# SELF STORAGE BUILDINGS COUNTY ROAD 21 & 18 STORMWATER DESIGN REPORT

**TOWNSHIP OF MULMUR** 



355310 BLUE MOUNTAINS-EUPHRASIA TOWNLINE CLARKSBURG, ON NOH 1J0

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#### 1.0 Introduction

CAPES Engineering Ltd. has been retained by Mr. Daniel Tosello (Alpha Storage Inc.) to prepare drawings and a stormwater management report to support Site Plan approval for the 1.6 ha site located at the north east corner of the intersection of County Road 18 (Airport Road) and County Road 21 in the rural settlement area of Randwick in the Township of Mulmur. The existing lot is vacant containing a mix of treed and open field conditions. There is currently a trailer parked on the site accessed via an existing entrance from County Rd. 21 and a cleared path through the site. Some advertisement signs are located along the west side on the site adjacent to County Rd. 18.

It is proposed to initially construct a 445.9 m<sup>2</sup> (4,800 ft<sup>2</sup>) self storage building in the south west corner of the site.

Access to the storage building will be provided by an asphalt driveway located east of the current entrance location from County Rd. 21. There will be no staff or office space located on site and buildings will not require electrical, water or sanitary connections. Portable toilets will be provided on the site to serve as washroom facilities.

The site is currently zoned as Highway Commercial (CH) and no zoning alterations are required to support the proposed development. The site is not located within a regulated area of the Niagara Escarpment Commission or the Nottawasaga Valley Conservation Authority and approvals are not required from either the NEC or NVCA.

The proposed development is designed to meet the standards and guidelines of the Township of Mulmur and County of Dufferin. The purpose of this report is to provide support for Site Plan Approval from the Township of Mulmur for the proposed development.

#### 2.0 Existing Site Conditions

The lot is legally described as Part 2 and 3, Registered Plan 7R-1725 as part of Lot 26, Concession 7 in the Township of Mulmur, County of Dufferin. The legal plan provided by the client that was originally prepared by Zubek, Emo and Patten Ltd. in 1978, is included in **Appendix A** for reference.

The site is rectangular in shape with a triangle section removed from the rectangle at the intersection of County Road 18 and County Road 21 for a sight triangle. The site has a frontage of approximately 134 m along County Road 21 and a frontage of approximately 103 m along County Road 18. Per the Township of Mulmur zoning map, the immediately adjacent lots to the north and east are zoned Countryside Area. The lot on the south east corner of the intersection is zoned Rural Residential and the small lot at the north west corner of the intersection is zoned General Commercial. The lot at the south west corner of the intersection and the lot surrounding the small lot at the north west corner are zoned Open Space.

The site is currently accessed via an existing driveway located off County Road 21. The site remains mostly treed with some sections that have been cleared mostly on the south western portion of the lot. There is a trailer on site that is accessed via a path through the site. There is an existing well located south east of the trailer which is currently not being used.

There is a steep 3-4 m high bank located at the north west corner of the lot drops into the site and the entire frontage on County Road 18 is significantly lower than the road centreline. The south east portion of the site along the County Road 21 frontage is slightly lower than County Road 21 centreline. However, east of the existing entrance the lot is raised significantly above the road centreline by 1.5-2 m with a steep bank from property line sloping down to the roadside ditch. There are numerous locations with berms and some localized low points. The overall site slopes at an average of 5% east from the high point (elevation 273.79) in the NW corner to a low area approximately at the mid point of the eastern property line (elevation 265.96).

County Road 18 and County Road 21 are two lane paved rural roads with approximately 3.7 m wide lanes and gravel shoulders. Utilities are located overhead on both roads. The utility poles on County Road 21 are on the south side of the road and the utility poles are on the east side of County Road 18 north of the intersection and switch to the west side south of the intersection.

#### 2.1 Geotechnical Information

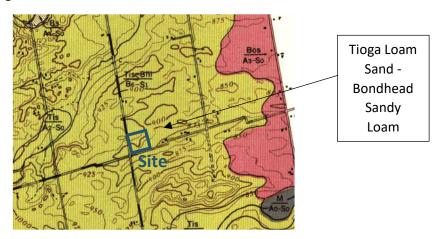
There is currently no geotechnical investigation complete for this Site. The Ontario Geological Survey (OGS) has identified the area as glaciofluvial deposits with river deposits and delta topset facies with sandy deposits. Please see the excerpt from the OGS mapping below.

#### **Ontario Geological Survey Mapping**



Soil mapping for Dufferin County from the Canada Department of Agriculture completed in 1963 identifies the area as Tioga Loam Sand-Bondhead with sandy loam to loam sand with good drainage. The site is shown in the image below overlaying the soil mapping for reference. Please note that OGS mapping supersedes the Department of Agriculture soil mapping shown below. In general, the soil mapping supports the OGS mapping identifying the area as glaciofluvial deposits.

#### **Dufferin County Soil Mapping**



The MECP Well Record for the onsite well, included in **Appendix B** for reference, indicates 0 to 2.4m below ground surface (mbgs) consist of sand with gravel followed by sand with clay layers from 2.4 to 7.0mbgs. Water was found at a depth of approximately 34mbgs. Other nearby wells indicate water found at a depth of 28 to 35mbgs with a sand to clayey sand layer as the surficial soil. The well records support the sandy loam soil type identified above as well as indicate groundwater is significantly below ground surface.

#### 2.2 Existing Stormwater Infrastructure

Most of the northern property line contains a significant slope of approximately 4m in grade change at approximately a 4:1 slope. The middle area of the site is significantly flatter with localized hummocky terrain. The majority of the southern property line is elevated with a gentle slope north towards the middle area of the site and this elevated area along the southern property line slopes down towards the roadside ditch at a higher grade. The overall site slopes at an average of 4-5% easterly but the middle part of the site has a fairly flat grade before outletting into the neighbouring property.

The eastern side of County Road 18 contains no ditch and slopes from the edge of the road into the site. The western side of County Road 18 contains a shallow ditch formed due to raised grade at property line. There is no evidence of an outlet for this ditch as it reaches the intersection, and we believe it would overflow across County Road 21 to a low area south west of the intersection.

Runoff from the north side of County Road 21, east of the intersection, drains into the site where it is at a lower elevation than the edge of the road. A shallow ditch is formed further east where the elevation at property line is higher than the road. The ditch on the north side of County Road 21 drains east

beyond the site frontage. There is no ditch along the south side of County Road 21 with flows passing into private property south of the centreline.

The overall drainage of the area occurs via overland sheet flow with limited ditching and culverts. It is anticipated that there is little runoff as infiltration occurs due to the soil type present.

#### 2.2.1 Stormwater Management Approval Criteria

The Township of Mulmur does not have formal stormwater management criteria, however the site is within the NVCA jurisdiction (but not within a regulated area) and therefore we have generally followed the NVCA stormwater guidelines, although we do not believe the NVCA will be providing review of this site due to the size and nature of the development.

In general, the site needs to conform to the following stormwater criteria:

- Post Development peak flows must be controlled to Pre-Development levels for the 2-100 year storm events (inclusive).
- Quality control for 4 hr Chicago 25 mm storm must be provided to meet the MECP "Enhanced" level of protection (80% TSS Removal)
- Best efforts towards a water balance must be provided for the site
- A minimum of 5 mm of rainfall must be retained on site through the use of LID
- Pre-Development total phosphorous (TP) levels must be matched in the post development and best efforts to achieve an additional 20% TP reduction below pre-development.
- Erosion and Sediment Controls (ESC) must be provided for the site to reduce or eliminate sediment transport offsite during construction and until vegetation has been re-established.

#### 2.2.2 Existing Condition Stormwater Modelling

We have utilized PCSWMM 2020 modelling software (Version 7.3.3095, SWMM version 5.0.013-5.1.015 to undertake the analysis of the existing site.

The contributing drainage area for the site was determined by using a combination of aerial imagery from County of Dufferin Mapping and a topographic survey of the site completed in 2020.

The site is 1.62 ha in size with 0% impervious area at an overall slope of 4.1%. There are external flows passing through the site from an area of approximately 2.03 ha with 16% imperviousness at an average slope of 9.1%. The external flow area includes incoming flows from the neighbouring property to the north as well as road runoff from both County Road 18 and County Road 21. These flows pass into the site and discharge with the site flow into the neighbouring property to the east.

A loamy sand soil type will be used for modeling of existing conditions for the site per available soil type information as specified above. Please refer to **Appendix C** for the Existing Condition Catchment Plan as well as the PCSWMM output summary. Below are the selected Green Ampt Parameters for the Site.

Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Kfs)= 59.8 mm/hr (Table 5.5.5 Handbook of Hydrology, 1993)

Suction Head = 61.3 mm (as per Rawls 1983)

Initial Deficit (fraction) = 0.312 (as per Rawls 1983)

Additional PCSWMM model input parameters for the Manning's roughness coefficient (*n*) and depression storage were determined from the USDA TR55 and UNESCO SWM Manual as follows:

Table 5.9: Manning Roughness Coefficients - Overland Flow

Cover	n
Impervious areas	0.013
Woods	
with light underbrush	0.4
with dense underbrush	0.8
Lawns	
Short grass	0.15
Dense grass	0.24
Agriculture Land	0.050-0.170

Ref: Adapted from Soil Conservation Service, Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, Engineering Division, Technical Release 55, June 1986

#### 10.2 Initial Abstraction/Depression Storage

Table 10.2: Initial abstraction/depression storage

Cover	Depth (mm)
Woods	10
Pasture/Meadow	8
Cultivated	7
Lawns	5
Wetland	12/16
Impervious	
areas	2

Ref: UNESCO, Manual on Drainage in Urbanized Areas, 1987.

The pervious portion of the pre-development drainage area is partially treed and partially lawn resulting in a Manning roughness coefficient of 0.24 and a depression storage of 8 mm. The impervious area is modeled with a Manning roughness coefficient of 0.013 and a depress storage of 2 mm per the tables above.

IDF Curves were obtained of the rainfall data from the Ministry of Transportation IDF Curve Look-up Tool and have been included in **Appendix C.** The IDF curves were used to model the 2-100 year 4-Hour Chicago storms and the 2-100 year 24-Hour SCS Type II storms as per NVCA guidelines. The Regional Timmins storm and the 4-Hour 25 mm Chicago (quality control) storm events were also modeled.

Please refer to **Table 1** below for a summary of the results from the model.

**Table 1 – Existing Condition Modelling Results** 

Storm Event	Peak Flow Into Site (External Area) (m³/s)	Peak Flow Offsite Including Incoming External Flows Total (m³/s)
24 Hr SCS Type II		
2-year	0.06	0.00
5-year	0.08	0.00
10-year	0.09	0.00
25-year	0.11	0.01
50-year	0.13	0.05
100-year	0.19	0.10
4 Hr Chicago		
2-year	0.11	0.00
5-year	0.14	0.00
10-year	0.16	0.00
25-year	0.19	0.00
50-year	0.22	0.00
100-year	0.24	0.00
25 mm	0.06	0.00
Timmins	0.04	0.00

The PCSWMM summary output file for the 100 year 24-Hour SCS Type II storm has been included in **Appendix C** for reference. The remaining output files can be provided upon request in either digital or hardcopy format.

Runoff is generated by the impervious area from the external drainage area which flows onto the development site. Due to the topography of the site, the vegetative cover the runoff is largely all absorbed except for the largest storm events (25, 50 and 100 year 24-Hour SCS Type II design storms).

### 3.0 Proposed Site Plan

The proposed site plan includes one self storage building with slab on grade construction that is 445.91 m<sup>2</sup>  $(4,800 \text{ ft}^2)$  in size. The storage building will be accessed via a 9.0 m wide gravel driveway around the building to provide emergency access.

The site will not be staffed or include an office space. The buildings do not require electrical connections or water/sanitary connections. The site will be accessed from a new driveway entrance off County Road

21 located east of the existing entrance. The existing entrance will be removed, and the new entrance will be located 85m east of the County Road 18 centreline.

The proposed stormwater conditions include a cut off swale to direct incoming stormwater runoff flows from the north west around the development. Incoming flows from west of the site will flow into the subject site and flow towards the right-of-way south of the subject site where the ditch regrading will provide a positive drainage outlet. The discharge from the rain garden will also be directed into the roadside ditch on the north side of County Road 21 that flows east.

#### 3.1 Proposed Stormwater Management Plan

To support review of the stormwater management to support the Site Plan application being completed for the development of the site. We have utilized the same software for modelling of the proposed conditions as was used for the existing conditions (PCSWMM 2020 Version 7.3.3095, SWMM version 5.0.013-5.1.015).

The Green Ampt infiltration parameters used for the proposed development will be the same as the predevelopment condition. In the proposed conditions the pervious areas will be a combination of treed areas and grassed areas; therefore, the Mannings n value and depression storage are calculated with regard to the proposed conditions for each subcatchment.

The proposed enhanced grassed swale is designed with reference to the document produced by the CVC/TRCA titled Low Impact Development Stormwater Management Planning and Design Guide. Certain components of the swales such as longitudinal slope, side slopes and grass cover are chosen to increase infiltration within the site.

The proposed development results in an increase of impervious area from 0% to 11% impervious (overall). The majority of the impervious area is located in the south west portion of the site with the north and east areas largely untouched and to remain in existing condition.

Incoming runoff flows from the northern property and the right-of-way to the west will continue to flow easterly to match the existing condition. The runoff flows from the right-of-way west of the site will be directed around the development where the drainage pattern is interrupted by the proposed development. The runoffs flows from the west will encounter a berm and will then be directed south towards the ditch on the north side of County Road 21 that flows east. Previously the grading forced ponding on site to occur. As part of the development, the county ditch on the north side of County Road 21 will be reconstructed to provide a positive outlet for the incoming flows from the west. The majority of the developed area will be directed into a rain garden on the southern edge of the property. Discharge from this rain garden will be directed into the ditch along the north side of County Road 21. A variety of swales and enhanced grass swales will be provided to ensure adequate outlets for the stormwater runoff.

