	1.0	1.0	
Silver	μg/L	1.5	0.2	<0.2	0.2	<0.2	0.2	<0.2	
Thallium	μg/L	2	0.3	<0.3	0.3	<0.3	0.3	<0.3	
Uranium	μg/L	20	0.5	<0.5	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.9	
Vanadium	μg/L	6.2	0.4	<0.4	0.4	2.6	0.4	<0.4	
Zinc	μg/L	1100	5.0	<5.0	5.0	<5.0	5.0	<5.0	
Mercury	μg/L		0.02	< 0.02	0.02	<0.02	0.02	< 0.02	
Chromium VI	μg/L	25	5	<5	5	<5	5	<5	
Cyanide	μg/L	66	2	<2	2	<2	2	<2	
Sodium	μg/L	490000	500	4540	2500	588000	2500	203000	
Chloride	μg/L	790000	100	8430	2000	1020000	1000	506000	
Electrical Conductivity	uS/cm		2	557	2	3580	2	2010	
рН	pH Units		NA	7.73	NA	7.41	NA	7.61	

Comments:

RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard: Refers to Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition - Potable Ground Water - All Types of Property Uses - Coarse Textured Soils

Guideline values are for general reference only. The guidelines provided may or may not be relevant for the intended use. Refer directly to the applicable standard for regulatory interpretation.

339216-339217 Elevated RDL indicates the degree of sample dilution prior to the analysis in order to keep analytes within the calibration range of the instrument and to reduce matrix interference.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)

Certified By:

Jacky Zh



#### **Guideline Violation**

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490817

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.

ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett

SAMPLEID	SAMPLE TITLE	GUIDELINE	ANALYSIS PACKAGE	PARAMETER	UNIT	GUIDEVALUE	RESULT
339216	BH19-03	ON T2 PGW CT	O. Reg. 153(511) - Metals & Inorganics (Water)	Chloride	μg/L	790000	1020000
339216	BH19-03	ON T2 PGW CT	O. Reg. 153(511) - Metals & Inorganics (Water)	Sodium	μg/L	490000	588000

