

August 5, 2021

Via: Email

Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) Industrial & Private Wastewater Approvals, Environmental Permissions Branch 135 St. Clair Ave. W, 7th Floor Toronto, Ontario M4V 1P5

Attention: Scott Wei, M.A.Sc., P.Eng. Senior Wastewater Engineer

Re: Mansfield Ski Club Community of Mansfield, Township of Mulmur, ECA Reference No. 8664-BZVSYN Contingency Plan WMI File No. 15-319

Dear Mr. Wei,

The following is a formal response to your email dated July 8, 2021 which requested a technical memorandum related to the discrepancy between Maximum Daily Sewage flows referenced within the approved Assimilative Capacity Study dated May 2018 and the Site Servicing & Stormwater Management Report dated April 2021.

We provide the following memorandum in support of the current sewage treatment systems (STS) design which is based on a Maximum Daily Sewage flow of 135,050L/day (1.56L/s) and the approved ACS discharge rate of 120,387L/day (1.39L/s) to the Pine River. Based on my understanding Tech Support has limited resources at the moment and their required review of the ACS Addendum dated March 2021 may result in significant delays in our expedited ECA approval process. For this reason, we've decided to propose the following Contingency Plan should actual flows exceed the approved discharge rate of 120,387L/day rather than amending the approved discharge rate.

The maximum daily design flow has been conservatively calculated based on the assumption that all uses at the MSC are all fully occupied at the same time (i.e. Main Chalet, Accommodation Units, Chili Shack, Patrol Hut, Admin Building, GM Office, etc.). This assumption resulted in the 135,050L/day Maximum Daily Sewage flow. Realistically it is a private club with only a limited number of members and staff who are incapable of generating sewage at multiple facilities at a given instance in time (i.e. no one person can generate sewage within their accommodation unit at the same time they are generating sewage in the Main Chalet). Considering the above, the fact that the design flow assumes all facilities are fully occupied and the fact that actual sewage flows are typically much less than theoretical design values, we have conservatively determined a theoretical design flow while also proposing a contingency within the proposed sewage treatment system's design to accommodate flow balancing should actual flows warrant it.

Our approach is to closely monitor flows as construction is phased in and more of the proposed facilities become occupied. If flows remain below the allowable discharge rate of 120,387L/day (1.39L/s) flow balancing will not be implemented. On the other hand, in the event that flow monitoring data suggests that additional build-out of the proposed development may result in an exceedance of the allowable discharge rate to the Pine River, flow balancing will be implemented at the upstream end of the sewage treatment system in order to maintain the allowable discharge rate.

Based on a review of monitored flow data as noted above, should it be determined that 50,000L or less of flow balancing is suffice, only one (1) of the proposed balancing tanks will be installed. Otherwise, if the monitored flow data warrants greater than 50,000L of flow balancing, both tanks will be installed as outlined on the Biofilter Plan 1 (BIO1). Refer to the attached **BIO1** drawing and supporting flow balancing calculations for additional details.

Once the proposed sewage treatment system is in place, flow monitoring will be provided and tracked via the Waterloo Biofilter Smart Panels. As each Phase of construction is completed and becomes occupied, available flow data will be analyzed and compared to the corresponding theoretical design values to confirm that the estimated design values are in line with actual flow generation. A threshold of 80% of the allowable discharge rate will be used to defer any further construction/occupancy until the necessary flow balancing is implemented.

Should you have any questions or require further clarification, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

WMI & Associates Limited

Jeremy W. Lightheart, P. Eng.

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FLOW BALANCING CALCULATIONS SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEM DESIGN