The proposed rain garden will include a 100 mm dia. outlet pipe to control the stormwater quantity discharge rates. An emergency overflow weir is also included in the stormwater management design. Based on the modelled flows this weir will only be utilized in a situation where the 100 mm dia. outlet pipe is clogged.

The proposed condition model is divided into 10 subcatchments as follows:

- Subcatchments S1, S6\_1, S6\_2 and S8 (combined 2.03 ha) are the external drainage areas. S1 contains the neighbouring property to the north as well as a portion of County Rd. 18 located north of the site. S1 is 1.75 ha and stormwater runoff flows south into the site where it then is directly easterly across the subject site. S8 contains a portion of runoff from County Rd. 21. S5 is 0.03ha and flows north. This flow originally discharged into the site, however, now it will be contained in the road side ditch located on the north side of County Road 21. S6\_1 is 0.17ha and contains the County Rd. 18 ROW east of the centreline that is interrupted by the proposed berm located within the site. The stormwater runoff passes through the site and is now provided with a positive outlet to the reconstructed roadside ditch on the north side of County Rd. 21. S6\_2 is 0.08 ha in size and is the stormwater runoff from County Road 18 that flows easterly into the side and continues flowing east through the site and is not disrupted by the new proposed berm.
- Subcatchment S3 is 0.12 ha in size and contains the north and western areas of the proposed building and access lane. The stormwater runoff is directed west into an enhanced grass swale that is proposed to discharge into the rain garden.
- Subcatchment S4\_2 is 0.11 ha in size and contains most of the southern portion of the building and adjacent driving lane. The stormwater runoff for subcatchment S4\_2 is directed into the southern enhanced grass swale that slopes west towards the rain garden.
- Subcatchment S6 and S4 (0.01 ha each) are the subcatchments located at the entrance of the site from the high point in the driveway directed south to the roadside ditch on the north side of County Road 21.
- Subcatchment S7 (0.07 ha) is located in the south west portion of the site. Subcatchment S7 receives stormwater runoff from subcatchment S6\_1 and the combined runoff flows southerly, eventually discharging into the roadside ditch located on the north side of County Road 21.
- Subcatchment S2 (1.02 ha) consists of primarily the pervious eastern and northern portions of the site. A small section of driveway along the far east portion of the development will be directed into subcatchment S2. A grass lined swale is to be constructed east of this section of driveway to direct drainage around an existing berm on site to the low area where any stormwater runoff can continue to flow east as it does in existing conditions.

Please refer to **Drawing C4** for a plan of the subcatchments detailed above and to the grading and stormwater details on the proposed Grading and Servicing Plan **Drawing C3**.

Please refer to **Table 2** for a summary of the existing and post re-development Peak Flows and to **Appendix D** for the 100 year 24-Hour SCS Type II storm PCSWMM output results.

Table 2 – Pre and Post Modelling Results

Storm Event	Peak Flow Into Site (External Area) (m³/s)	Existing Peak Flow Offsite Total (m³/s)	Peak Flow at East Outfall (m³/s)	Peak Flow at South Outfall (m³/s)	Proposed Peak Flow Offsite Total (m³/s)
24 Hr SCS					
Type II					
2-year	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5-year	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
10-year	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03
25-year	0.11	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.07
50-year	0.13	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.12
100-year	0.19	0.10	0.11	0.07	0.18
4 Hr Chicago					
2-year	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
5-year	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
10-year	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
25-year	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
50-year	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02
100-year	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03
25 mm	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Timmins	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02

In the existing conditions a significant portion of the external flows are infiltrated into the site as seen in **Table 2** above in the difference between the columns for the "Peak Flow Into Site (External Area)" and the "Existing Peak Flow Offsite Total". For all of the design storms above, the proposed peak flow offsite is lower than the peak incoming flow from external areas.

Currently, the site is accepting stormwater runoff from external areas and infiltrating some or all of the runoff from these external areas. Peak flows discharging from the site are increasing in some storm events, however, this is due to the large incoming peak stormwater runoff flows and some redirecting of these flows to the roadside ditch as opposed to discharging all of these flows to mostly infiltrate within the site.

Discharging, where possible, the incoming and development runoff flows towards the County Road 21 regraded north ditch, instead of utilizing the site and neighbouring property provides a positive outlet for these areas instead of utilizing private property to infiltrate the runoff flows from the County Road right-of-way.

If the external flows are removed from the model, the peak flow offsite for the 100-year SCS design storm is 0.06 m<sup>3</sup>/s and similarly the peak flow offsite for the 50-year SCS design storm is 0.04 m<sup>3</sup>/s. These are lower than the existing peak flow offsite, indicating that the major reasoning for the increase in peak flow offsite is due to rerouting and eliminating the existing treatment of the runoff currently entering site from the County right-of-way.

There is no requirement to control the Regional event but the Timmins storm peak flow also decreases from the incoming external peak flow. The regional storm is safely conveyed within the site. The 25mm quality design storm also decreases from the incoming external flows.

#### 3.1.1 Stormwater Quality Control

Stormwater quality has been analyzed using a 25 mm 4-hour Chicago design storm. The 25 mm design storm represents 95% of all rainfall activities in an average year. By basing quality controls off of the 25 mm design storm, quality measures will be effective for most rain events in a given year.

The grass swales and the rain garden will reduce the peak outflow from the 25 mm design storm to 0.00 m³/s, or a decrease of 0.06 m³/s from the incoming external peak flow, for the proposed development of the site. Therefore, more stormwater is treated than runoff for the site. As the peak outflow is reduced to lower than the incoming flows from external areas, full treatment is achieved for TSS removal for the quality design storm (25 mm 4-Hour Chicago).

As per NVCA guidelines the elimination of the runoff during the 25 mm storm reduces the phosphorous discharge from the site to 0 and the TSS removal is 100%.

#### 3.1.2 Enhanced Grass Swale

The enhanced grass swales used on site are designed to promote treatment of the stormwater. Per the Low Impact Development Stormwater Management Planning and Design Guide by the CVC, the following factors increase pollutant removal rates:

- Longitudinal slope <1%: The slope in the enhanced grass swale is 1.0% or less
- Soil infiltration rate is 15 mm/hr or greater: Per the anticipated soil conditions, the existing sandy soil is very permeable and will promote infiltration. Additional soil testing may be required by the Town or NVCA to confirm the soil infiltration rate.
- Flow velocity within channel is 0.5 m/s or less during quality design storm: The maximum velocity occurring in the swale is 0.3 m/s for the 25 mm 4-Hour Chicago design storm in both the west and south swales.
- Side slopes 3:1 or less: Side slopes in the enhanced swales are 3:1

#### 3.1.3 Rain Garden

It is proposed to implement a rain garden within the site which is designed in general conformance with the CVC/TRCA LID Manual with 3:1 side slopes, 750 mm of filter medium (compost amended potting soil), 75 mm of mulch on the surface and will be planted with a mixture of long grasses and wildflowers to ensure a greater than 80% TSS removal.

The rain garden is located in the south west corner of the site abutting the southern property line. The entire rain garden is west of the new access off County Rd. 21. The 123.8 m² facility is a maximum of 0.94 m deep including the 0.3 m freeboard. The available volume is 69.2 m³ and will operate on pure infiltration for the bottom 0.25 m and have a 100 mm dia. outlet let pipe and a 1m wide overflow weir. The outlet pipe is set 0.25 m above the bottom of the pond and the bottom of the overflow weir is set at 0.70 m above the bottom with 3:1 side slopes. Please refer to **Appendix D** for a copy of the outlet calculations. The maximum water surface elevation occurs during the 100 year SCS storm event where the water reaches a depth of 0.63 m (elevation 266.91).

#### 3.2 Fire Flow

As per the request of the Town we have calculated the fire flow water demand for the site using the OBC (Office of the Fire Marshal, OFM Guideline, Fire Protection Water Supply Guideline for Part 3 in the Ontario Building Code (Oct 1999)). Please refer to **Appendix E** for the calculations.

Based on the calculations the building will require 54,000 L of stored water to fight a fire for 30 minutes. However, these calculations are only provided as reference as it is our understanding that the Town is not requiring fire suppression water storage be provided on the site.

The proposed access route provided around the proposed building is 9 m wide with a minimum clear width of 6 m. The centreline radius is 12 m for each bend and corner. The access route provides access for emergency response vehicles to the site.

The existing well on the site may be able to provide some additional fire flows. The MECP Well record indicates a recommended pumping rate of 25 GPM or 1.6 L/s, however the well currently has no electrical connection for the pump, and the recommended pump rate is far below the required rate of 30 L/s. In addition, the location of the well is not well suited to access with a fire truck.

#### 3.3 Erosion and Sediment Control

We recommend that silt fence per OPSD 219.130 be installed along the exterior of the limit of development of the Site as shown in **Drawing C5.** These controls should remain in place and be maintained until the vegetation is re-established on the lot.

The rain garden will need to be cleaned out following construction, the native soil scarified, and the potting soil and vegetation established.

#### 3.4 Water and Sewer Servicing

There is an area on site for portable toilets to be provided to serve as washroom facilities for the proposed development as per discussions with the Town. No potable water or other sanitary servicing will be provided.

#### 4.0 Conclusions

It is proposed to construct a mini self storage building on the 1.6 ha currently vacant parcel of land located at the NE corner of County Rd. 18 and County Rd. 21 in the Township of Mulmur.

The building will be accessed by abandoning the existing entrance and installing a new entrance located east of the existing entrance. The proposed entrance will be an asphalt surface as per County of Dufferin standards and the access road within the site will be gravel surfaced sufficient for emergency vehicle access.

The primary stormwater quality and quantity controls for the site will be through the use of infiltration-based LID (rain garden) and the design ensures an enhanced level of treatment and a reduction in peak flows to existing levels.

The buildings will not require electricity, or a water or sewage connection and there will be no staff onsite. The site will not have external lighting (either street or on-building) and as such will primarily be used only by day. There is an area on the site for portable toilets to provide washroom facilities.

This report is intended to demonstrate the site can be constructed and serviced and will meet the County, Township and NVCA design criteria. The site will require Site Plan approval from the Township as well as approval from the County, however a permit is not required from the NVCA or NEC.

Report Prepared By:

Brianna Collins, E.I.T. CAPES Engineering

Report Reviewed By:

Clayton **d**apes, MSc. P.Eng. CAPES Engineering Ltd.

C/CAPES IN THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

# ALPHA STORAGE INC.

# W PART LOT 26, CONCESSION 7E MINI STORAGE

### DRAWING INDEX

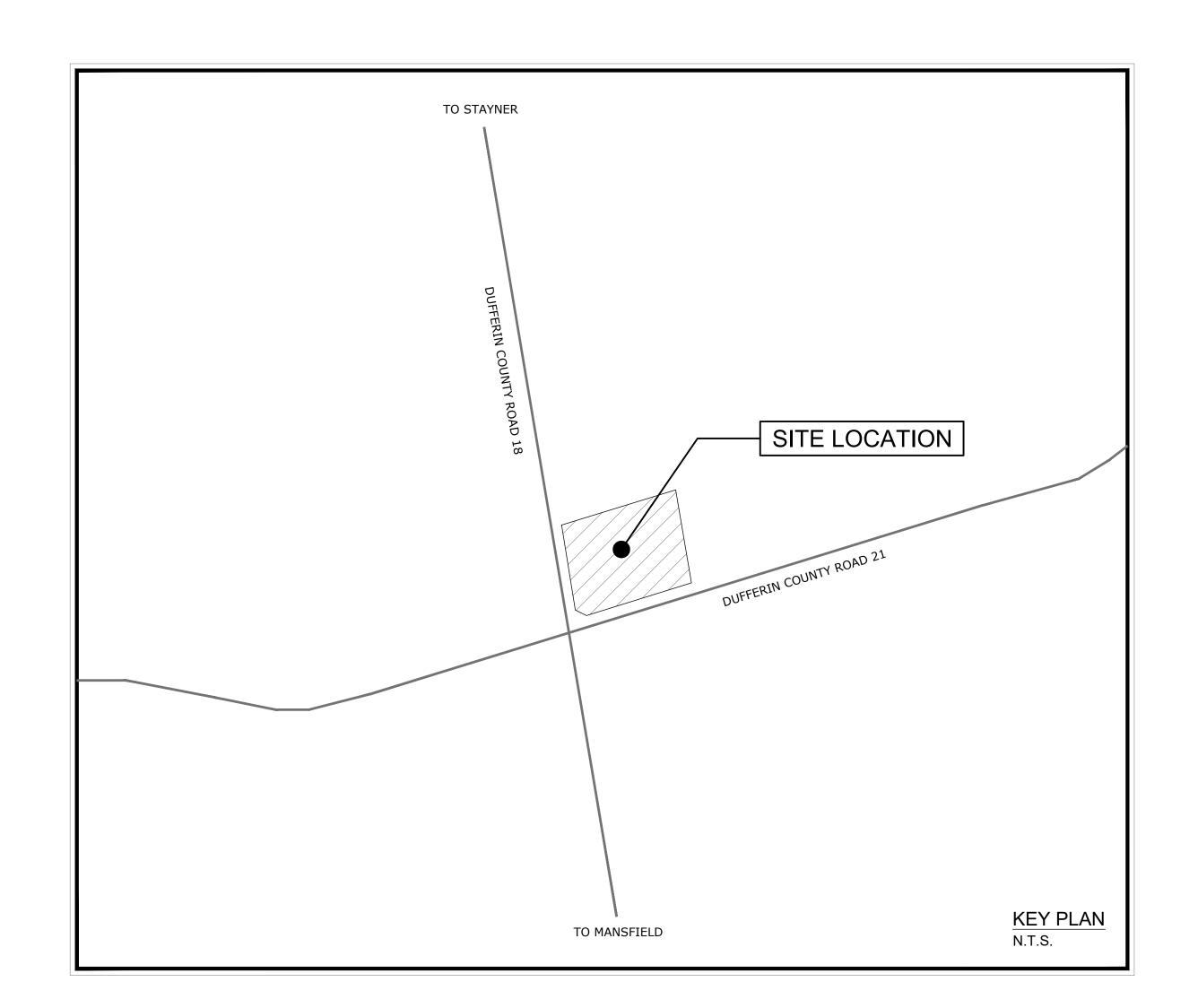
C1 EXISTING CONDITION PLAN

C2 GENERAL SITE PLAN

C3 GRADING AND SERVICING PLAN

C5 EROSON & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

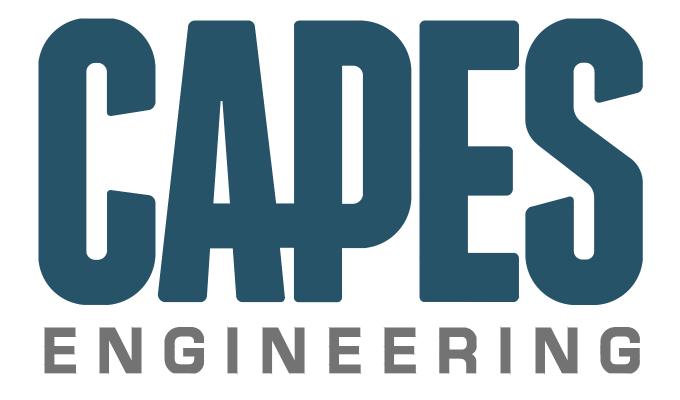
C6 STANDARD DETAILS



ALPHA STORAGE INC.