#### **Quality Assurance**

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett

SAMPLING SITE: 506243 Highway 80 Primrosa

SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose SAMPLED BY: Nicole Corbett Trace Organics Analysis DUPLICATE REFERENCE MATERIAL METHOD BLANK SPIKE RPT Date: Jul 17, 2019 MATRIX SPIKE Acceptable Method Acceptable Acceptable Sample Massurad Blank Limits Limits Dup #2 **PARAMETER** Batch Dup #1 RPD Recovery Recovery Value Lower Upper Lower Upper Lower Upper O. Reg. 153(511) - PHCs F1 - F4 (-BTEX) (Water) F1 (C6 - C10) 60% 140% 335913 NA 87% 140% 86% 140% 91% 60% < 25 < 25 < 25 60% F2 (C10 to C16) TW 140% < 100 < 100 NA < 100 105% 60% 140% 111% 60% 140% 104% 60% F3 (C16 to C34) TW < 100 < 100 NΑ < 100 105% 60% 140% 109% 60% 140% 118% 60% 140% F4 (C34 to C50) TW < 100 < 100 NΑ < 100 87% 60% 140% 114% 60% 140% 96% 60% 140% O. Reg. 153(511) - VOCs (Water) 50% Dichlorodifluoromethane 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 80% 50% 140% 88% 140% 79% 50% 140% Vinyl Chloride 98% 140% 335913 < 0.17< 0.17NA < 0.1788% 50% 140% 50% 140% 90% 50% 335913 Bromomethane < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 98% 50% 140% 114% 50% 140% 103% 50% 140% Trichlorofluoromethane 335913 < 0.40 < 0.40 NA < 0.40 80% 50% 140% 87% 50% 140% 85% 50% 140% Acetone 335913 < 1.0 NA < 1.0 109% 50% 140% 110% 50% 140% 99% 50% 140% < 1.0 1,1-Dichloroethylene < 0.30 < 0.30 NA < 0.30 79% 50% 140% 96% 130% 80% 50% 140% 335913 60% Methylene Chloride 335913 < 0.30 < 0.30 NA < 0.30 98% 50% 140% 93% 130% 100% 50% 140% 60% trans- 1,2-Dichloroethylene 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 72% 50% 140% 89% 60% 130% 103% 50% 140% Methyl tert-butyl ether 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NΑ < 0.20 81% 50% 140% 118% 60% 130% 110% 50% 140% 1.1-Dichloroethane 109% 140% 335913 < 0.30 < 0.30 NA < 0.30 94% 50% 140% 60% 130% 102% 50% 140% Methyl Ethyl Ketone 335913 < 1.0 < 1.0 NA < 1.0 76% 50% 140% 107% 50% 140% 86% 50% cis- 1,2-Dichloroethylene 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 89% 50% 140% 109% 60% 130% 108% 50% 140% Chloroform 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 81% 50% 140% 111% 130% 105% 50% 140% 60% 94% 50% 140% 1.2-Dichloroethane 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 140% 118% 60% 130% 108% 50% 140% 1.1.1-Trichloroethane 335913 < 0.30 < 0.30 NA < 0.30 88% 50% 140% 79% 60% 130% 80% 50% Carbon Tetrachloride 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 102% 50% 140% 73% 60% 130% 78% 50% 140% Benzene 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA 84% 50% 140% 97% 130% 98% 50% 140% < 0.20 60% 1.2-Dichloropropane 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 90% 50% 140% 95% 60% 130% 100% 50% 140% Trichloroethylene 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.2081% 50% 140% 91% 60% 130% 98% 50% 140% Bromodichloromethane 84% 140% 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 50% 140% 111% 60% 130% 84% 50% Methyl Isobutyl Ketone 335913 < 1.0 < 1.0 NA < 1.0 85% 50% 140% 100% 50% 140% 97% 50% 140% 1.1.2-Trichloroethane 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20107% 50% 140% 107% 60% 130% 103% 50% 140% Toluene 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 82% 50% 140% 88% 60% 130% 103% 50% 140% Dibromochloromethane 335913 < 0.10 < 0.10 NA < 0.10 78% 50% 140% 111% 60% 130% 87% 50% 140% Ethylene Dibromide 335913 50% 140% < 0.10 < 0.10 NA < 0.10 88% 140% 118% 60% 130% 101% 50% Tetrachloroethylene 140% 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 NA < 0.20 82% 50% 140% 79% 60% 130% 91% 50% 1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane 335913 < 0.10 < 0.10 NA < 0.10 91% 50% 140% 103% 60% 130% 81% 50% 140% Chlorobenzene 335913 < 0.10 < 0.10 NA < 0.10 88% 50% 140% 105% 60% 130% 109% 50% 140% Ethylbenzene 335913 < 0.10 < 0.10 NA < 0.10 88% 50% 140% 81% 60% 130% 98% 50% 140% m & p-Xylene 335913 < 0.20 < 0.20 89% 50% 140% 83% 130% 107% 50% 140% < 0.20NA 60% 92% 130% 91% 140% Bromoform 335913 < 0.10< 0.10NA < 0.10102% 50% 140% 60% 50%

AGAT QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT (V1)

335913

335913

335913

< 0.10

< 0.10

< 0.10

< 0.10

< 0.10

< 0.10

Styrene

o-Xylene

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

Page 7 of 12

50%

50%

50%

98%

79%

93%

60%

60%

60%

130%

130%

130%

98%

100%

108%

140%

140%

140%

AGAT Laboratories is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) and/or Standards Council of Canada (SCC) for specific tests listed on the scope of accreditation. AGAT Laboratories (Mississauga) is also accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) for specific drinking water tests. Accreditations are location and parameter specific. A complete listing of parameters for each location is available from www.cala.ca and/or www.scc.ca. The tests in this report may not necessarily be included in the scope of accreditation. RPDs calculated using raw data. The RPD may not be reflective of duplicate values shown, due to rounding of final results.