Date: 16-Jul-21

Project No.: 15-319

Project: Mansfield Ski Club

Prepared By: JWL

	~~~	Elements Requiring Input Information
Daily Sewage Flow =	135050	L/day

Maximum Daily Sewage Flow = 135050 L/day Daily Discharge Flow = 120387 L/day

(typ. weekly average flow)

Volume in Tank Today (End) = Previous Day's Volume (Start) + Flow into Tank (Added) - Flow pumped out of Tank (Discharged)

Day	% of Max.	Start	Added	Discharged	End	
	Volume, L	Volume,	Volume, L	Volume, L	Volume,	
		L			L	
Saturday	100	0	135050	120387	14663	
Sunday	100	14663	135050	120387	29326	< MAX
Monday	10	29326	13505	42831	0	
Tuesday	10	0	13505	13505	0	
Wednesday	35	0	47268	47268	0	
Thursday	35	0	47268	47268	0	
Friday	60	0	81030	81030	0	

Emergency storage volume equal to 1/2 day response time for service or pump-out



## Use 2 x 50,000L balancing tanks

**NOTES:** - Daily Discharge Flow has been assumed to be the original ACS flow approved by MECP Tech Support during preconsultation.

- MSC is closed on Monday and Tuesday's but 10% of the Maximum Daily Sewage Flow has been assumed for staff usage during these days, 35% was assumed for Wednesday and Thursday's based on 2019-2020 statistical data, 70% was assumed for Friday's (avg between Thursday and Saturday) and 100% was conservatively assumed for each day of the weekend although statistical data suggested 20% for a typical Saturday. The Maximum Daily Sewage Flow was only experienced during big events (i.e. Family Day Weekend, Ladie's Day, etc.) but we've assumed both weekend days at this rate to conservatively size the balancing tank.

- Refer to the Site Servicing & Stormwater Management Report dated April 2021 for all flow data with the exception of the Daily Discharge Flow, refer to the Assimilative Capacity Study dated May 2018.

\\WMI-SERVER\wmi-server\Data\Projects\2015\15-319\Design\Sanitary\Issue_No3\[210716_Flow_Balancing.xlsx]Infiltration Pit









<u>Legend:</u>

104.90

(A)

(P)

SA)

(FM)

(M)

PR. FORCEMAIN PR. GRAVITY SEWER (104.90)

PR. ELEVATION AERATOR SUBMERSIBLE PUMP SODIUM ALUMINATE X2 JUMPSTART BACTERIA ALKALINITY SAND FILTER X3 FLOW METER UV DISINFECTION UNIT X5

BIOFILTER TANK	GROUND ELEV.	TOP OF STRUCTURE ELEV.	INLET ELEV.	OUTLET ELEV.
TRASH TANK	293.40	292.67	292.32	292.27
ANAEROBIC DIGESTER TANK #1	293.25	292.44	292.09	292.04
ANAEROBIC DIGESTER TANK #2	293.10	292.21	291.86	291.81
ANAEROBIC DIGESTER TANK #3	292.95	292.11	291.76	291.71
AERATION TANK	292.80	291.88	291.53	291.48
CLARIFIER TANK	292.65	291.73	291.38	291.33
BALANCE TANK #2	292.50	291.63	291.28 (G)	287.73 (G) 290.93 (F)
BALANCE TANK #1	292.35	291.63	287.73 (G)	287.73 (G)
BULK-FILLED BIOFILTER TANK <b>#</b> 5	293.00	292.08	292.70 (M)	290.10 (G)
BULK-FILLED BIOFILTER TANK #4	292.85	292.08	292.55 (M) 290.10 (G)	290.10 (G)
BULK-FILLED BIOFILTER TANK #3	292.70	291.93	292.55 (M) 289.95 (G)	289.95 (G)
BULK-FILLED BIOFILTER TANK #2	292.55	291.93	292.40 (M) 289.95 (G)	289.95 (G)
BULK-FILLED BIOFILTER TANK #1	292.40	291.93	292.25 (M) 289.95 (G)	289.95 (G)
BASKET BIOFILTER TANK #2	292.25	291.78	292.10 (M) 289.80 (G)	289.80 (G)
BASKET BIOFILTER TANK #1	292.25	291.78	291.95 (M) 289.80 (G)	289.80 (F)
ABOVE GROUND CONTROL BUILDING	294.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
PUMP STATION	293.50	293.65	292.30	292.30

IF TANK HAS MULTIPLE INLETS AND/OR OUTLETS, ASSUME ALL INLETS ARE AT THE SAME ELEVATION AND ALL OUTLETS ARE AT THE SAME ELEVATION UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

(G) = GRAVITY SEWER(F) = FORCEMAIN

(M) = 50mm FORCEMAIN SPRAY MANIFOLD THROUGH POLYLOK RISER



## <u>Client:</u>

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wmi	WMI & Associates Lim 119 Collier Street Barrie, Ontario L4M 1H5 Ph 705-797-2027 www.wmiengineering.o	ited ca
Drawn By AW	Checked By JWL	Drawing No.
Scale 1:100	Project No. 15-319	BIO1