Project No. 2020-090

REISSUED FOR APPROVALS - 22/02/15







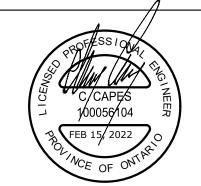
RP 7R-1725 PARTS 2 & 3 CONCESSION 7 PT LOT 26 TOWNSHIP OF MULMUR COUNTY OF DUFFERIN

1. This drawing is the exclusive property of CAPES Engineering Ltd. The reproduction of any part without express written consent of this Corporation is strictly prohibited. 2. The contractor shall verify all dimensions, levels, and datums on site and report any discrepancies or omissions to CAPES Engineering Ltd. prior to construction. 3. This drawing is to be read and understood in conjunction with all other plans and documents applicable to this project.

No	Revision	Date
1	ISSUED FOR APPROVALS	21/01/15
2	REISSUED FOR APPROVALS	21/01/27
3	REISSUED FOR APPROVALS	22/02/11
4	REIUSSED FOR APPROVALS	22/02/15

TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY COMPLETED BY SMC GEOMATICS INC. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL ESTABLISHED USING LEICA SMARTNET RTK LEGAL SURVEY INFORMATION PROVIDED BY OWNER. THE BEARINGS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY. THIS IS NOT A LEGAL PLAN OF SURVEY AND SHALL NOT BE USED AS SUCH. BOUNDARY IS SHOWN APPROXIMATELY ONLY.

BENCHMARK: NAIL IN HYDRO POLE AT SOUTH WEST CORNER OF LOT = 267.97



ALPHA STORAGE INC.

W PART LOT 26, CONCESSION 7E MINI STORAGE EXISTING CONDITION PLAN

SUBJECT SITE—

MAXIMUM 3:1 SLOPE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED

KEY PLAN

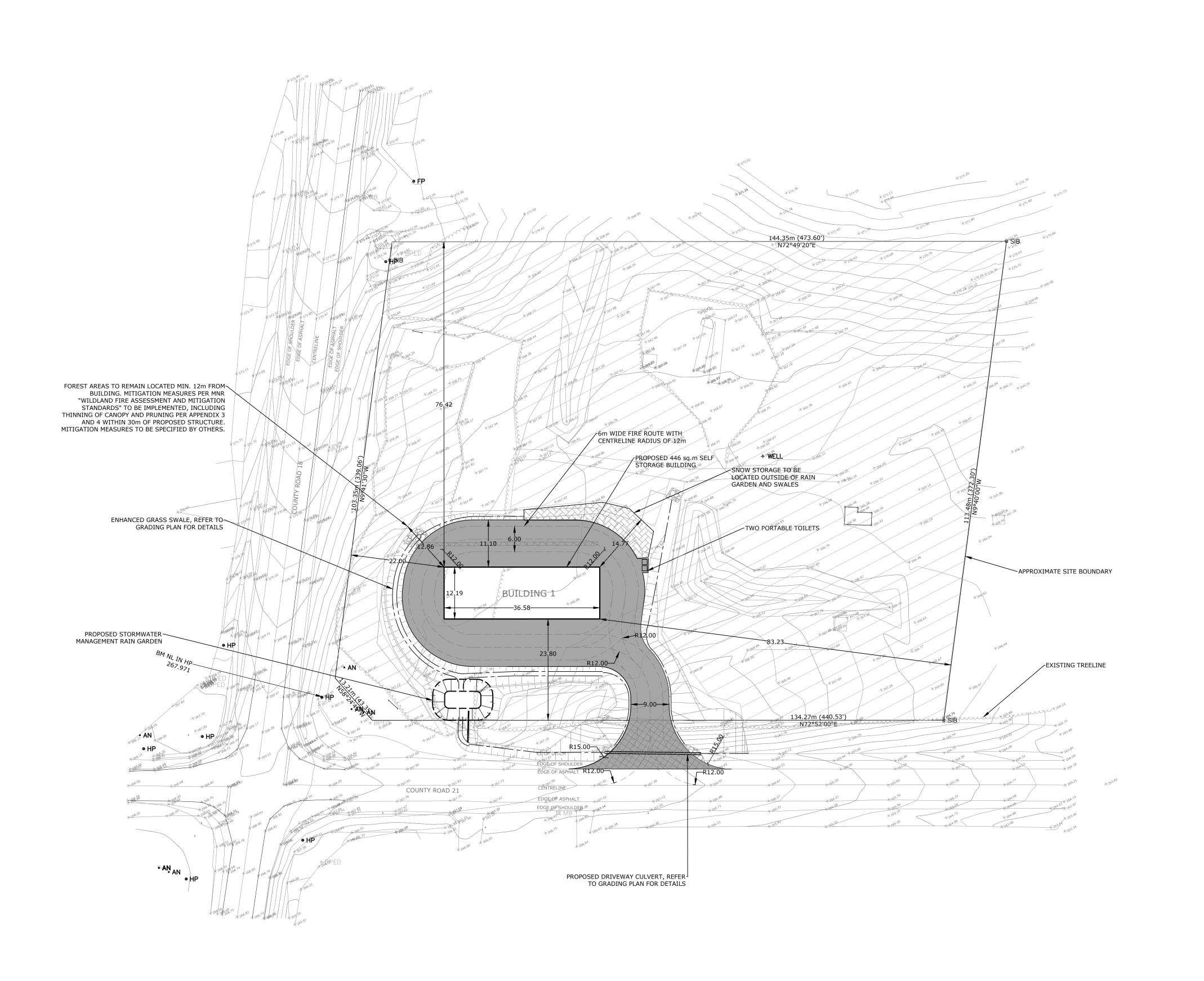
\* 221.21 PROPOSED ELEVATION

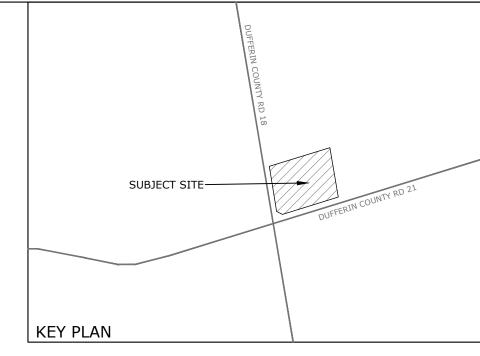
LEGEND



	Designed B. COLLIN
JE MOUNTAINS - EUPHRASIA TOWNLINE	Project No. 2020-090
RG, ON NOH 1JO	Scale 1:500

C. CAPES 21/01/04





LEGEND

\* 221.21 PROPOSED ELEVATION

EXISTING ELEVATION

MAXIMUM 3:1 SLOPE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED



PROPOSED FORESTED AREA TO REMAIN



PROPOSED SNOW STORAGE AREA

REQUIRED PROVIDED				
MINIMUM LOT AREA (sq.m)	8,000	16,178		
MINIMUM LOT FRONTAGE (m)	60.0	134.1		
MINIMUM FRONT YARD (m)	15.0	23.8		
MINIMUM EXTERIOR SIDE YARD (m)	15.0	22.0		
MINIMUM INTERIOR SIDE YARD (m)	6.0	83.2		
MINIMUM REAR YARD (m)	7.5	76.4		
MAXIMUM HEIGHT (m)	10.5	3.0 (APPROX.)		
MAXIMUM LOT COVERAGE (%)	25	2.8		
MINIMUM LANDSCAPED OPEN SPACE (%)	15	87		

# RP 7R-1725 PARTS 2 & 3 CONCESSION 7 PT LOT 26 TOWNSHIP OF MULMUR COUNTY OF DUFFERIN

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discrepancies or omissions to CAPES Engineering Ltd. prior to construction.

3. This drawing is to be read and understood in conjunction with all other plans and documents applicable to this project.

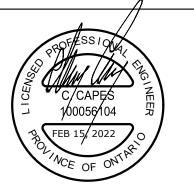
No	Revision	Date
1	ISSUED FOR APPROVALS	21/01/15
2	REISSUED FOR APPROVALS	21/01/27
3	REISSUED FOR APPROVALS	22/02/11
4	REIUSSED FOR APPROVALS	22/02/15

NOTES:

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BENCHMARK: NAIL IN HYDRO POLE AT SOUTH WEST CORNER OF LOT = 267.97



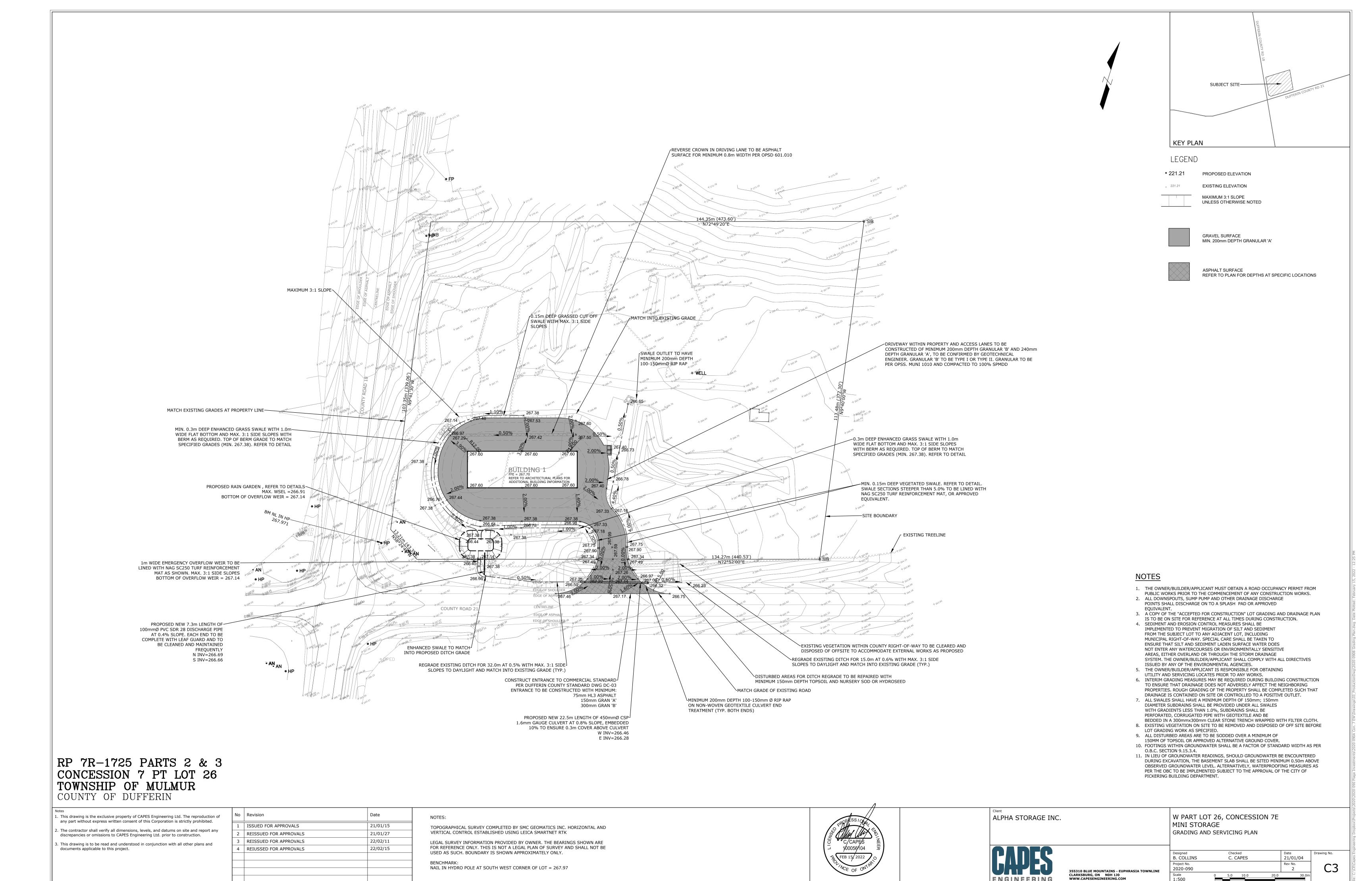
ALPHA STORAGE INC.