NA

NA

NA

< 0.10

< 0.10

< 0.10

83%

111%

86%

50%

50%

50%

140%

140%

140%



#### Quality Assurance

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett

SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

	Trace Organics Analysis (Continued)														
RPT Date: Jul 17, 2019	RPT Date: Jul 17, 2019 DUPLICATE REFERENCE MATERIAL METHOD BLANK SPIKE MATRIX SPIKE													KE	
PARAMETER	Sample	Dup #1	Dup #2	RPD	Method Blank	Measured	Acceptable Limits		Recovery	Acceptable Limits		Recovery	Lie	ptable nits	
		ld	·				Value	Lower	Upper	,	Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	335913		< 0.10	< 0.10	NA	< 0.10	93%	50%	140%	84%	60%	130%	115%	50%	140%
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	335913		< 0.10	< 0.10	NA	< 0.10	93%	50%	140%	110%	60%	130%	116%	50%	140%
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	335913		< 0.10	< 0.10	NA	< 0.10	88%	50%	140%	116%	60%	130%	104%	50%	140%
1,3-Dichloropropene	335913		< 0.30	< 0.30	NA	< 0.30	87%	50%	140%	85%	60%	130%	94%	50%	140%
n-Hexane	335913		< 0.20	< 0.20	NA	< 0.20	100%	50%	140%	88%	60%	130%	94%	50%	140%

Comments: Tap water analysis has been performed as QC sample testing for duplicate and matrix spike due to insufficient sample volume. When the average of the sample and duplicate results is less than 5x the RDL, the Relative Percent Difference (RPD) will be indicated as Not Applicable (NA).

Certified By:





#### **Quality Assurance**

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.
PROJECT: 191-08696-00
SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

AGAT WORK ORDER: 19T490817
ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett
SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

G/ ((VIII EII VO G/ 1 E. 0002 40 1 1															
Water Analysis															
RPT Date: Jul 17, 2019				UPLICAT	E		REFEREN	NCE MATERIAL		METHOD BLANK SPIKE			MATRIX SPIKE		KE
PARAMETER	Batch	Sample	Dup #1	Dup #2	RPD	Method Blank	Measured Value		ptable nits	Recovery	Lin	ptable nits	Recovery	Lie	ptable nits
		lu lu					value	Lower	Upper	_	Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper
O. Reg. 153(511) - Metals & Inc	organics (Wat	er)													
Antimony	338712		<1.0	<1.0	NA	< 1.0	102%	70%	130%	98%	80%	120%	97%	70%	130%
Arsenic	338712		3.2	4.3	NA	< 1.0	99%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	102%	70%	130%
Barium	338712		101	98.1	2.9%	< 2.0	102%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	99%	70%	130%
Beryllium	338712		<0.5	<0.5	NA	< 0.5	97%	70%	130%	104%	80%	120%	107%	70%	130%
Boron	338712		48.1	48.7	NA	< 10.0	97%	70%	130%	99%	80%	120%	100%	70%	130%
Cadmium	338712		<0.2	<0.2	NA	< 0.2	100%	70%	130%	103%	80%	120%	114%	70%	130%
Chromium	338712		<2.0	<2.0	NA	< 2.0	100%	70%	130%	103%	80%	120%	104%	70%	130%
Cobalt	338712		2.7	2.6	3.8%	< 0.5	98%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	100%	70%	130%
Copper	338712		3.3	3.3	NA	< 1.0	100%	70%	130%	105%	80%	120%	102%	70%	130%
Lead	338712		1.2	1.3	NA	< 0.5	102%	70%	130%	104%	80%	120%	103%	70%	130%
Molybdenum	338712		4.1	4.3	4.8%	< 0.5	98%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	103%	70%	130%
Nickel	338712		<1.0	<1.0	NA	< 1.0	100%	70%	130%	103%	80%	120%	102%	70%	130%
Selenium	338712		<1.0	<1.0	NA	< 1.0	99%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	102%	70%	130%
Silver	338712		<0.2	<0.2	NA	< 0.2	102%	70%	130%	109%	80%	120%	101%	70%	130%
Thallium	338712		<0.3	<0.3	NA	< 0.3	103%	70%	130%	105%	80%	120%	102%	70%	130%
Uranium	338712		3.2	3.1	3.2%	< 0.5	98%	70%	130%	104%	80%	120%	103%	70%	130%
Vanadium	338712		1.2	1.4	NA	< 0.4	95%	70%	130%	97%	80%	120%	97%	70%	130%
Zinc	338712		7.6	7.6	NA	< 5.0	101%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	106%	70%	130%
Mercury	339141	339141	< 0.02	< 0.02	NA	< 0.02	101%	70%	130%	104%	80%	120%	99%	70%	130%
Chromium VI	335913		<5	<5	NA	< 5	101%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	99%	70%	130%
Cyanide	339141	339141	<2	<2	NA	< 2	110%	70%	130%	93%	80%	120%	97%	70%	130%
Sodium	340408		5670	5610	1.1%	< 500	92%	70%	130%	93%	80%	120%	96%	70%	130%
Chloride	337757		52500	50100	4.7%	< 100	107%	70%	130%	101%	70%	130%	98%	70%	130%
Electrical Conductivity	337764		631	634	0.5%	< 2	100%	90%	110%						
рН	337764		8.03	8.06	0.4%	NA	100%	90%	110%						

Comments: NA signifies Not Applicable.

Duplicate Qualifier: As the measured result approaches the RL, the uncertainty associated with the value increases dramatically, thus duplicate acceptance limits apply only where the average of the two duplicates is greater than five times the RL.

Certified By:

Jacky Zh

#### Method Summary

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett

SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

PARAMETER	AGAT S.O.P	LITERATURE REFERENCE	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE
Trace Organics Analysis		1	
F1 (C6 - C10)	VOL-91- 5010	MOE PHC E3421	(P&T)GC/FID
F1 (C6 to C10) minus BTEX	VOL-91-5010	MOE PHC E3421	(P&T)GC/FID
F2 (C10 to C16)	VOL-91-5010	MOE PHC E3421	GC / FID
F3 (C16 to C34)	VOL-91-5010	MOE PHC E3421	GC / FID
F4 (C34 to C50)	VOL-91-5010	MOE PHC E3421	GC / FID
Gravimetric Heavy Hydrocarbons	VOL-91-5010	MOE PHC E3421	BALANCE
Terphenyl	VOL-91-5010		GC/FID
Dichlorodifluoromethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Vinyl Chloride	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Bromomethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Trichlorofluoromethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Acetone	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1-Dichloroethylene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Methylene Chloride	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
trans- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Methyl tert-butyl ether	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1-Dichloroethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
cis- 1,2-Dichloroethylene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Chloroform	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,2-Dichloroethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Carbon Tetrachloride	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Benzene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,2-Dichloropropane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Trichloroethylene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Bromodichloromethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Toluene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Dibromochloromethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Ethylene Dibromide	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Tetrachloroethylene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Chlorobenzene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Ethylbenzene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
m & p-Xylene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Bromoform	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Styrene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
o-Xylene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
1,3-Dichloropropene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Xylene Mixture	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
n-Hexane	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
Toluene-d8	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS
4-Bromofluorobenzene	VOL-91-5001	EPA SW-846 5030C & 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS

#### **Method Summary**

CLIENT NAME: WSP CANADA INC.