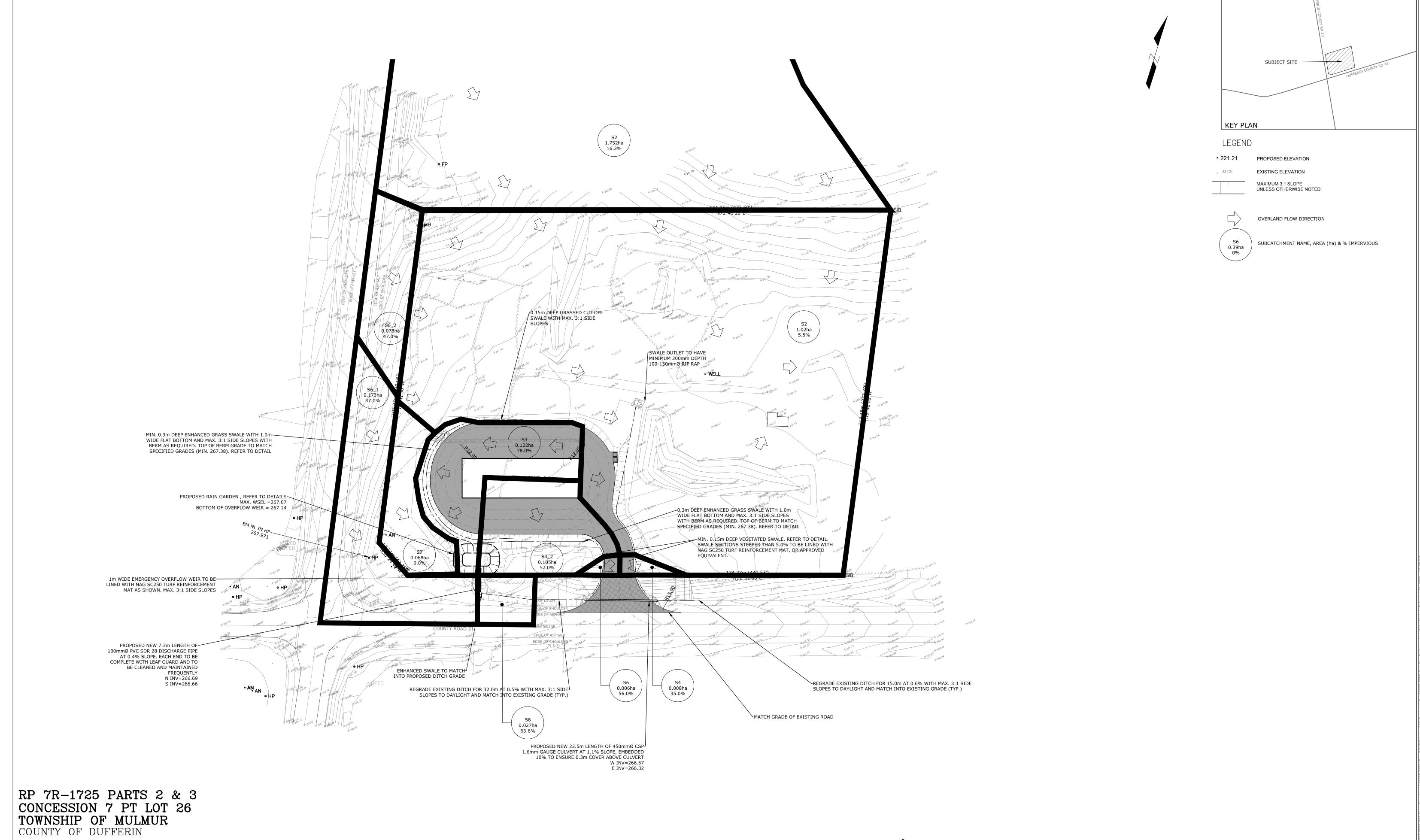
W PART LOT 26, CONCESSION 7E MINI STORAGE GENERAL SITE PLAN



355310 BLUE MOUNTAINS - EUPHRASIA TOWNLINE
CLARKSBURG, ON NOH 1JO
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C2





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NAIL IN HYDRO POLE AT SOUTH WEST CORNER OF LOT = 267.97

C/CAPES 15/2022 OF ONT PART OF

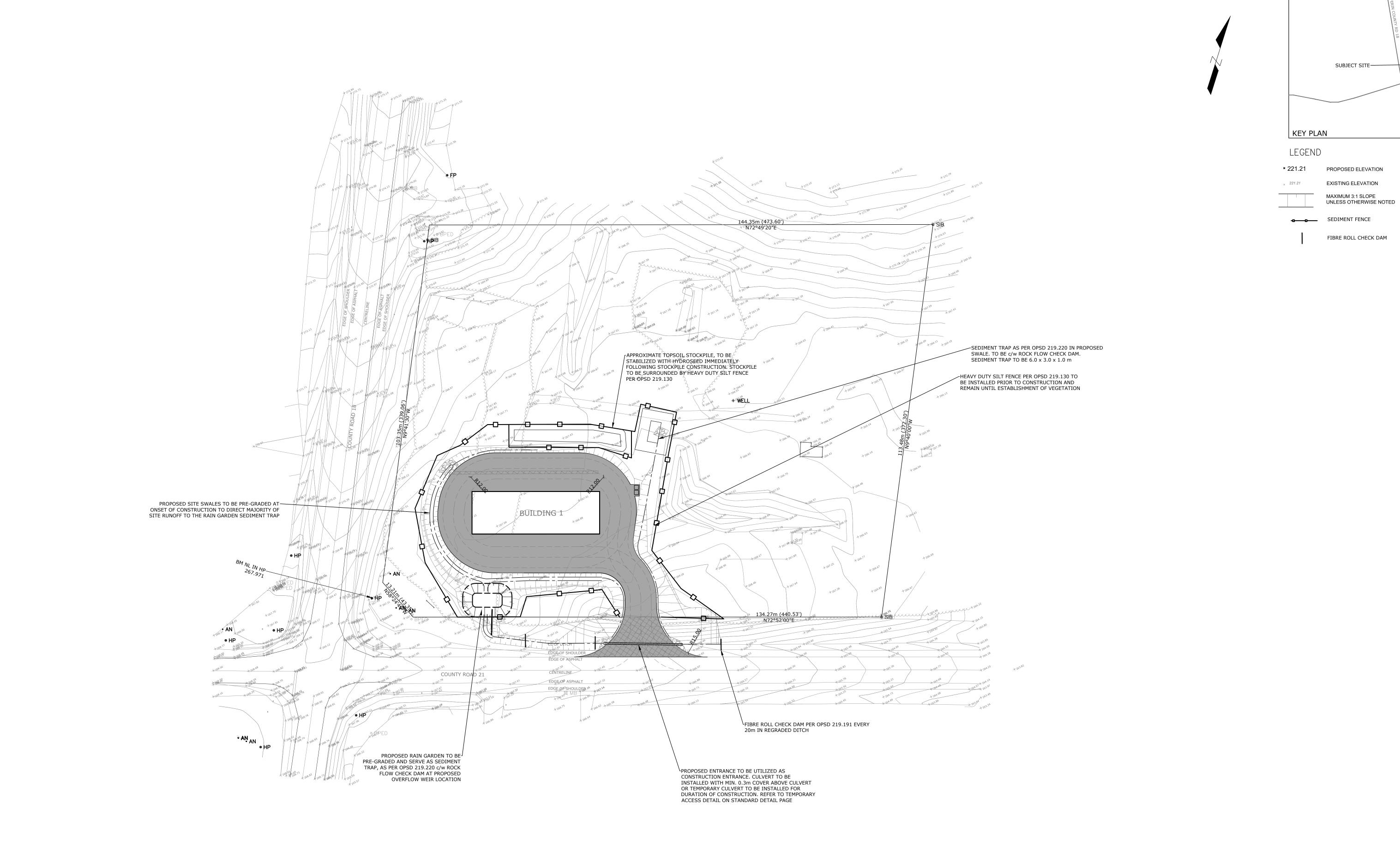
ALPHA STORAGE INC.

W PART LOT 26, CONCESSION 7E MINI STORAGE POST DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN



	Designed B. COLLIN
E MOUNTAINS - EUPHRASIA TOWNLINE	Project No. 2020-090
G,ON NOH 1JO SENGINEERING.COM	Scale 1:500

C4



# RP 7R-1725 PARTS 2 & 3 CONCESSION 7 PT LOT 26 TOWNSHIP OF MULMUR COUNTY OF DUFFERIN

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NAIL IN HYDRO POLE AT SOUTH WEST CORNER OF LOT = 267.97



ALPHA STORAGE INC.

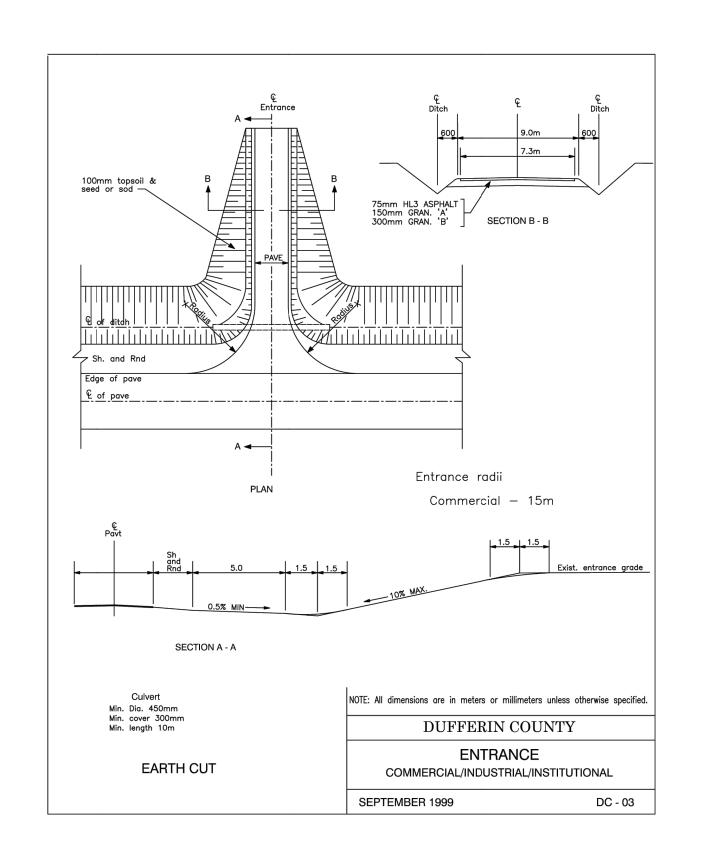
W PART LOT 26, CONCESSION 7E MINI STORAGE EROSON & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

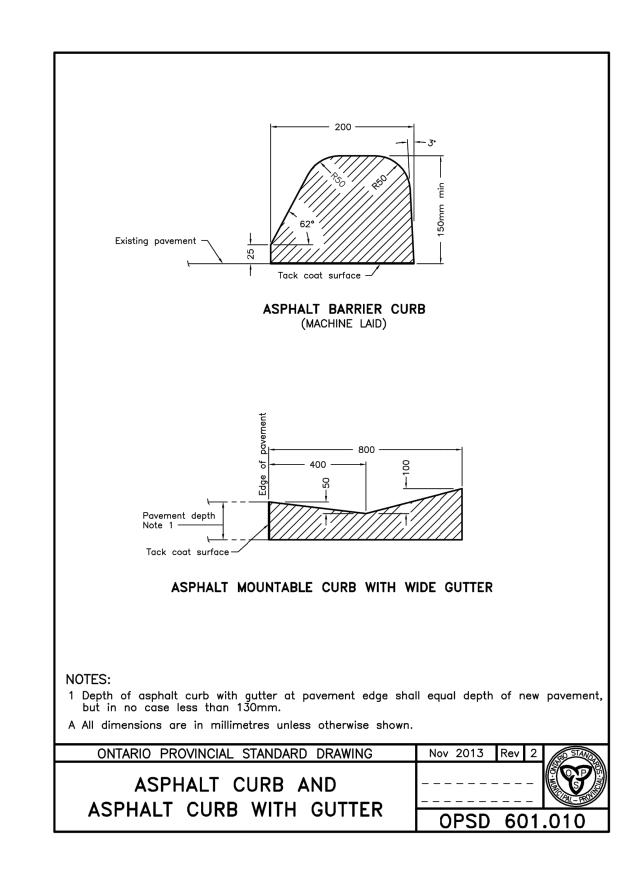
Des B. Proj

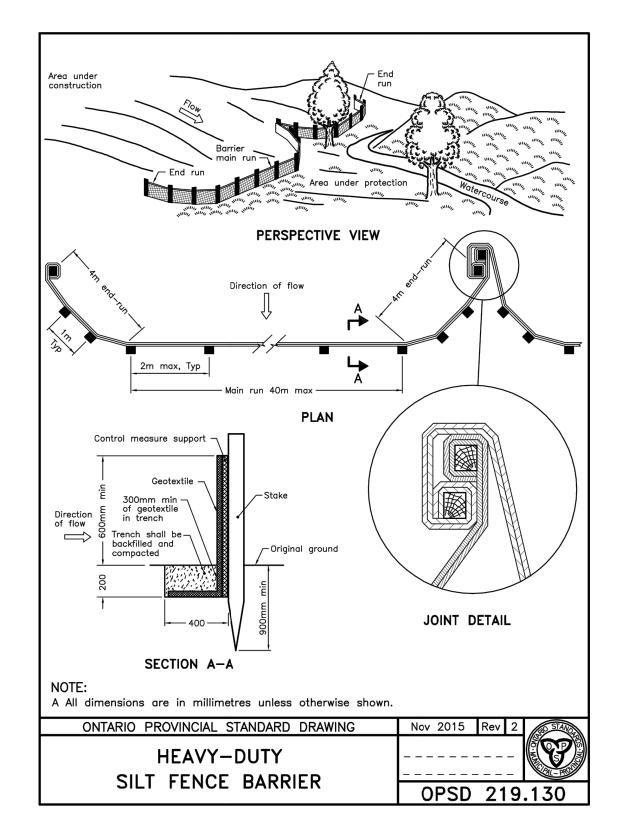
355310 BLUE MOUNTAINS - EUPHRASIA TOWNLINE
CLARKSBURG, ON NOH 110
WWW.CAPESENGINEERING.COM

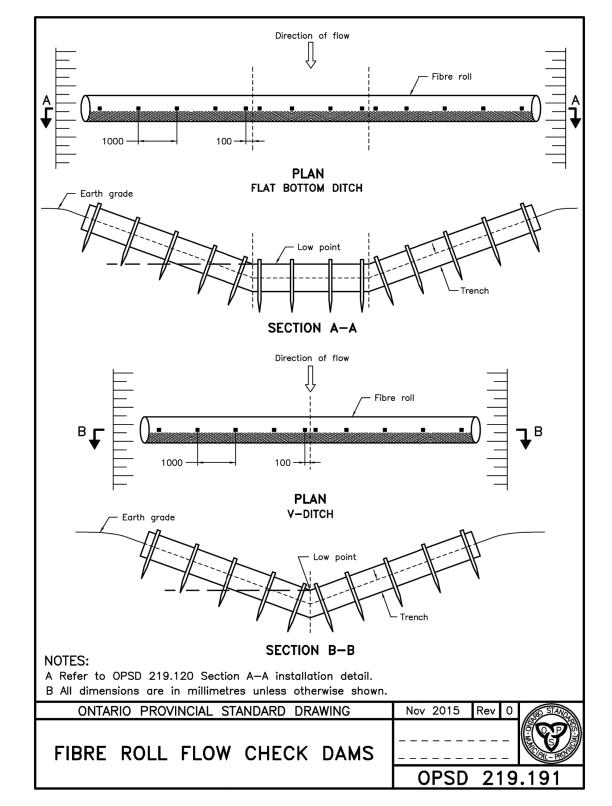
Des B. Proj
207
207
1:5

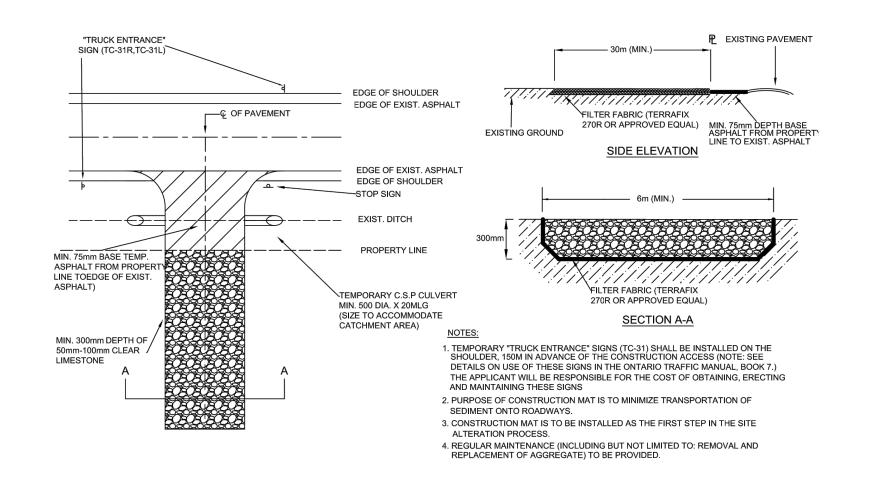
C5



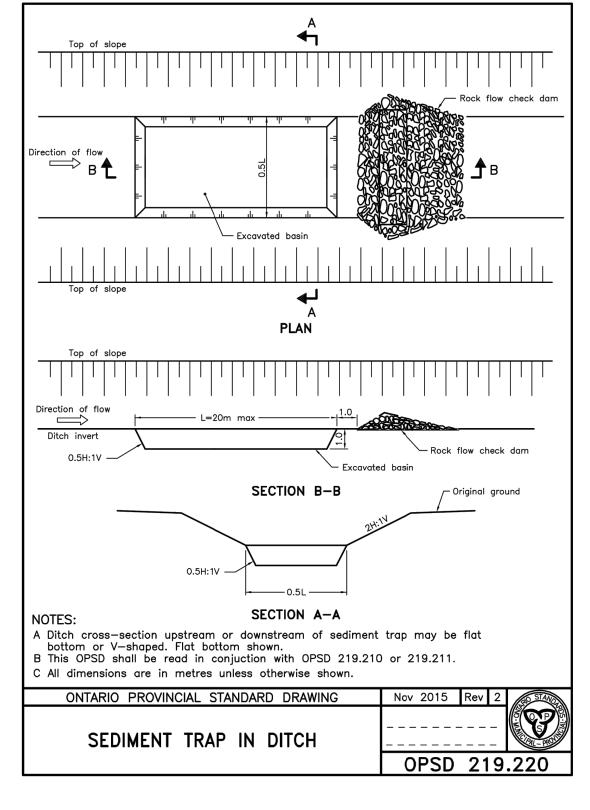


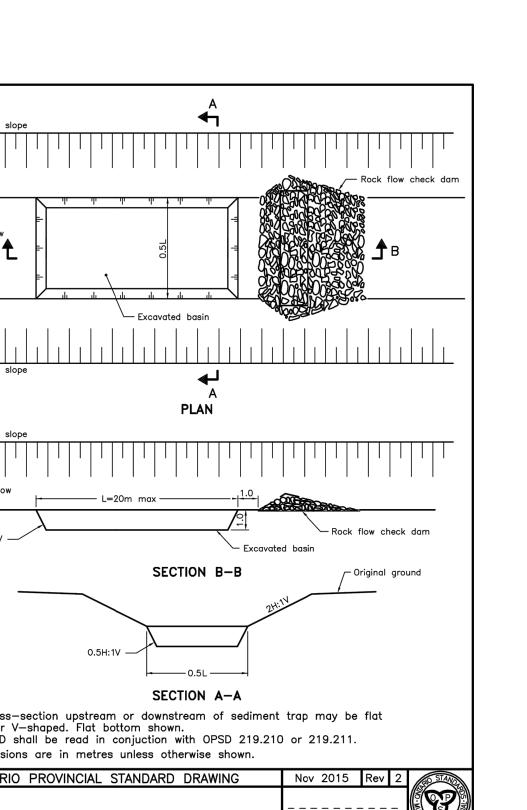


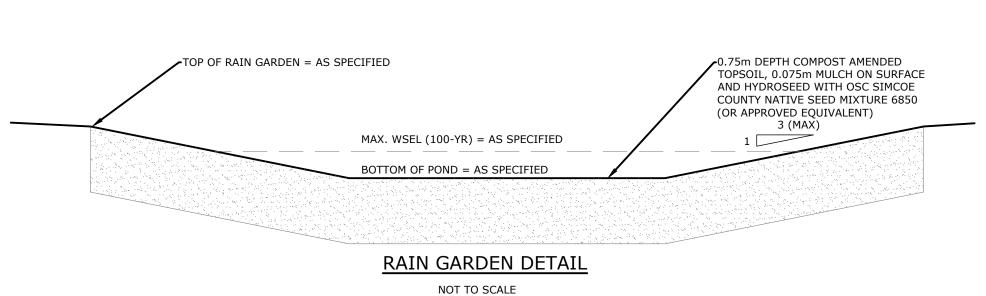










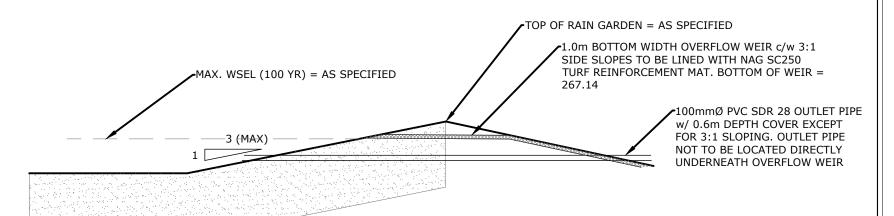


PROPOSED RAIN GARDEN DETAILS

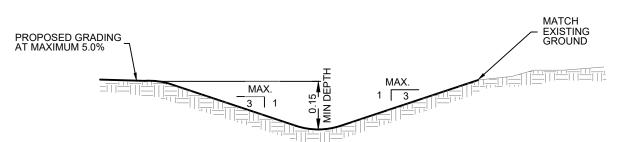
POND SIDESLOPES TO BE MAXIMUM 3:1 SLOPE

RAIN GARDEN BOTTOM AND SIDESLOPES TO BE CONSTRUCTED WITH 0.75m COMPOST AMENDED TOPSOIL
0.075mm MULCH ON SURFACE, AND HYDROSEED WITH OSC SIMCOE COUNTY NATIVE SEED MIXTURE 6850 (OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT)

TOP OF POND = 267.38 BOTTOM OF POND = 266.44 MAXIMUM WSEL, 100-YR SCS = 266.91



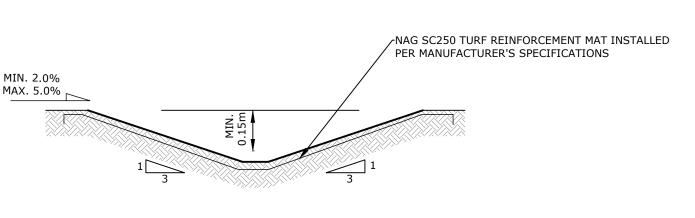
RAIN GARDEN OUTLET DETAIL NOT TO SCALE



TYPICAL 0.15m DEEP SIDE YARD SWALE NTS

PROPOSED GRADING AT MAXIMUM 5.0%

TYPICAL 0.3m DEEP SIDE YARD SWALE



STANDARD DETAILS

TYPICAL TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT LINED SIDEYARD SWALE

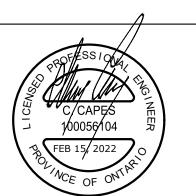
Notes  1. This drawing is the exclusive property of CAPES Engineering Ltd. The reproduction of any part without express written consent of this Corporation is strictly prohibited.	No	Revision
any part without express written consent of this corporation is strictly prohibited.	1	ISSUED FO

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3. This drawing is to be read and understood in conjunction with all other plans and	3	REISSUED FOR APPROVALS	22/02/11
documents applicable to this project.	4	REIUSSED FOR APPROVALS	22/02/15