PROJECT: 191-08696-00

ATTENTION TO: Nicole Corbett

SAMPLING SITE:506243 Highway 89, Primrose

SAMPLED BY:Nicole Corbett

o, o o g a,	00, 1 1		
PARAMETER	AGAT S.O.P	LITERATURE REFERENCE	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE
Water Analysis			
Antimony	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Arsenic	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Barium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Beryllium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Boron	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Cadmium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Chromium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Cobalt	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Copper	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Lead	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Molybdenum	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Nickel	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Selenium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Silver	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Thallium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Uranium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Vanadium	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Zinc	MET-93-6103	EPA SW-846 6020A & 200.8	ICP-MS
Mercury	MET-93-6100	EPA SW 846 7470 & 245.1	CVAAS
Chromium VI	INOR-93-6034	SM 3500-Cr B	SPECTROPHOTOMETER
Cyanide	INOR-93-6052	MOE METHOD CN- 3015 & SM 4500 CN- I	TECHNICON AUTO ANALYZER
Sodium	MET-93-6105	EPA SW-846 6010C & 200.7	ICP/OES
Chloride	INOR-93-6004	SM 4110 B	ION CHROMATOGRAPH
Electrical Conductivity	INOR-93-6000	SM 2510 B	PC TITRATE
pH	INOR-93-6000	SM 4500-H+ B	PC TITRATE



5835 Coopers Avenue

**Laboratory Use Only** 

Work Order #: 19T490817

Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1Y2 Ph: 905.712.5100 Fax: 905.712.5122 webearth.agatlabs.com

Chain of Custody Record If this is a Drinking Water sample, please use Drinking Water Chain of Custody Form (potable water consumed by humans)												Coole Arriva			ures:		85	1 8	2.41	9.1	
Report Information:  Company: WSP Canada Inc.  Contact: Nicole Corbett  Address: Sb1 Bryne Dr. Units (4D)  Barrie, ON LYN 9Y3  Phone: Reports to be sent to: 1. Email: Day. dolan @ wsp.com  Project Information:  Project: 191-08696-00  Sampled By: NC					Regulatory Requirements:   No Regulatory Requirement  (Please check all applicable boxes)								Custody Seal Intact: Yes No N/A Notes: O'N CC								
					Regulation 1.53/04  Table	Sewer Use  Sanitary  Storm  Region  Indicate One		y CCME  Prov. Water Quality Objectives (PWQO)				Turnaround Time (TAT) Required:  Regular TAT									
					Is this submission for a Record of Site Condition?		Report Guideline on Certificate of Analysis  Yes \( \square \text{No} \)					Please provide prior notification for rush TAT *TAT is exclusive of weekends and statutory holidays For 'Same Day' analysis, please contact your AGAT CPM									
AGAT Quote #: Please note: If quotation number is not provided, client will be billed full price for analysis.  Invoice Information: Bill To Same: Yes No Company: Company: Contact: Address: Email: Payables. Ontacto @wsp.com				B G'O	Sample Matrix Legend B Biota GW Ground Water O Oil P Paint S Soil SD Sediment SW Surface Water			and Inorganics	Chydride Metals   153 Metals   Incl. Hydrides   163 Metals   Co.   Co	□ pH □ SAR Full Metals Scan	Regulation/Custom Metals	NO. ONO.+N	F4			Total □ Aroclors		TCLP: □ M&t □ VOCs □ ABNs □ B(a)P □PCBs Sewer Use	S 4 VOCS		. На vandone or High Conceptration (V/M)
Sample Identification	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	# of Containers	Sample Matrix	Comments/ Special Instruction	ons	Field Filtered - Metals, Hg,	Metals and ☐ All Metals ☐	□ Hydride ORPs: □ □ Cr6・□	□ pH □ Full Met	Regulati	□ NO <sub>3</sub> □ I	PHCs F1 -	ABNs	PAHs	PCBs: 🗆 Total	Organoc	TCLP: □ M&	PH(		Dotentially
BH19-02	07/10/10	AM	12	GW			V	X					ı						X		
BH19-03	0 1 1 1 1	AM	1	1			-	X					$\top$						X		
BH19-04		PM	1 1		limited sam	PREU		X													
GWDUP-1	4			4	for PHCs F	1105						>	1				-				
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### **APPENDIX**

# CSM TRANSPORT DIAGRAMS