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NAIL IN HYDRO POLE AT SOUTH WEST CORNER OF LOT = 267.97

PROPOSED GRADING AT MAXIMUM 5.0%



TYPICAL 0.3m DEEP ENHANCED SWALE c/w AS NEEDED

NTS



√0.3m WIDE BERM

W PART LOT 26, CONCESSION 7E MINI STORAGE

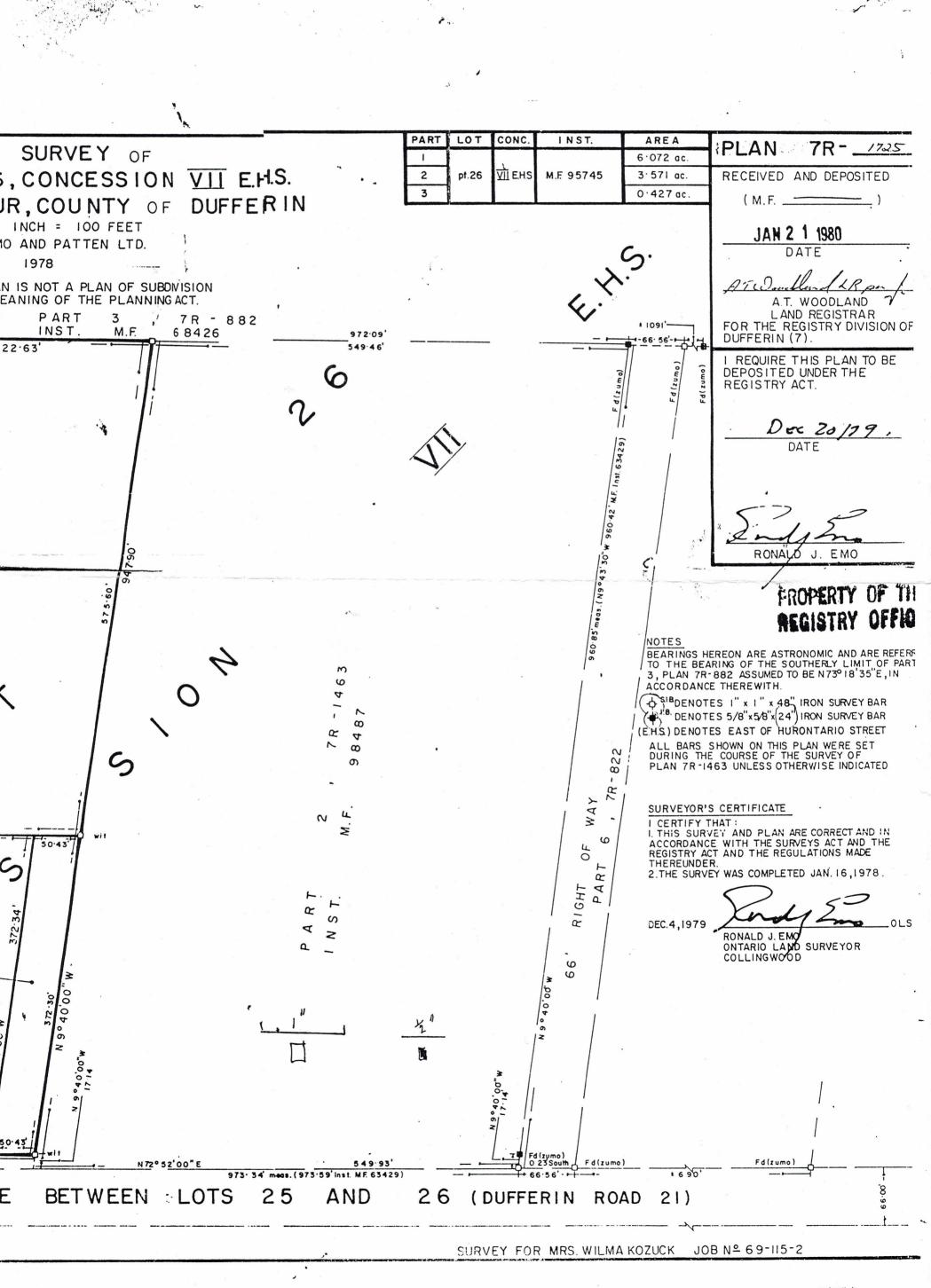


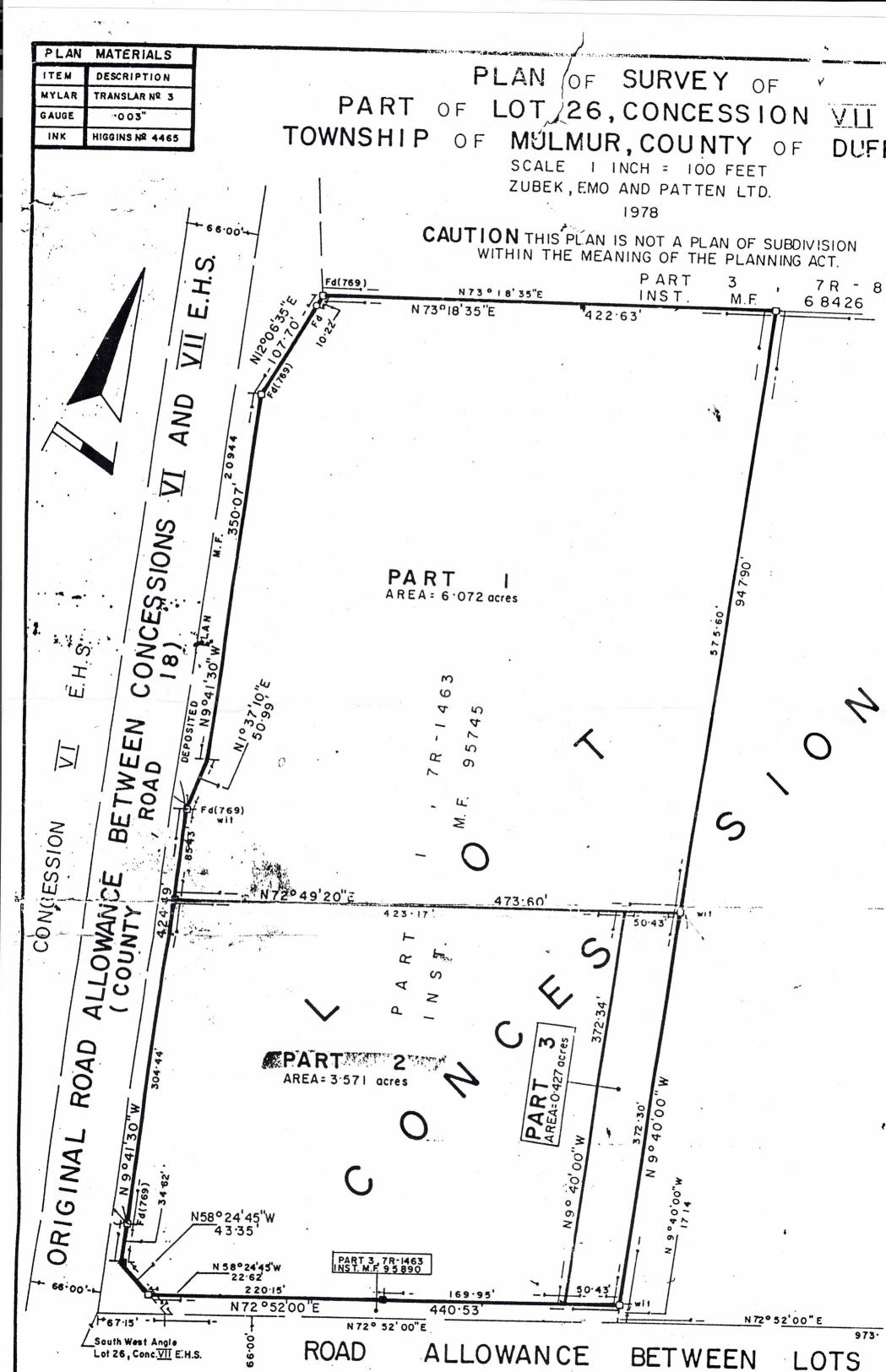
355310 BLUE MOUNTAINS - EUPHRASIA TOWNLINE CLARKSBURG, ON NOH 1J0 WWW.CAPESENGINEERING.COM NOT TO SCALE

B. COLLINS C. CAPES 21/01/04 2020-090

## Appendices

Appendix A – Legal Plan





Appendix B – MECP Well Record



17006 HS E Print only in spaces provided. 1705295 Mark correct box with a checkmark, where applicable. 11 Township Borough/City/Town/Village DUFFERIN MULMUR LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (see instructions) Depth - feet Other materials General description General colour Most common material From То 8 BROWN SAND 3 AND 23 L'AY 23 111 GRE-1 SAND BROWN SAND BEARING SHWI 32 بالللبيال CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD WATER RECORD Water found at – feet op of screen 1 To ☐ Sulphur ☐ Minerals ☐ Gas 2 Galvanized
3 Concrete
4 Open hole
5 Plastic <sup>2</sup> Salty •188 115 +1 ☐ Sulphur ☐ Minerals ☐ Gas Fresh **PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD** 2 🗌 Saity 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] Steel ☐ Sulphur ☐ Minerals ☐ Gas Annular space ¹ ☐ Fresh Galvanized Concrete 4 ☐ Open hole 5 ☐ Plastic From Sulphur Minerals Gas ¹ ☐ Fresh NSEA) Steel 28 Galvanized Concrete Open hole Plastic 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 [] <sup>2</sup> Galty Sulphur Minerals Gas ¹ ☐ Fresh 2 🗌 Saity Pumping test method

Pump <sup>2</sup> Baile LOCATION OF WELL In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Water level end of pumping Indicate north by arrow. 15 minutes 30 minutes 29-31 PUMPING TEST 34 feet 60 Water at end of test Clear GPM ☐ Cloudy Recommended pump rate Recommended pump type FINAL STATUS OF WELL

| DWater supply | Society | Constitution | C Abandoned, insufficient supply  $^9$  Unfinished Abandoned, poor quality  $^{10}$  Replacement Abandoned (Other) W 200 FT å 8 ☐ Dewatering WATER USE

1 Domestic
2 Stock
3 Irrigation □ Other.. DUFFEKIN LOUNTY RD 21 9 Driving □ Digging
□ Other ... 200027 Pell Contractor's Licence No. MAY 2 1 1999 ONLY JELL DRILLING | 3602 USE MINISTRY Remarks CSS.ES9 0506 (07/94) Front Form 9

2 - MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT & ENERGY COPY

Appendix C – PCSWMM Existing Condition Model Output



#### **Active coordinate**

44° 15' 15" N, 80° 3' 14" W (44.254167,-80.054167)

Retrieved: Sat, 02 Jan 2021 23:27:13 GMT



# Oops! Something went wrong.

This page didn't load Google Maps correctly. See the JavaScript console for technical details.

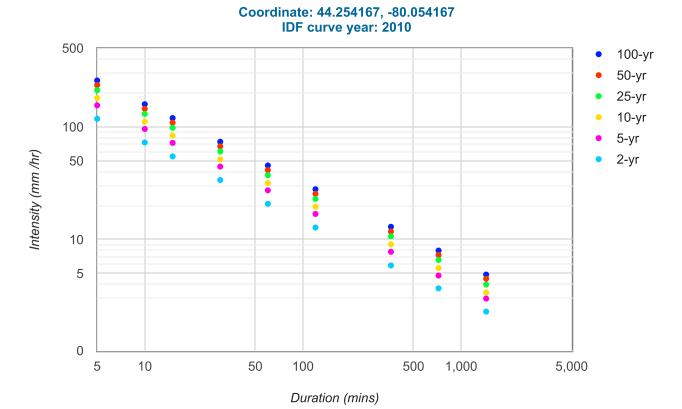
#### **Location summary**

These are the locations in the selection.

**IDF Curve:** 44° 15' 15" N, 80° 3' 14" W (44.254167,-80.054167)

#### **Results**

An IDF curve was found.



#### **Coefficient summary**

**IDF Curve:** 44° 15' 15" N, 80° 3' 14" W (44.254167,-80.054167)

Retrieved: Sat, 02 Jan 2021 23:27:13 GMT

Data year: 2010 IDF curve year: 2010

Return period	2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr
Α	20.8	27.4	31.8	37.3	41.4	45.5
В	-0.699	-0.699	-0.699	-0.699	-0.699	-0.699

#### **Statistics**

#### Rainfall intensity (mm hr<sup>-1</sup>)

Duration	5-min	10-min	15-min	30-min	1-hr	2-hr	6-hr	12-hr	24-hr
2-yr	118.1	72.8	54.8	33.8	20.8	12.8	5.9	3.7	2.3
5-yr	155.6	95.9	72.2	44.5	27.4	16.9	7.8	4.8	3.0
10-yr	180.6	111.3	83.8	51.6	31.8	19.6	9.1	5.6	3.4
25-yr	211.9	130.5	98.3	60.6	37.3	23.0	10.7	6.6	4.0
50-yr	235.2	144.9	109.1	67.2	41.4	25.5	11.8	7.3	4.5
100-yr	258.4	159.2	119.9	73.9	45.5	28.0	13.0	8.0	4.9

#### Rainfall depth (mm)

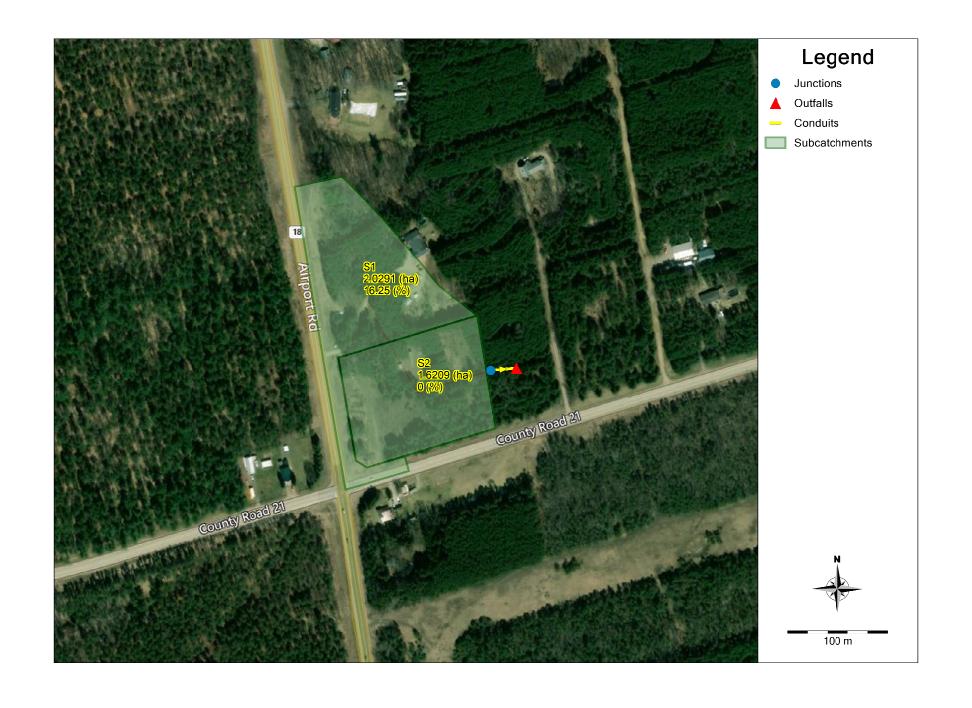
Duration	5-min	10-min	15-min	30-min	1-hr	2-hr	6-hr	12-hr	24-hr
2-yr	9.8	12.1	13.7	16.9	20.8	25.6	35.7	43.9	54.1
5-yr	13.0	16.0	18.1	22.2	27.4	33.8	47.0	57.9	71.3
10-yr	15.1	18.5	21.0	25.8	31.8	39.2	54.5	67.2	82.8
25-yr	17.7	21.8	24.6	30.3	37.3	46.0	64.0	78.8	97.1
50-yr	19.6	24.1	27.3	33.6	41.4	51.0	71.0	87.5	107.8
100-yr	21.5	26.5	30.0	36.9	45.5	56.1	78.0	96.1	118.4

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Ontario Ministry of Transportation | Terms and Conditions | About

Last Modified: September 2016



#### 2020-090 Existing Condition - 100 year SCS Type II

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.015)

\*\*\*\*\*

Number of rain gages . . . . 14
Number of subcatchments . . 2
Number of nodes . . . . . 2
Number of links . . . . . . 1
Number of pollutants . . . . 0
Number of land uses . . . . 0

Name	Data Source	Data Type	Recording Interval
25mmChicago	25mmChicago	INTENSITY	5 min.
Chicago 4h 100yr	Chicago 4h 100yr	INTENSITY	5 min.
Chicago 4h 10yr	Chicago 4h 10yr	INTENSITY	5 min.
Chicago 4h 25yr	Chicago 4h 25yr	INTENSITY	5 min.
Chicago 4h 2yr	Chicago 4h 2yr	INTENSITY	5 min.
Chicago_4h_50yr	Chicago_4h_50yr	INTENSITY	5 min.
Chicago_4h_5yr	Chicago_4h_5yr	INTENSITY	5 min.
SCS_Type_II_24hr_100	yr SCS_Type_II_24hr_100yr	INTENSITY	7 15 min.
SCS_Type_II_24hr_10y	r SCS_Type_II_24hr_10yr	INTENSITY	15 min.
SCS_Type_II_24hr_25y	r SCS_Type_II_24hr_25yr	INTENSITY	15 min.
SCS_Type_II_24hr_50y	r SCS_Type_II_24hr_50yr	INTENSITY	15 min.
SCS_Type_II_24hr_5yr	SCS_Type_II_24hr_5yr	INTENSITY	15 min.
SCS_Type_II_24r_2yr	SCS_Type_II_24r_2yr	INTENSITY	15 min.
Timmins	Timmins	CUMULATIVE	60 min.

Name	Area	Width	%Imperv	%Slope Rain Gage	Outlet
\$1 \$2		152.08 100.06		9.1000 SCS_Type_II_24hr_100 4.1000 SCS_Type_II_24hr_100	=

Name	Туре	Invert Elev.	Max. Depth	Ponded Area	External Inflow
J1 ОF1	JUNCTION OUTFALL	264.50 264.40	0.50	0.0	

 Name
 From Node
 To Node
 Type
 Length
 %Slope Roughness

 C1
 J1
 OF1
 CONDUIT
 25.7
 0.3896
 0.0100

Conduit	Shape	Full Depth	Full Area	нуd. Rad.		No. of Barrels	
C1	DUMMY	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1	0.00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

Flow Units ..... CMS

Process Models:

Rainfall/Runoff YES
RDII NO
Snowmelt NO
Groundwater NO
Flow Routing YES
Ponding Allowed YES

Water Quality Infiltration Method Flow Routing Method Surcharge Method Starting Date Ending Date Antecedent Dry Days Report Time Step Wet Time Step Dry Time Step Routing Time Step Variable Time Step Maximum Trials Number of Threads Head Tolerance	DYNWAVE EXTRAN 01/02/2021 00:00:00 01/04/2021 00:00:00 0.0 00:01:00 00:05:00 00:05:00 5.00 sec YES 8 1
******	Volume

<pre>************************** Runoff Quantity Continuity ***************** Total Precipitation Evaporation Loss Infiltration Loss Surface Runoff Final Storage Continuity Error (%)</pre>	Volume hectare-m  0.432 0.000 0.423 0.009 0.001 -0.161	Depth mm  118.398 0.000 115.970 2.438 0.181
**************************************	Volume hectare-m	Volume 10^6 ltr
Dry Weather Inflow Wet Weather Inflow Groundwater Inflow RDII Inflow External Inflow External Outflow Flooding Loss Evaporation Loss Initial Stored Volume Final Stored Volume Continuity Error (%)	0.000 0.009 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.009 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.089 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.089 0.000 0.000 0.000

\*\*\*\*\*

# Time-Step Critical Elements \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* None

All links are stable.

Minimum Time Step 4.50 sec Average Time Step 5.00 sec Maximum Time Step 5.00 sec 0.00 Percent in Steady State 2.00 Average Iterations per Step: 0.00 Percent Not Converging Time Step Frequencies 5.000 - 3.155 sec : 100.00 % 3.155 - 1.991 sec 0.00 %

 3.155 sec
 : 100.00 %

 3.155 - 1.991 sec
 : 0.00 %

 1.991 - 1.256 sec
 : 0.00 %

 1.256 - 0.792 sec
 : 0.00 %

 0.792 - 0.500 sec
 : 0.00 %

Subcatchment	Total Precip mm	Total Runon mm	Total Evap mm	Total Infil mm	Imperv Runoff mm	Perv Runoff mm	Total Runoff mm	Total Runoff 10^6 ltr	Peak Runoff CMS	Runoff Coeff
S1 S2	118.40 118.40	0.00 24.96	0.00	98.34 138.04	18.93 0.00	1.01 5.49	19.94 5.49	0.40 0.09	0.19 0.10	0.168

-----

Node	Type	Average Depth Meters	Maximum Depth Meters	HGL	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	Reported Max Depth Meters
J1 OF1	JUNCTION OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	264.50 264.40	0 00:00 0 00:00	0.00

		Maximum	Maximum		Lateral	Total	Flow
		Lateral	Total	Time of Max	Inflow	Inflow	Balance
		Inflow	Inflow	Occurrence	Volume	Volume	Error
Node	Type	CMS	CMS	days hr:min	10^6 ltr	10^6 ltr	Percent
т1	TUNCETON		0 000	0 12.00	0.000	0.000	0.000
J1	JUNCTION	0.099	0.099	0 12:00	0.089	0.089	0.000
OF1	OUTFALL	0.000	0.099	0 12:00	0	0.089	0.000

Surcharging occurs when water rises above the top of the highest conduit.

\_\_\_\_\_

		Hours	Max. Height Above Crown	Min. Depth Below Rim	
Node	Туре	Surcharged	Meters	Meters	
J1	JUNCTION	48.00	0.000	0.500	

No nodes were flooded.

	Flow Freq	Avg Flow	Max Flow	Total Volume					
Outfall Node	Pcnt	CMS	CMS	10^6 ltr					
OF1	1.37	0.037	0.099	0.089					
System	1.37	0.037	0.099	0.089					

		Maximum	Time of Max	Maximum	Max/	Max/
		Flow	Occurrence	Veloc	Full	Full
Link	Type	CMS	days hr:min	m/sec	Flow	Depth

C1 DUMMY 0.099 0 12:00

Adjusted ------ Fraction of Time in Flow Class -----/Actual Up Down Sub Sup Up Down Norm Inlet
Conduit Length Dry Dry Crit Crit Crit Ltd Ctrl

No conduits were surcharged.

Analysis begun on: Wed Jan 27 09:33:53 2021 Analysis ended on: Wed Jan 27 09:33:54 2021

Total elapsed time: 00:00:01

Appendix D – PCSWMM Proposed Condition Model Output

Project Name: Project No.: Location: Created By: Checked By: Date Created: Date Modified: Alpha Storage Inc. 2020-090 Township of Mulmur BC CC 13-Jan-21 11-Feb-22



#### Rain Garden Outlet

							l	Outlet fr	om Rain Garden			
Outlet Type	Elevation (m)	Head (m)	h (dm)	Cd	δh (m)	H (m)	Orifice (m³/s)	Orifice m³/s	Overflow Weir m³/s	Total m³/s	Storm Event	Max WSEL
Infiltration	266.44	0.00								0.000		
Infiltration	266.49	0.00								0.000		
Infiltration	266.54	0.10								0.000		
Infiltration	266.59	0.15								0.000		
Infiltration	266.64	0.20								0.000		
Infiltration	266.69	0.25	0.0		0.00		0.000			0.000		
Infiltration	266.74	0.30	0.5	0.57	0.00		0.002			0.002		
Infiltration	266.79	0.35			0.05			0.020		0.020		
Infiltration	266.84	0.40			0.10			0.028		0.028		
Infiltration + Orifice	266.89	0.45			0.15			0.034		0.034		
Infiltration + Orifice	266.94	0.50			0.20			0.039		0.039	100 yr Chicago	266.94
Infiltration + Orifice	266.99	0.55			0.23			0.042		0.042		
Infiltration + Orifice	267.04	0.60			0.28			0.046		0.046		
Infiltration + Orifice	267.09	0.65			0.32			0.050		0.050	100 yr SCS	267.07
Infiltration + Orifice	267.14	0.70			0.36	0.00		0.053	0.000	0.053		
Infiltration, Orifice + BCW	267.19	0.75			0.40	0.05		0.056	0.032	0.088		
Infiltration, Orifice + BCW	267.24	0.80			0.45	0.10		0.059	0.100	0.158		
Infiltration, Orifice + BCW	267.29	0.85			0.32	0.15		0.050	0.201	0.251		
Infiltration, Orifice + BCW	267.34	0.90			0.36	0.20		0.053	0.337	0.390		
Infiltration, Orifice + BCW	267.39	0.95			0.40	0.25	1	0.056	0.509	0.565		

- Flow below the centroid of the Orifice Orifice  $Q = Cd((10.12(h/d)^{1.975} - 2.66(h/d)^{3.78}))d^{(5/2)}$ 

Q = Peak Runoff (L/s)  $Cd = coefficient of discharge = 0.555 + (1/110(h/d)) + 0.041(h/d) \\ h = height of water over weir (decometres) \\ d = diamter of cicular orifice (decimeters)$ 

Addision (1941)

 $Q = Cd^*Ao^*SQRT(2g^*\delta h)$ - Flow above the centroid of the Orifice

 $\begin{aligned} &Q = \text{Peak Runoff} \left(m^3/s\right) \\ &\text{Cd} = \text{Constamt} \left(\ 0.63 \ \text{orlifice}, 0.8 \ \text{for orlifice tube}\right) \\ &Ao = \text{Cross sectional Area of Orlifice} \left(m^3\right) \\ &= \text{gravity}, 9.8 \ \text{ms}^2 \\ &\delta \ \text{h} = \text{change in elevation between middle of the discharge pipe and the water surface} \left(m\right) \end{aligned}$ 

 $Q = C \times (2g)^4(1/2) \times (2/3x L \times H^4(3/2) + 8/15 (Tan A) \times H^4(5/2))$  Q = discharge over weir in cu.m /s C = 0.86  $g = grantly, 9.8 m/s^2$  H = height of flow over weir (depth of flow over weir) L = Width of weir ornmal to flow A = Angle of the weir channel banks SlooeBroad Crested

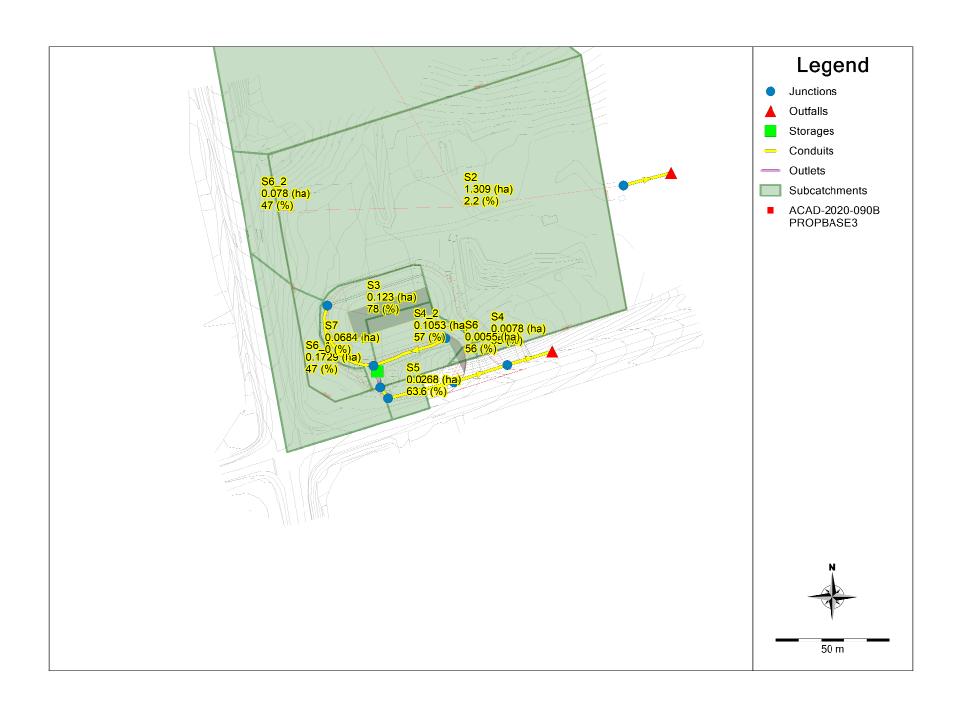
Slope	Angle
(H:V)	Degrees
3:1	71.56
4:1	75.96
5:1	78.69
6:1	80.54
10:1	84.29
20:1	87.14

(Vol. III - Hydrologic Analysis and Flow Control BMP's, 2001, trapezoidal broad crested weir (emergency overflow spillway)

Orifice Dia. (dm)	1.00

Cd	0.63
Orifice Dia. (m)	0.20

С	0.86
L	1
A (degrees)	71.56
A (radians)	1.24893668



# 2020-090 Post Development - 24 hour 100-year SCS Type II (Includes incoming external flows)

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.015)

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

Element Count

Number of rain gages ..... 14

Number of subcatchments ... 10

Number of nodes ..... 11

Number of links ..... 9

Number of pollutants .... 0

Number of land uses .... 0

Recording Data Type Interval Name Data Source 25mmChicago 25mmChicago 5 min. INTENSITY Chicago 4h 100yr Chicago 4h 100yr INTENSITY 5 min. Chicago\_4h\_10yr Chicago\_4h\_10yr INTENSITY 5 min. Chicago 4h 25yr Chicago 4h 25yr INTENSITY 5 min. Chicago\_4h\_2yr Chicago\_4h\_2yr Chicago\_4h\_50yr Chicago\_4h\_50yr INTENSITY 5 min. INTENSITY 5 min. Chicago 4h 5yr Chicago 4h 5yr INTENSITY 5 min. SCS Type II 24hr 100yr SCS Type II 24hr 100yr INTENSITY 15 min. SCS Type II 24hr 10yr SCS Type II 24hr 10yr INTENSITY 15 min. SCS Type II 24hr 25yr SCS Type II 24hr 25yr INTENSITY 15 min. SCS Type II 24hr 50yr SCS Type II 24hr 50yr INTENSITY 15 min. SCS Type II 24hr 5yr SCS Type II 24hr 5yr INTENSITY 15 min. SCS Type II 24r 2yr SCS Type II 24r 2yr INTENSITY 15 min. Timmins Timmins CUMULATIVE 60 min.

Name	Area	Width	%Imperv	%Slope Rain Gage Outlet
S1	1.75	131.27	16.25	9.1000 SCS Type II 24hr 100yr S2
S2	1.31	113.83	2.20	3.5000 SCS Type II 24hr 100yr J1
S3	0.12	30.52	78.00	1.0000 SCS_Type_II_24hr_100yr J2
S4	0.01	12.38	35.00	25.0000 SCS Type II 24hr 100yr J5
S4_2	0.11	30.09	57.00	2.0000 SCS Type II 24hr 100yr J8
	0.03	19.14	63.60	2.0000 SCS Type II 24hr 100yr J4
S6	0.01	8.73	56.00	25.0000 SCS Type II 24hr 100yr J3
S6_1	0.17	89.12	47.00	10.0000 SCS Type II 24hr 100yr S7
S6 2	0.08	40.21	47.00	10.0000 SCS Type II 24hr 100yr S2
s7	0.07	13.08	0.00	1.0000 SCS_Type_II_24hr_100yr J4

No. of Unit Unit % Area % Imperv % Perv Subcatchment LID Control Units Area Width Covered Treated Treated

S2 DrySwale 1 46.80 1.80 0.36 100.00 5.40

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*
Node Summary
\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Nama	The second secon	Invert	Max.	Ponded	External
Name	Type	Elev.	Depth	Area	Inflow
J1	JUNCTION	264.50	0.50	0.0	
J2	JUNCTION	266.98	0.30	0.0	
J3	JUNCTION	266.50	1.23	0.0	
J4	JUNCTION	266.66	0.89	0.0	
J5	JUNCTION	266.32	1.30	0.0	
J6	JUNCTION	266.69	0.85	0.0	
J8	JUNCTION	266.98	0.40	0.0	
J9	JUNCTION	266.64	0.74	0.0	
OF1	OUTFALL	264.40	0.00	0.0	
OF2	OUTFALL	266.25	0.00	0.0	
J7	STORAGE	266.44	0.94	0.0	

Name	From Node	To Node	Type	Length	%Slope	Roughness
~1				05.5		
C1	J1	OF1	CONDUIT	25.7	0.3896	0.0100
C2	J9	J7	CONDUIT	3.1	1.6204	0.0270
C2_1	J6	J4	CONDUIT	5.8	0.5137	0.0270
C2_3	J2	J9	CONDUIT	39.5	0.8603	0.0270
C2_5	J4	J3	CONDUIT	29.8	0.5370	0.0270
C3_2	J8	J9	CONDUIT	34.0	1.0015	0.0270
C4	J5	OF2	CONDUIT	20.7	0.3384	0.0100
C5	J3	J5	CONDUIT	24.6	0.7327	0.0130
C2_4	J7	J6	OUTLET			

\*\*\*\*\*\*

		Full	Full	Hyd.	Max.	No. of	Full
Conduit	Shape	Depth	Area	Rad.	Width	Barrels	Flow
C1	DUMMY	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1	0.00
C2	TRAPEZOIDAL	0.30	0.57	0.20	2.80	1	0.91
C2_1	TRAPEZOIDAL	0.30	0.57	0.20	2.80	1	0.51
C2 3	TRAPEZOIDAL	0.30	0.57	0.20	2.80	1	0.66
C2_5	TRIANGULAR	0.30	0.27	0.14	1.80	1	0.20
C3 2	TRAPEZOIDAL	0.30	0.57	0.20	2.80	1	0.71
C4	DUMMY	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1	0.00
C5	CIRCULAR	0.45	0.16	0.11	0.45	1	0.24

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

Analysis Options	
Flow Units	CMS
Process Models:	
Rainfall/Runoff	YES
RDII	NO
Snowmelt	NO
Groundwater	NO
Flow Routing	YES
Ponding Allowed	YES
Water Quality	NO
Infiltration Method	GREEN_AMPT
Flow Routing Method	DYNWAVE
Surcharge Method	EXTRAN
Starting Date	01/02/2021 00:00:00
Ending Date	01/04/2021 00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days	0.0
Report Time Step	00:01:00
Wet Time Step	00:05:00
Dry Time Step	00:05:00
Routing Time Step	5.00 sec
Variable Time Step	YES
Maximum Trials	8
Number of Threads	1
Head Tolerance	0.001500 m

******	Volume	Depth
Runoff Quantity Continuity	hectare-m	mm
******		
Total Precipitation	0.432	118.398
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Infiltration Loss	0.412	112.983
Surface Runoff	0.025	6.920
Final Storage	0.001	0.334
Continuity Error (%)	-1.553	
******	Volume	Volume
Flow Routing Continuity	hectare-m	10^6 ltr
*****		

Dry Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000
Wet Weather Inflow	0.025	0.252
Groundwater Inflow	0.000	0.000
RDII Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Outflow	0.021	0.214
Flooding Loss	0.000	0.000
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Exfiltration Loss	0.004	0.038
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Final Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Continuity Error (%)	0.000	

Node J6 (-1.13%)

Link C2 (6.79%)

Link C2\_4 (3)

Link  $C2_1$  (2)

Minimum Time Step : 0.66 sec
Average Time Step : 4.83 sec
Maximum Time Step : 5.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : -0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.01

Percent Not Converging : 0.00
Time Step Frequencies :
5.000 - 3.155 sec : 95.18 %
3.155 - 1.991 sec : 1.86 %
1.991 - 1.256 sec : 2.95 %
1.256 - 0.792 sec : 0.01 %
0.792 - 0.500 sec : 0.00 %

- 1 - 66	Total	Total	Total	Total	Imperv	Perv	Total	Total
Peak Runoff	- ·	-	_	T 6'1	D 66	D 66	D 66	D 66
Runoff Coeff	Precip	Runon	Evap	Infil	Runoff	Runoff	Runoff	Runoff
Subcatchment	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	10^6 ltr
CMS	Ittitt	Hutt	Hill	mm	111111	11111	111111	10 0 101
S1	118.40	0.00	0.00	98.34	18.93	1.01	19.94	0.35
0.16 0.168								
S2 0.11 0.062	118.40	30.12	0.00	143.75	3.22	9.71	9.19	0.12
0.11 0.062 S3	118.40	0.00	0.00	79.19	91.16	38.63	38.63	0.05
0.04 0.326	110.40	0.00	0.00	79.19	91.10	30.03	30.03	0.03
S4	118.40	0.00	0.00	98.85	40.91	20.14	20.14	0.00
0.00 0.170								
S4_2	118.40	0.00	0.00	92.19	66.48	26.12	26.12	0.03
0.03 0.221								
S5	118.40	0.00	0.00	41.53	74.08	2.01	76.09	0.02
0.01 0.643	110 40	0.00	0.00	00 14	65.00	0.0 4.0	00.40	0.00
S6 0.00 0.249	118.40	0.00	0.00	90.14	65.20	29.49	29.49	0.00
S6 1	118.40	0.00	0.00	60.38	54.72	3.06	57.78	0.10
0.05 0.488	110.10	0.00	0.00	00.00	01.72	3.00	37.70	0.10
S6 2	118.40	0.00	0.00	60.38	54.72	3.06	57.78	0.05
0.02 0.488								
S7	118.40	146.06	0.00	216.34	0.00	49.05	49.05	0.03
0.03 0.185								

LID Performance Summary

\_\_\_\_\_

 Continuity		Total	Evap	Infil	Surface	Drain	Initial	Final	
Error		Inflow	Loss	Loss	Outflow	Outflow	Storage	Storage	
Subcatchment %	LID Control	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	
 S2 443.73	DrySwale	265.11	0.00	75.34	1366.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	_

Average Maximum Maximum Time of Max Reported Depth Depth HGL Occurrence Max Depth Node Type Meters Meters Meters days hr:min Meters J1 JUNCTION 0.00 0.00 264.50 0 00:00 0.00 J2 JUNCTION 0.00 267.05 0 12:00 0.07 0.07 J3 JUNCTION 0.01 0.17 266.67 0 12:05 0.17 0 12:05 J4 JUNCTION 0.02 0.21 266.87 0.21 J5 266.32 0 12:05 0.00 JUNCTION 0.00 0.00 0 12:05 J6 JUNCTION 0.01 0.18 266.87 0.18 0.00 267.03 0 12:00 0.05 J8 JUNCTION 0.05 J9 JUNCTION 0.01 0.27 266.91 0 12:07 0.27 OF1 OUTFALL 0.00 0.00 264.40 0 00:00 0.00 OF2 OUTFALL 0.00 0.00 266.25 0 00:00 0.00 J7 STORAGE 0.03 0.47 266.91 0 12:07 0.47

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

## Node Inflow Summary \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

		Maximum	Maximum			Lateral	Total	Flow
		Lateral	Total	Time	of Max	Inflow	Inflow	Balance
		Inflow	Inflow	Occu	rrence	Volume	Volume	Error
Node	Type	CMS	CMS	days	hr:min	10^6 ltr	10^6 ltr	Percent
J1	JUNCTION	0.114	0.114	0	12:05	0.12	0.12	0.000
Ј2	JUNCTION	0.045	0.045	0	12:00	0.0475	0.0475	-0.862
J3	JUNCTION	0.002	0.066	0	12:05	0.00162	0.0924	0.029
J4	JUNCTION	0.033	0.069	0	12:01	0.0539	0.102	-0.028
J5	JUNCTION	0.002	0.067	0	12:05	0.00157	0.0939	-0.002
J6	JUNCTION	0.000	0.036	0	12:07	0	0.0529	-1.120
J8	JUNCTION	0.033	0.033	0	12:00	0.0275	0.0275	-0.954
J9	JUNCTION	0.000	0.077	0	11:57	0	0.0706	1.008
OF1	OUTFALL	0.000	0.114	0	12:05	0	0.12	0.000
OF2	OUTFALL	0.000	0.067	0	12:05	0	0.0939	0.000
J7	STORAGE	0.000	0.096	0	11:57	0	0.0743	0.813

Surcharging occurs when water rises above the top of the highest conduit.

Node	Type	Hours Surcharged	Max. Height Above Crown Meters	Min. Depth Below Rim Meters
J1	JUNCTION	48.00	0.000	0.500

No nodes were flooded.

Storage Volume Summary

					_																_
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Storage Unit	Average Volume 1000 m3	Pcnt	Evap Exfil Pcnt Pcnt Loss Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 m3	Max Pcnt Full	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	Maximum Outflow CMS
	0.002	2	0 35	0.026	36	0 12:07	0.040

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

	Flow	Avg	Max	Total
	Freq	Flow	Flow	Volume
Outfall Node	Pcnt	CMS	CMS	10^6 ltr
OF1	3.96	0.050	0.114	0.120
OF2	47.67	0.003	0.067	0.094
System	25.82	0.053	0.181	0.214

Maximum Time of Max Maximum Max/ Max/ |Flow| Full Full Occurrence |Veloc| Link CMS days hr:min m/sec Flow Depth Type C1 0.114 0 12:05 DUMMY C2 0.076 0 11:57 0.08 CONDUIT 0.68 0.95 C2 1 0.13 CONDUIT 0.036 0 12:07 0.07 0.64 C2\_3 0 12:00 0.48 0.06 0.54 CONDUIT 0.043

C2_5	CONDUIT	0.065	0	12:05	0.61	0.33	0.63
C3_2	CONDUIT	0.031	0	12:00	0.35	0.04	0.52
C4	DUMMY	0.067	0	12:05			
C5	CONDUIT	0.066	0	12:05	3.02	0.27	0.20
C2 4	DUMMY	0.036	0	12:07			

	Adjusted			Fract	ion of	Time	in Flo	w Clas	s	
	/Actual		Up	Down	Sub	Sup	Up	Down	Norm	Inlet
Conduit	Length	Dry	Dry	Dry	Crit	Crit	Crit	Crit	Ltd	Ctrl
C2	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00
C2_1	1.00	0.03	0.86	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
C2_3	1.00	0.88	0.04	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
C2_5	1.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C3_2	1.00	0.88	0.06	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00
 C5	1.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00

				Hours	Hours
		Hours Full		Above Full	Capacity
Conduit	Both Ends	Upstream	Dnstream	Normal Flow	Limited
C2	0.01	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.01

Analysis begun on: Mon Feb 14 14:46:14 2022 Analysis ended on: Mon Feb 14 14:46:14 2022

Total elapsed time: < 1 sec

Appendix E – Fire Flow Calculations and Tank Information



#### **Domestic & Fire Protection Water Supply/Storage**

Project: Alpha Storage Inc. W Part Lot 26 Con. 7E

Prepared by:	C. Capes
Checked by:	C. Capes
Project No:	2020-090 <i>A</i>
Date:	February 11, 2022

#### Fire Flow Calculations

Office of the Fire Marshal, OFM Guideline, Fire Protection Water Supply Guideline for Part 3 in the Ontarion Building Code (Oct 1999) Subsection 3.2.2 of the Ontario Building Code, 2012

Q=KVS<sub>Total</sub> where

Q = Minimum supply of water in Litres (L)

K = water supply coefficient from Table 1

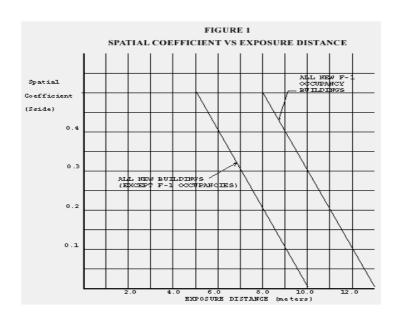
V = total building volume in cubic meters

 $S_{Tot}$  = total of the spacial coefficient values from the property line exposures on all sides as obtained from the formula:

 $S_{Tot} = 1.0 + [(S_{Side1}) + (S_{Side2}) + (S_{Side3}) + ... etc.]$ 

 $\text{where} \qquad \text{S}_{\text{Side}} \qquad \qquad \text{values are obtained from Figure 1, as modified by Sections 6.39(e) and 6.3(f) of the OBC Guideline}$ 

S<sub>Tot</sub> need not exceed 2.0



1 Building Classification:

Building is of noncombustible construction with fire separations and fire-resistance ratings provided in accordance with Subsection 3.2.2. of the OBC, including loadbearing walls, columns and arches.

Water Supply Coefficient - K

Table 1 of OBC A.3.2.5.7

K = 17

Type F2, OBC Table 3.1.2.1

### 2 Building Volumes

Bldg.	Area	Height	Volume		
	(m <sup>2</sup> )	(m)	(m <sup>3</sup> )		
Bldg. 1	446	2.60	1159	Phase 1	
Total			1159	4	<ul> <li>Total Building Volum</li> </ul>

3 Exposure Distances

$$S_{Tot} = 1.0 + [(S_{Side1}) + (S_{Side2}) + (S_{Side3}) + ...etc.]$$

Bldg.	North	S <sub>Side</sub> (N)	East	S <sub>Side</sub> (E)	South	S <sub>Side</sub> (S)	West	S <sub>Side</sub> (W)	S <sub>Tot</sub>	
	(m)		(m)		(m)		(m)			
Bldg. 1 >	>10 m	0.00	>10m	0	>10 m	0	>10 m	0	0	← Max S <sub>Tot</sub>
									4.00	May Value = 0.0

S<sub>Tot</sub> = 1.00

Max. Value = 2.0

4 Minimum Fire Water Supply

Q=KVS<sub>Total</sub> = 19708.78 Litres

5 Fire Water Supply Flow Rate = 1800 L/min Table 2 Required Minimum Water Supply Flow Rate (L/min), provided in the OBC A.3.2.5.7

**30.00** L/s

6 Min. Tank Size @ 30 min. of Flow = 54,000 L